

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 7.203, 245.110)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 7.203, 245.110) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 7.131, 241.547)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A6870
RGB	90, 104, 112
RGB Percent	35%, 41%, 44%
CMY	0.6483, 0.5934, 0.5620
CMYK	0.20, 0.07, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	202°, 11%, 39%
HSV	202°, 20%, 44%
XYZ	12.0115, 13.1578, 17.1422
YIQ	100.7260, -10.9120, -0.4800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

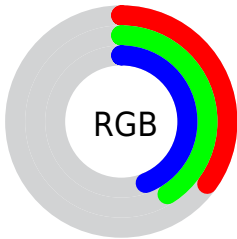
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 99, 112
Decimal	5924976
CIE _{Lab}	43.00, -3.40, -6.27
CIE _{LCh}	43, 7.131, 241.547
Yxy	13.1578, 0.2839, 0.3110
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284115056 (0xFF5A6870)
YUV	100.7260, 5.5581, -9.4067
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -4.3711, -2.6277

Details

The CIELCh color **43, 7.131, 241.547** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **43, 7.805, 57.745**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 7.344, 242.471**, and **23, 6.972, 240.982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 10.544, 242.921**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 3.569, 240.436**.

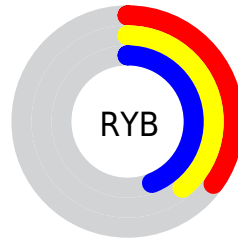
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (41%)

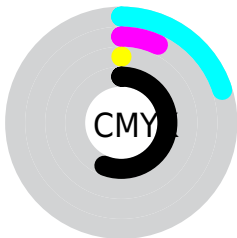
Blue (44%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (44%)

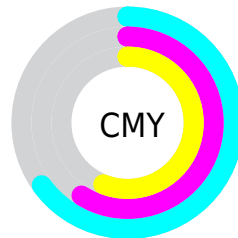


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 7.131, 241.547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 7.131, 241.547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 7.131, 241.547

■ 43, 7.131, 241.547

■ 100, 7.131,
241.547

■ 33, 7.131, 241.547

■ 63, 7.131, 241.547

■ 23, 7.131, 241.547

■ 73, 7.131, 241.547

■ 13, 7.131, 241.547

■ 83, 7.131, 241.547

■ 3, 7.131, 241.547

■ 93, 7.131, 241.547

■ 0, 7.131, 241.547

■ 43, 7.131, 241.547

■ 43, 7.131, 241.547

■ 41, 10.544,
242.921

■ 45, 3.569, 240.436

■ 39, 13.778,

■ 47, 0.113, 56.686

244.620

49, 3.885, 58.550

37, 16.805,
246.696

51, 7.726, 57.943

35, 19.602,
249.220

54, 11.615, 57.415

33, 22.164,
252.260

56, 15.536, 56.967

32, 24.509,
255.864

60, 23.419, 56.259

30, 26.684,
260.036

62, 27.362, 55.978

29, 28.860,
264.312

29, 28.930,
264.435

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 7.131, 241.547



43, 7.805, 57.745

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 7.131, 241.547



43, 7.131, 291.547



43, 7.131, 61.547



43, 7.131, 111.547

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 7.131, 241.539



59, 2.758, 240.131



45, 12.457, 154.946



30, 1.842, 240.167



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 7.131, 241.539



54, 10.688, 242.187



40, 11.451, 285.565



22, 2.081, 240.372



31, 30.577, 264.869



63, 54.259, 268.012

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 12.472, 338.358



51, 18.908, 338.747



46, 11.141, 101.192



22, 3.549, 337.551



25, 51.262, 348.747



54, 86.624, 350.375

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 7.131, 241.547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 7.131, 241.547 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

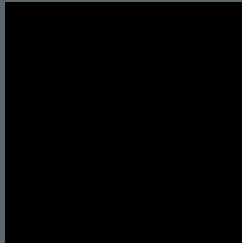
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

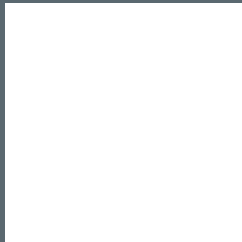
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 7.131, 241.547

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 7.131, 241.547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 7.131, 241.547.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43, 7.131, 241.547

Protanopia

43, 5.419, 290.970

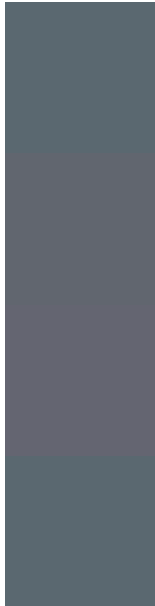
Deuteranopia

43, 8.925, 309.591



Tritanopia
43, 7.131, 241.547

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 7.131, 241.547

Protanomaly
43, 5.722, 270.809

Deuteranomaly
43, 7.227, 288.105

Tritanomaly
43, 7.131, 241.547

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 7.131, 241.547

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 2.689, 241.686

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 7.131, 241.547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 104, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 104, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 104, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 104, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 7.131, 241.547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 104, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 104, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 104, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 104, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 104, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 104,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 7.131, 241.547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 104, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 104,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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