

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 8.461, 150.868)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 8.461, 150.868) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 8.401, 152.850)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B695F
RGB	91, 105, 95
RGB Percent	36%, 41%, 37%
CMY	0.6431, 0.5882, 0.6274
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.10, 0.59
HSL	137°, 7%, 38%
HSV	137°, 13%, 41%
XYZ	11.4353, 13.1578, 12.7671
YIQ	99.6740, -5.1340, -6.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

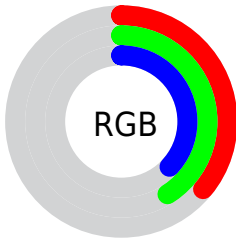
Format	Color
R _Y B	91, 102, 105
Decimal	5990751
CIE Lab	43.00, -7.48, 3.83
CIE LCh	43, 8.401, 152.850
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3061, 0.3522
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284180831 (0xFF5B695F)
YUV	99.6740, -2.3043, -7.6071
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -7.2064, 4.5234

Details

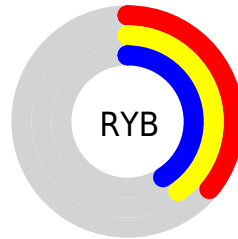
The CIELCh color **43, 8.401, 152.850** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **40, 8.448, 334.539**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 8.487, 152.362**, and **23, 8.500, 153.160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 14.735, 152.063**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 2.086, 153.605**.

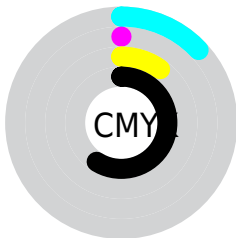
Distribution



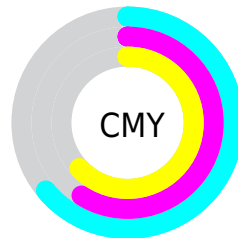
- Red (36%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 8.401, 152.850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 8.401, 152.850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 8.401, 152.850

■ 43, 8.401, 152.850

■ 100, 8.401,
152.850

■ 33, 8.401, 152.850

■ 63, 8.401, 152.850

■ 23, 8.401, 152.850

■ 73, 8.401, 152.850

■ 13, 8.401, 152.850

■ 83, 8.401, 152.850

■ 3, 8.401, 152.850

■ 93, 8.401, 152.850

■ 0, 8.401, 152.850

■ 43, 8.401, 152.850

■ 43, 8.401, 152.850

■ 42, 14.735,
152.063

■ 44, 2.086, 153.605

■ 41, 21.010,

■ 45, 4.156, 334.056

151.174

46, 10.283,
334.621

40, 27.140,
150.159

48, 16.264,
335.106

40, 33.021,
149.000

49, 22.082,
335.539

39, 38.545,
147.684

51, 27.725,
335.930

39, 43.603,
146.206

52, 33.191,
336.286

39, 48.102,
144.574

54, 38.480,
336.611

38, 51.988,
142.844

55, 43.595,
336.910

38, 54.367,
141.837

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 8.401, 152.850



40, 8.448, 334.539

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 8.401, 152.850



43, 8.401, 202.850



43, 8.401, 332.850



43, 8.401, 22.850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 8.402, 152.849



57, 3.130, 153.536



44, 8.530, 120.440



29, 2.209, 153.487



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 8.402, 152.849



55, 12.608, 152.613



43, 5.967, 180.904



22, 3.591, 153.168



43, 59.177, 141.565



85, 104.707, 140.360

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 8.448, 334.539



51, 12.687, 334.752



40, 6.256, 3.150



21, 3.608, 334.244



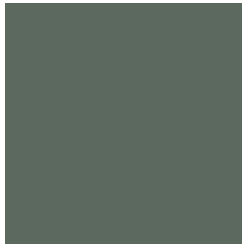
25, 52.884, 343.048



55, 90.035, 344.204

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 8.401, 152.850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 8.401, 152.850 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

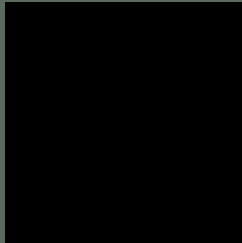
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

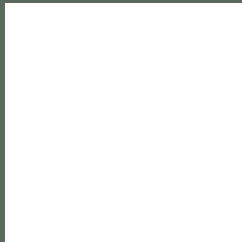
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 8.401, 152.850

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 8.401, 152.850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 8.401, 152.850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

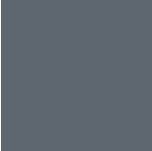
43, 8.401, 152.850

Protanopia

43, 5.084, 89.761

Deuteranopia

43, 6.550, 30.665



Tritanopia
43, 5.892, 254.125

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 8.401, 152.850

Protanomaly
43, 4.877, 119.460

Deuteranomaly
43, 3.433, 80.116

Tritanomaly
43, 4.431, 206.775

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 8.401, 152.850

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 3.194, 150.299

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 8.401, 152.850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 105, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 105, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 105, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 105, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 8.401, 152.850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 105, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 105, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 105, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 105, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 105, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 105,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 8.401, 152.850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 105, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 105,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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