

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 87.569, 320.576)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 87.569, 320.576)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 87.361, 320.644)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A12AC3
RGB	161, 42, 195
RGB Percent	63%, 16%, 76%
CMY	0.3689, 0.8356, 0.2355
CMYK	0.17, 0.78, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	287°, 65%, 46%
HSV	287°, 78%, 76%
XYZ	25.3529, 13.1578, 52.7946
YIQ	95.0230, 21.8110, 72.8110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

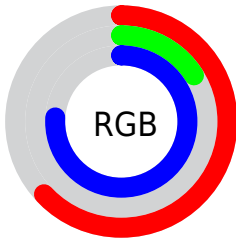
Format	Color
R_{YB}	161, 42, 195
Decimal	10562243
CIE _{Lab}	43.00, 67.55, -55.40
CIE _{LCh}	43, 87.361, 320.644
Yxy	13.1578, 0.2777, 0.1441
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288752323 (0xFFA12AC3)
YUV	95.0230, 49.2887, 57.8618
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 61.2811, -60.9023

Details

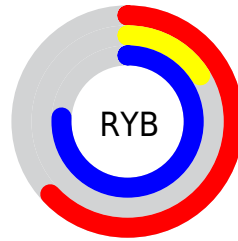
The CIELCh color **43, 87.361, 320.644** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9933CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **70, 85.641, 133.968**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 86.964, 320.585**, and **26, 75.995, 318.941** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 92.940, 320.425**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 79.430, 320.644**.

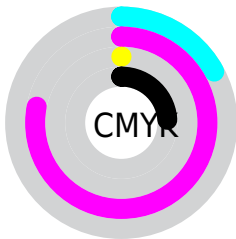
Distribution



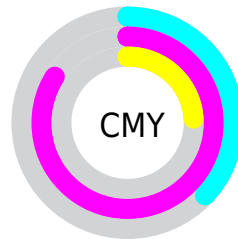
- Red (63%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 87.361, 320.644 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 87.361, 320.644 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 43, 87.361,
320.644

 43, 87.361,
320.644

 100, 87.361,
320.644

 33, 87.361,
320.644

 63, 87.361,
320.644

 23, 87.361,
320.644

 73, 87.361,
320.644

 13, 87.361,
320.644

 83, 87.361,
320.644

 3, 87.361, 320.644

 93, 87.361,
320.644

 0, 87.361, 320.644

 43, 87.361,

 43, 87.361,

320.644

■ 41, 92.940,
320.425

■ 39, 96.135,
319.977

■ 39, 96.551,
319.905

320.644

■ 46, 79.430,
320.644

■ 50, 69.653,
320.472

■ 54, 58.603,
320.177

■ 59, 46.790,
319.802

■ 64, 34.610,
319.381

■ 69, 22.344,
318.940

■ 74, 10.177,
318.490

■ 80, 1.775, 138.193

■ 85, 13.446,
137.689

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 87.361, 320.644



70, 85.641, 133.968

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 87.361, 320.644



43, 87.361, 10.644



43, 87.361, 140.644



43, 87.361, 190.644

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 87.360, 320.644



83, 35.900, 319.201



38, 71.478, 294.924



43, 24.903, 319.360



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 87.360, 320.644



51, 115.772, 320.125



46, 72.773, 339.497



38, 6.766, 318.529



32, 83.614, 320.014



3, 21.797, 316.493

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 63.419, 17.305



54, 88.344, 25.624



70, 76.322, 143.989



38, 4.365, 2.386



33, 64.521, 27.088



3, 14.350, 7.460

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 87.361, 320.644 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

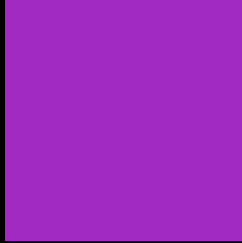
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 87.361, 320.644 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

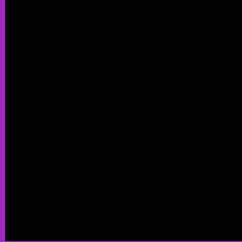
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 87.361, 320.644

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 87.361, 320.644.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 87.361, 320.644.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43, 87.361, 320.644

Protanopia

44, 66.048, 286.935

Deuteranopia

43, 50.012, 277.262



Tritanopia
43, 27.583, 16.291

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 87.361, 320.644

Protanomaly
39, 76.006, 297.492

Deuteranomaly
39, 65.591, 295.102

Tritanomaly
42, 45.402, 337.562

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 87.361, 320.644

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 36.899, 320.012

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 87.361, 320.644 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 42, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 42, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 42, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 42, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 87.361, 320.644 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 42, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 42, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 42, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 42, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 42, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 42,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 87.361, 320.644 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 42, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161, 42,  
195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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