

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 89.142, 328.233)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(43, 89.142, 328.233)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(43, 89.236, 328.228)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B501B5
RGB	181, 1, 181
RGB Percent	71%, 0%, 71%
CMY	0.2906, 0.9973, 0.2906
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	300°, 99%, 36%
HSV	300°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	27.3690, 13.1578, 44.7605
YIQ	75.3400, 49.5000, 94.1400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

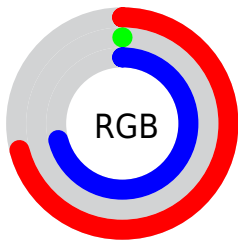
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	181, 1, 181
Decimal	11862453
CIELab	43.00, 75.86, -46.99
CIELCh	43, 89.236, 328.228
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3209, 0.1543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290052533 (0xFFB501B5)
YUV	75.3400, 52.0904, 92.6638
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 71.2019, -47.7704

# Details

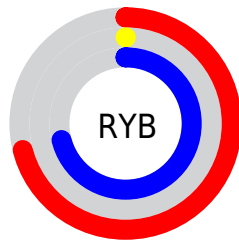
The CIELCh color **43, 89.236, 328.228** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. A complement of this color would be **64, 92.471, 136.032**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 89.490, 328.207**, and **29, 69.033, 327.031** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 89.310, 328.231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 87.036, 328.144**.

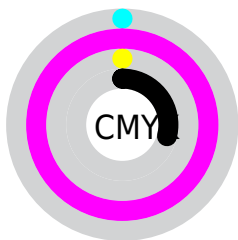
# Distribution



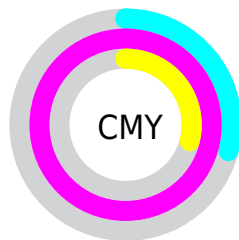
- Red (71%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 89.236, 328.228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 89.236, 328.228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 43, 89.236,  
328.228


 43, 89.236,  
328.228


 100, 89.236,  
328.228

 33, 89.236,  
328.228

 63, 89.236,  
328.228

 23, 89.236,  
328.228

 73, 89.236,  
328.228

 13, 89.236,  
328.228

 83, 89.236,  
328.228

 3, 89.236, 328.228

 93, 89.236,  
328.228


 0, 89.236, 328.228

 43, 89.236,

 43, 89.236,

328.228

328.228


 43, 89.310,  
328.231


 44, 87.036,  
328.144


 45, 82.957,  
327.986


 47, 76.663,  
327.738

 49, 68.378,  
327.405

 53, 58.503,  
326.998

 56, 47.498,  
326.533

 60, 35.789,  
326.026

 65, 23.731,  
325.492

■ 69, 11.589,  
324.941

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 89.236, 328.228



64, 92.471, 136.032

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 89.236, 328.228



43, 89.236, 18.228



43, 89.236, 148.228



43, 89.236, 198.228

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 89.234, 328.228



76, 44.764, 326.072



22, 102.445, 306.047



38, 30.436, 326.285



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 89.234, 328.228



56, 108.502, 328.231



39, 65.656, 0.216



35, 6.751, 324.924



36, 78.927, 328.231



3, 16.261, 324.438



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 80.567, 39.869



49, 98.180, 39.999



65, 69.777, 148.440



35, 3.911, 19.909



31, 70.929, 39.525



2, 9.156, 19.402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 89.236, 328.228 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

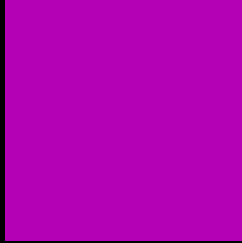
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 89.236, 328.228 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

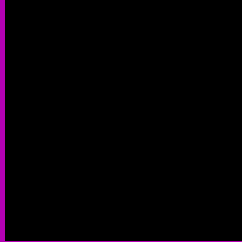
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 43, 89.236, 328.228

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 89.236, 328.228.

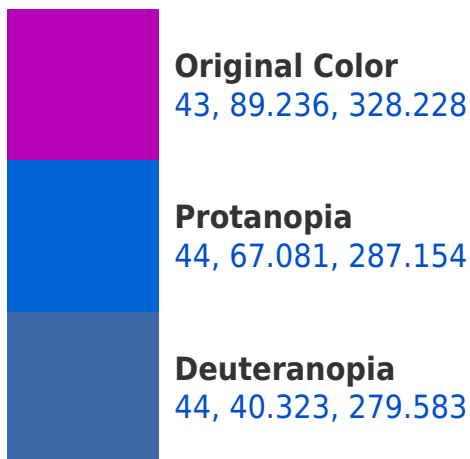


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 89.236, 328.228.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
44, 44.731, 23.251

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
43, 89.236, 328.228



**Protanomaly**  
36, 83.005, 301.604



**Deuteranomaly**  
38, 66.104, 308.254



**Tritanomaly**  
41, 57.802, 350.983

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
43, 89.236, 328.228



**Achromatopsia**  
32, 0.005, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
32, 46.099, 327.249

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 89.236, 328.228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 1, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 1, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 1, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 1, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 89.236, 328.228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 1, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 1, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 1, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 1, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 1, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 1,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 89.236, 328.228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 1, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 1,  
181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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