

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 9.917, 190.691)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 9.917, 190.691) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 9.844, 191.187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	516A68
RGB	81, 106, 104
RGB Percent	32%, 42%, 41%
CMY	0.6809, 0.5828, 0.5907
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.02, 0.58
HSL	175°, 13%, 37%
HSV	175°, 24%, 42%
XYZ	11.1348, 13.1578, 15.1487
YIQ	98.2970, -14.2580, -5.9220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

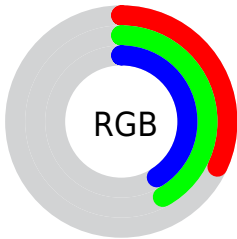
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 94, 106
Decimal	5335656
CIE _{Lab}	43.00, -9.66, -1.91
CIE _{LCh}	43, 9.844, 191.187
Yxy	13.1578, 0.2823, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283525736 (0xFF516A68)
YUV	98.2970, 2.8116, -15.1695
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -8.6853, 0.6306

Details

The CIELCh color **43, 9.844, 191.187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **37, 11.147, 14.778**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 9.681, 191.902**, and **23, 10.025, 189.928** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 13.624, 190.479**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 5.793, 191.898**.

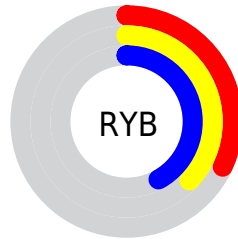
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (42%)

Blue (41%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (42%)

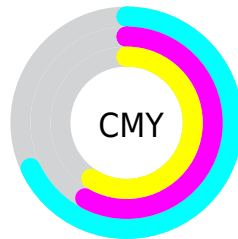


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 9.844, 191.187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 9.844, 191.187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 9.844, 191.187

■ 43, 9.844, 191.187

■ 100, 9.844,
191.187

■ 33, 9.844, 191.187

■ 63, 9.844, 191.187

■ 23, 9.844, 191.187

■ 73, 9.844, 191.187

■ 13, 9.844, 191.187

■ 83, 9.844, 191.187

■ 3, 9.844, 191.187

■ 93, 9.844, 191.187

■ 0, 9.844, 191.187

■ 43, 9.844, 191.187

■ 43, 9.844, 191.187

■ 42, 13.624,
190.479

■ 44, 5.793, 191.898

■ 42, 17.068,

■ 45, 1.534, 192.751

189.776

46, 2.878, 13.099

41, 20.113,
189.064

47, 7.391, 13.858

41, 22.705,
188.335

48, 11.963, 14.558

41, 24.807,
187.579

49, 16.562, 15.242

40, 26.404,
186.782

51, 25.735, 16.578

40, 27.529,
185.936

53, 30.274, 17.227

40, 28.192,
185.399

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 9.844, 191.187



37, 11.147, 14.778

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 9.844, 191.187



43, 9.844, 241.187



43, 9.844, 11.187



43, 9.844, 61.187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 9.845, 191.182



57, 3.755, 192.384



43, 17.922, 140.898



29, 2.420, 192.357



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 9.845, 191.182



55, 14.278, 190.813



40, 8.344, 248.833



22, 2.444, 192.240



44, 30.247, 185.287



87, 52.300, 184.681

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 11.147, 14.778



46, 16.669, 15.383



40, 9.133, 63.528



21, 2.558, 13.363



23, 54.901, 34.347



51, 98.091, 37.496

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 9.844, 191.187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 9.844, 191.187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

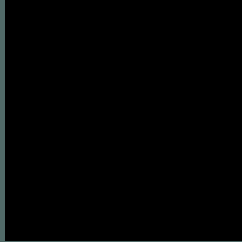
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 9.844, 191.187

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 9.844, 191.187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 9.844, 191.187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


43, 9.844, 191.187

Protanopia

43, 0.831, 19.106

Deuteranopia

43, 6.640, 333.808



Tritanopia
43, 9.448, 229.393

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 9.844, 191.187

Protanomaly
43, 3.320, 188.639

Deuteranomaly
43, 2.532, 271.863

Tritanomaly
43, 9.378, 213.359

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 9.844, 191.187

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 3.719, 189.685

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 9.844, 191.187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 106, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 106, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 106, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 106, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 9.844, 191.187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 106, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 106, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 106, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 106, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 106, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 106,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 9.844, 191.187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 106, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 106,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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