

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 95.665, 301.729)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 95.665, 301.729)
contains.

CIELCh(43, 96.157, 301.852)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(43, 96.157, 301.852)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F4CF0
RGB	79, 76, 240
RGB Percent	31%, 30%, 94%
CMY	0.6894, 0.7015, 0.0582
CMYK	0.67, 0.68, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	241°, 85%, 62%
HSV	241°, 68%, 94%
XYZ	21.5855, 13.1578, 83.9609
YIQ	95.5930, -50.8560, 51.6400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

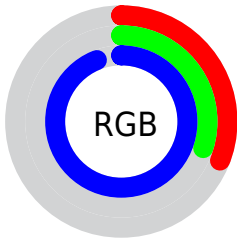
Format	Color
R _Y B	79, 76, 240
Decimal	5197040
CIE Lab	43.00, 50.74, -81.68
CIE LCh	43, 96.157, 301.852
Yxy	13.1578, 0.1818, 0.1108
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283387120 (0xFF4F4CF0)
YUV	95.5930, 71.1927, -14.5521
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 42.7420, -111.8442

Details

The CIELCh color **43, 96.157, 301.852** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **92, 77.396, 104.961**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 72.756, 301.663**, and **25, 94.537, 303.502** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 110.117, 303.854**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 81.047, 299.721**.

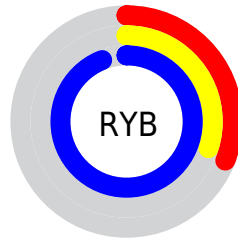
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (30%)

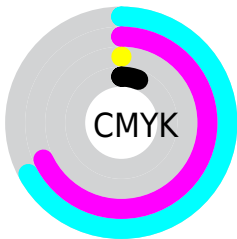
Blue (94%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (94%)

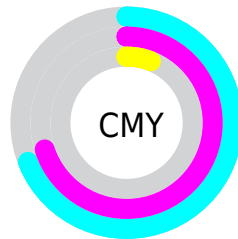


Cyan (67%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (69%)


Magenta (70%)


Yellow (6%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 96.157, 301.852 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 96.157, 301.852 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 43, 96.157,
301.852


 43, 96.157,
301.852


 100, 96.157,
301.852


 33, 96.157,
301.852

 63, 96.157,
301.852


 23, 96.157,
301.852

 73, 96.157,
301.852

 13, 96.157,
301.852

 83, 96.157,
301.852

 3, 96.157, 301.852

 93, 96.157,
301.852

 0, 96.157, 301.852

 43, 96.157,

 43, 96.157,

301.852

301.852

■ 37, 110.117,
303.854

■ 50, 81.047,
299.721

■ 33, 121.012,
305.393

■ 57, 65.890,
297.684

■ 31, 127.034,
306.216

■ 65, 51.156,
295.854

■ 30, 127.791,
306.327

■ 73, 36.996,
294.263

■ 81, 23.425,
292.902

■ 88, 10.414,
291.749

■ 96, 2.076, 110.731

■ 100, 7.514,
109.605

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 96.157, 301.852



92, 77.396, 104.961

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 96.157, 301.852



43, 96.157, 351.852



43, 96.157, 121.852



43, 96.157, 171.852

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 96.158, 301.853



84, 26.973, 293.126



86, 41.989, 198.717



42, 18.511, 293.498



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 96.158, 301.853



38, 120.267, 304.539



51, 93.750, 312.870



46, 7.133, 291.874



22, 104.459, 306.343



3, 37.853, 299.190

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 93.539, 328.339



62, 108.439, 328.726



87, 84.901, 126.883



47, 8.499, 325.450



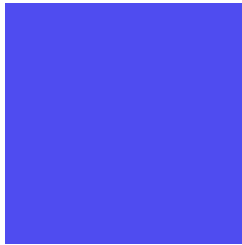
43, 88.979, 328.992



10, 38.923, 328.885

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 96.157, 301.852 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

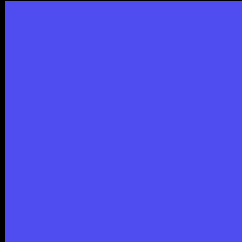
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 96.157, 301.852 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

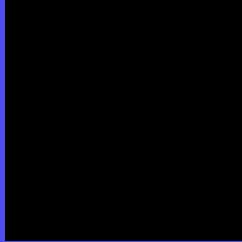
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 96.157, 301.852

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 96.157, 301.852.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 96.157, 301.852.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
43, 26.423, 207.271

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 96.157, 301.852

Protanomaly
42, 77.178, 293.237

Deuteranomaly
42, 63.379, 288.242

Tritanomaly
41, 41.128, 273.922

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 96.157, 301.852

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 35.923, 295.840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 96.157, 301.852 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 76, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 76, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 76, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 76, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 96.157, 301.852 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 76, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 76, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 76, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 76, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 76, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 76,  
240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 96.157, 301.852 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 76, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 76,  
240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor