

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 0.492, 37.172)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(44, 0.492, 37.172) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(44, 0.718, 74.885)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	696867
RGB	105, 104, 103
RGB Percent	41%, 41%, 40%
CMY	0.5889, 0.5928, 0.5967
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.59
HSL	30°, 1%, 41%
HSV	30°, 2%, 41%
XYZ	13.1814, 13.8382, 14.7666
YIQ	104.1850, 0.9170, -0.0990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

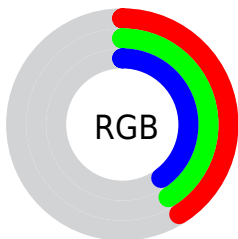
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	105, 105, 103
Decimal	6908007
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.00, 0.19, 0.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	44, 0.718, 74.885
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3154, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285098087 (0xFF696867)
YUV	104.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, -1.8497, 2.5044

# Details

The CIELCh color  $44, 0.718, 74.885$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $44, 0.724, 256.058$ , and the grayscale version is  $44, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $64, 0.666, 74.810$ , and  $24, 0.798, 74.871$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $42, 4.608, 74.112$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $46, 3.014, 256.510$ .

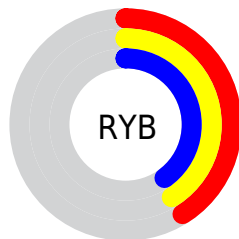
# Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (41%)

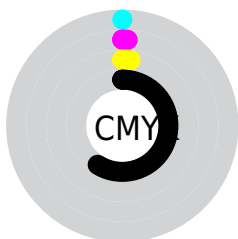
Blue (40%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (40%)

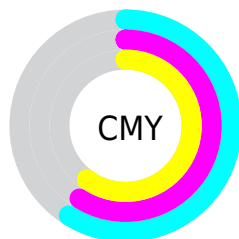


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

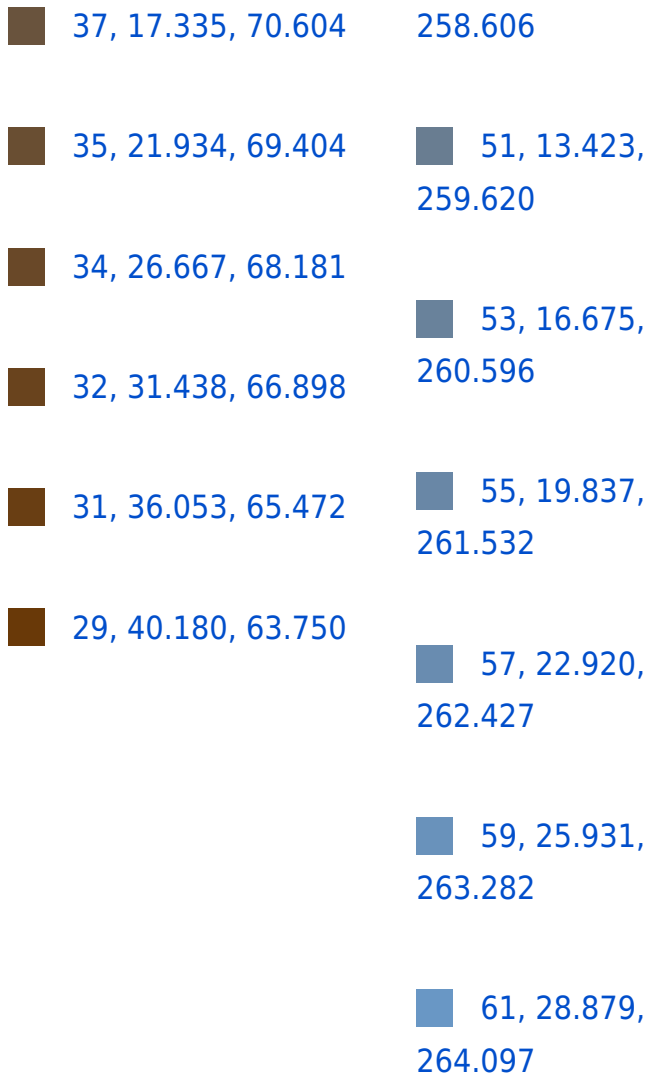
These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 0.718, 74.885 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 0.718, 74.885 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 44, 0.718, 74.885	 44, 0.718, 74.885
 100, 0.718, 74.885	 34, 0.718, 74.885
 64, 0.718, 74.885	 24, 0.718, 74.885
 74, 0.718, 74.885	 14, 0.718, 74.885
 84, 0.718, 74.885	 4, 0.718, 74.885
 94, 0.718, 74.885	 0, 0.718, 74.885

 44, 0.718, 74.885	 44, 0.718, 74.885
 42, 4.608, 74.112	 46, 3.014, 256.510
 40, 8.667, 72.966	 48, 6.606, 257.561
 39, 12.909, 71.792	 50, 10.071,



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 0.718, 74.885



44, 0.724, 256.058

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 0.718, 74.885



44, 0.718, 124.885



44, 0.718, 254.885



44, 0.718, 304.885

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 0.718, 74.991



56, 0.461, 74.814



44, 1.028, 343.550



29, 0.264, 74.768



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 0.718, 74.991



56, 0.930, 74.998



44, 1.187, 109.974



22, 0.431, 74.984



32, 47.600, 62.271



65, 82.917, 59.954





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 0.724, 256.058



56, 0.936, 256.053



44, 1.204, 290.384



22, 0.435, 256.064



25, 39.198, 282.185



52, 71.405, 285.019



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 0.718, 74.885 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 0.718, 74.885 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

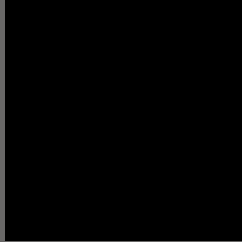
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

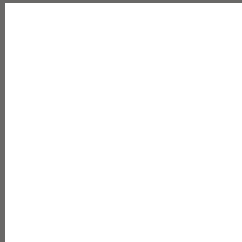
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 44, 0.718, 74.885**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 0.718, 74.885.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 0.718, 74.885.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44, 0.718, 74.885

### Protanopia

44, 1.244, 19.286

### Deuteranopia

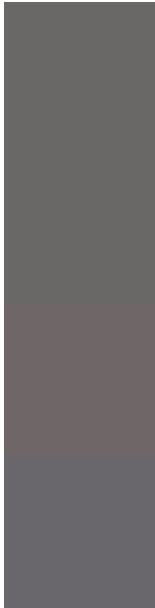
44, 5.587, 7.760



**Tritanopia**  
44, 4.965, 304.930



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44, 0.718, 74.885

## Protanomaly

44, 1.244, 19.286

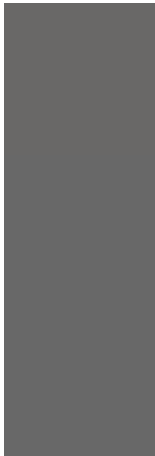
## Deuteranomaly

44, 3.811, 10.802

## Tritanomaly

44, 3.255, 312.634

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44, 0.718, 74.885

## Achromatopsia

44, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

44, 0.006, 296.813

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 0.718, 74.885 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 104, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 104, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 104, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 104, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 0.718, 74.885 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 104, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 104, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 104, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 104, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 104, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 104,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 0.718, 74.885 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 104, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
104, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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