

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 1.827, 59.473)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 1.827, 59.473) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(44, 2.045, 55.129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B6765
RGB	107, 103, 101
RGB Percent	42%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.5794, 0.5951, 0.6029
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.06, 0.58
HSL	20°, 3%, 41%
HSV	20°, 6%, 42%
XYZ	13.3320, 13.8382, 14.3462
YIQ	103.9680, 3.0260, 0.2260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

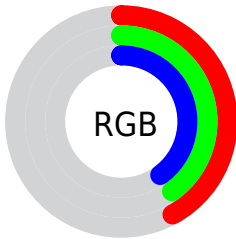
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 104, 101
Decimal	7038821
CIE Lab	44.00, 1.17, 1.68
CIE LCh	44, 2.045, 55.129
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3211, 0.3333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285228901 (0xFF6B6765)
YUV	103.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, -1.1270, 3.1745

Details

The CIELCh color **44, 2.045, 55.129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **44, 1.997, 236.339**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 1.895, 55.188**, and **24, 2.284, 54.927** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 5.897, 54.542**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 1.564, 236.274**.

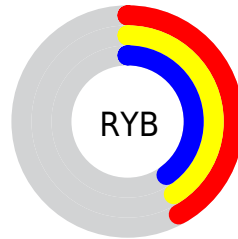
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (40%)

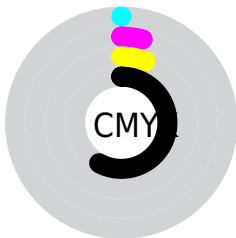
Blue (40%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (40%)

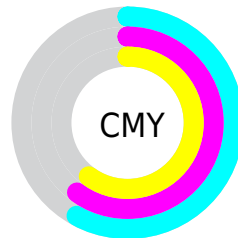


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (60%)





Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 2.045, 55.129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 2.045, 55.129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 44, 2.045, 55.129	 44, 2.045, 55.129
 100, 2.045, 55.129	 34, 2.045, 55.129
 64, 2.045, 55.129	 24, 2.045, 55.129
 74, 2.045, 55.129	 14, 2.045, 55.129
 84, 2.045, 55.129	 4, 2.045, 55.129
 94, 2.045, 55.129	 0, 2.045, 55.129

 44, 2.045, 55.129	 44, 2.045, 55.129
 42, 5.897, 54.542	 46, 1.564, 236.274
 39, 10.016, 53.880	 49, 4.955, 236.910
 37, 14.426, 53.264	 51, 8.152, 237.662

■ 35, 19.140, 52.717

■ 54, 11.179,
238.426

■ 33, 24.156, 52.251

■ 56, 14.055,
239.185

■ 31, 29.440, 51.860

■ 29, 34.895, 51.502

■ 58, 16.798,
239.932

■ 27, 40.296, 51.057

■ 61, 19.425,
240.663

■ 26, 45.059, 50.149

■ 63, 21.949,
241.374

■ 66, 24.381,
242.063

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 2.045, 55.129



44, 1.997, 236.339

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 2.045, 55.129



44, 2.045, 105.129



44, 2.045, 235.129



44, 2.045, 285.129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 2.045, 55.170



58, 0.898, 55.169



44, 3.468, 335.969



30, 0.514, 55.144



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 2.045, 55.170



56, 3.205, 55.086



45, 2.998, 101.729



21, 1.649, 55.087



27, 50.863, 49.968



57, 90.588, 48.523

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 1.997, 236.339



57, 3.104, 236.443



43, 3.029, 282.957



22, 1.598, 236.441



31, 28.549, 259.870



64, 50.805, 263.120

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 2.045, 55.129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 2.045, 55.129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

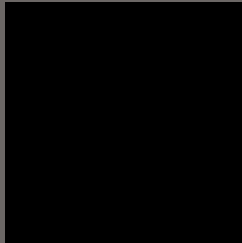
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 2.045, 55.129

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 2.045, 55.129.

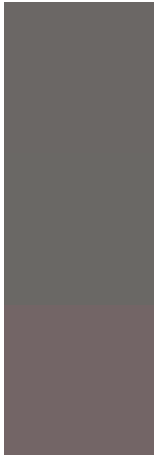


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 2.045, 55.129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


44, 2.045, 55.129

Protanopia

44, 1.965, 84.771

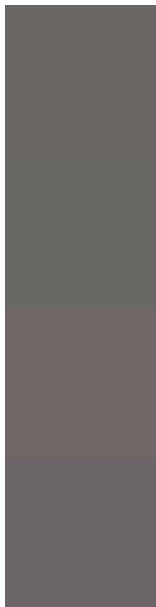
Deuteranopia

44, 5.933, 14.358



Tritanopia
44, 5.606, 321.303

Trichromacy



Original Color

44, 2.045, 55.129

Protanomaly

44, 1.965, 84.771

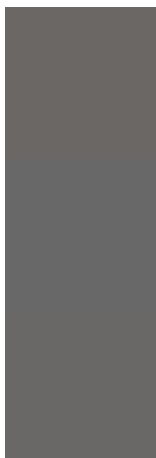
Deuteranomaly

44, 4.198, 19.852

Tritanomaly

44, 3.901, 329.657

Monochromacy



Original Color

44, 2.045, 55.129

Achromatopsia

44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

44, 0.718, 74.885

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 2.045, 55.129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 103, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 103, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 103, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 103, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 2.045, 55.129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 103, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 103, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 103, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 103, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 103, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 103,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 2.045, 55.129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 103, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
103, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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