

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 12.725, 146.234)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 12.725, 146.234)
contains.

CIELCh(44, 12.933, 146.377)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(44, 12.933, 146.377)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A6D5C
RGB	90, 109, 92
RGB Percent	35%, 43%, 36%
CMY	0.6477, 0.5732, 0.6398
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.16, 0.57
HSL	126°, 10%, 39%
HSV	126°, 17%, 43%
XYZ	11.5772, 13.8382, 12.1499
YIQ	101.3810, -5.8670, -9.3150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

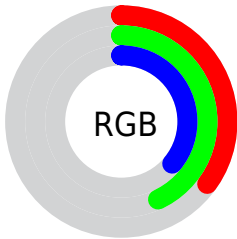
Format	Color
RYB	90, 107, 109
Decimal	5926236
CIELab	44.00, -10.77, 7.16
CIELCh	44, 12.933, 146.377
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3082, 0.3684
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284116316 (0xFF5A6D5C)
YUV	101.3810, -4.6248, -9.9811
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, -9.5474, 6.6750

Details

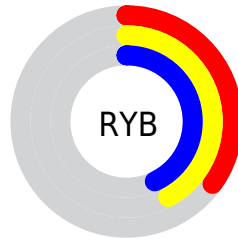
The CIELCh color $44, 12.933, 146.377$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41, 12.958, 328.379$, and the grayscale version is $43, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64, 13.393, 146.344$, and $24, 12.682, 146.141$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 20.374, 145.621$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $45, 5.494, 147.043$.

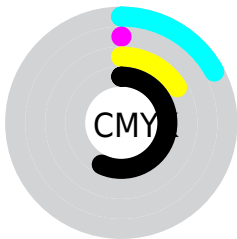
Distribution



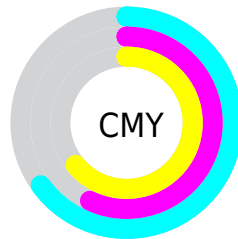
- Red (35%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (57%)




- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 12.933, 146.377 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 12.933, 146.377 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 44, 12.933,
146.377


 44, 12.933,
146.377


 100, 12.933,
146.377


 34, 12.933,
146.377

 64, 12.933,
146.377


 24, 12.933,
146.377

 74, 12.933,
146.377

 14, 12.933,
146.377


 84, 12.933,
146.377

 4, 12.933, 146.377

 94, 12.933,
146.377

 0, 12.933, 146.377

 44, 12.933,

 44, 12.933,

146.377

146.377

■ 43, 20.374,
145.621

■ 45, 5.494, 147.043

■ 42, 27.709,
144.751

■ 46, 1.868, 327.471

■ 41, 34.809,
143.757

■ 48, 9.094, 328.030

■ 41, 41.520,
142.638

■ 49, 16.145,
328.455

■ 40, 47.664,
141.410

■ 50, 22.997,
328.820

■ 40, 53.052,
140.114

■ 52, 29.636,
329.137

■ 40, 57.488,
138.824

■ 54, 36.059,
329.415

■ 40, 60.887,
137.752

■ 55, 42.267,
329.660

■ 57, 48.267,

■ 39, 61.615,
137.577

329.877

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 12.933, 146.377



41, 12.958, 328.379

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 12.933, 146.377



44, 12.933, 196.377



44, 12.933, 326.377



44, 12.933, 16.377

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 12.934, 146.377



58, 4.528, 147.196



45, 11.267, 112.768



30, 3.115, 147.160



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 12.934, 146.377



55, 19.181, 146.080



44, 8.978, 167.928



22, 4.091, 146.947



42, 65.163, 137.464



85, 113.970, 136.789

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 12.958, 328.379



50, 19.214, 328.610



40, 9.273, 350.946



21, 4.100, 327.895



26, 60.145, 332.721



57, 103.016, 333.017

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 12.933, 146.377 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 12.933, 146.377 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

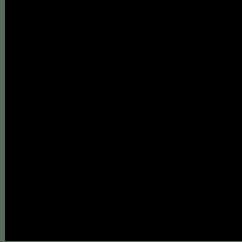
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 12.933, 146.377

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 12.933, 146.377.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 12.933, 146.377.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

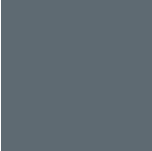
44, 12.933, 146.377

Protanopia

44, 9.197, 95.152

Deuteranopia

44, 8.633, 44.627



Tritanopia
44, 6.583, 245.931

Trichromacy



Original Color
44, 12.933, 146.377

Protanomaly
44, 9.683, 119.027

Deuteranomaly
44, 6.341, 89.467

Tritanomaly
44, 6.012, 193.001

Monochromacy



Original Color
44, 12.933, 146.377

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 4.650, 148.264

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 12.933, 146.377 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 109, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 109, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 109, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 109, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 12.933, 146.377 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 109, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 109, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 109, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 109, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 109, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 109,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 12.933, 146.377 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 109, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 109,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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