

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 2.880, 243.797)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 2.880, 243.797) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(44, 2.672, 241.663)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64696C
RGB	100, 105, 108
RGB Percent	39%, 41%, 42%
CMY	0.6086, 0.5890, 0.5773
CMYK	0.07, 0.03, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	202°, 4%, 41%
HSV	202°, 7%, 42%
XYZ	12.9602, 13.8382, 16.1186
YIQ	103.8470, -3.9430, -0.1270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

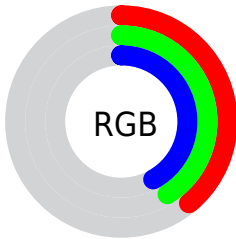
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 103, 108
Decimal	6580588
CIE Lab	44.00, -1.27, -2.35
CIE LCh	44, 2.672, 241.663
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3020, 0.3224
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284770668 (0xFF64696C)
YUV	103.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, -2.9108, 0.3495

Details

The CIELCh color $44, 2.672, 241.663$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44, 2.750, 60.059$, and the grayscale version is $44, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64, 2.500, 241.490$, and $24, 2.924, 242.118$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 6.177, 242.701$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 0.936, 60.279$.

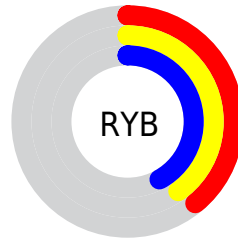
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (41%)

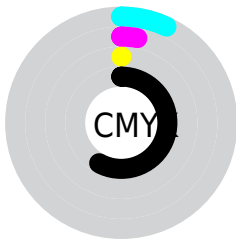
Blue (42%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (42%)

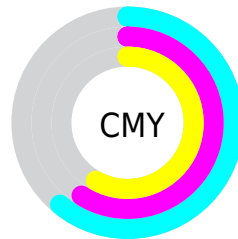


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (61%)













Magenta (59%)



Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 2.672, 241.663 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 2.672, 241.663 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 44, 2.672, 241.663	 44, 2.672, 241.663
 100, 2.672, 241.663	 34, 2.672, 241.663
 64, 2.672, 241.663	 24, 2.672, 241.663
 74, 2.672, 241.663	 14, 2.672, 241.663
 84, 2.672, 241.663	 4, 2.672, 241.663
 94, 2.672, 241.663	 0, 2.672, 241.663

 44, 2.672, 241.663	 44, 2.672, 241.663
 42, 6.177, 242.701	 46, 0.936, 60.279
 40, 9.552, 244.050	 48, 4.623, 59.753

■ 38, 12.770,
245.703

■ 50, 8.366, 59.133

■ 36, 15.802,
247.717

■ 52, 12.150, 58.597

■ 55, 15.958, 58.139

■ 34, 18.630,
250.159

■ 57, 19.778, 57.746

■ 32, 21.243,
253.094

■ 59, 23.601, 57.408

■ 61, 27.418, 57.115

■ 31, 23.655,
256.574

■ 63, 31.224, 56.858

■ 29, 25.906,
260.612

■ 28, 28.116,
264.910

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 2.672, 241.663



44, 2.750, 60.059

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 2.672, 241.663



44, 2.672, 291.663



44, 2.672, 61.663



44, 2.672, 111.663

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 2.672, 241.636



58, 0.903, 241.397



45, 4.487, 156.650



30, 0.518, 241.416



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 2.672, 241.636



56, 4.011, 241.805



43, 4.191, 284.928



21, 2.008, 241.777



30, 30.687, 266.466



61, 55.037, 269.692

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 4.488, 337.935



55, 6.767, 338.075



45, 4.138, 103.367



21, 3.385, 338.053



25, 50.207, 349.556



54, 85.467, 351.311

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 2.672, 241.663 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 2.672, 241.663 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

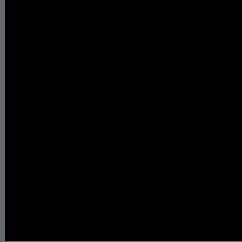
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

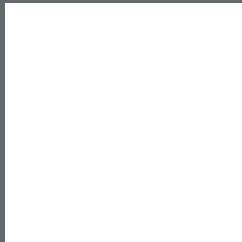
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 2.672, 241.663

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 2.672, 241.663.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 2.672, 241.663.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

44, 2.672, 241.663

Protanopia

44, 2.548, 309.192

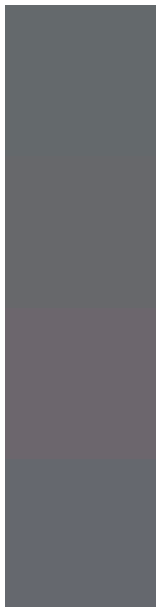
Deuteranopia

44, 6.607, 333.792



Tritanopia
44, 4.918, 276.869

Trichromacy



Original Color

44, 2.672, 241.663

Protanomaly

44, 1.840, 277.712

Deuteranomaly

44, 4.884, 320.743

Tritanomaly

44, 3.771, 272.162

Monochromacy



Original Color

44, 2.672, 241.663

Achromatopsia

44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

44, 1.008, 236.218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 2.672, 241.663 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 105, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 105, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 105, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 105, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 2.672, 241.663 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 105, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 105, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 105, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 105, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 105, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 105,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 2.672, 241.663 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 105, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
105, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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