

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 27.460, 219.550)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(44, 27.460, 219.550)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(44, 26.950, 219.387)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007384
RGB	0, 115, 132
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 52%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5503, 0.4836
CMYK	1.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	188°, 100%, 26%
HSV	188°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	10.2239, 13.8382, 23.8433
YIQ	82.5530, -73.9970, -19.0930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

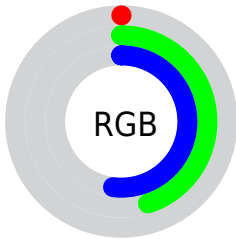
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 61, 132
Decimal	29572
CIELab	44.00, -20.83, -17.10
CIELCh	44, 26.950, 219.387
Yxy	13.8382, 0.2134, 0.2889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219652 (0xFF007384)
YUV	82.5530, 24.3774, -72.3990
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, -16.0408, -11.9623

# Details

The CIELCh color **44, 26.950, 219.387** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **28, 60.908, 41.241**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 26.870, 219.648**, and **26, 19.282, 230.629** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 26.899, 219.436**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 26.365, 217.460**.

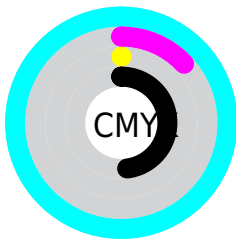
# Distribution



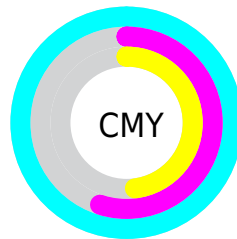
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 26.950, 219.387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 26.950, 219.387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 44, 26.950,  
219.387


 44, 26.950,  
219.387

 100, 26.950,  
219.387

 34, 26.950,  
219.387

 64, 26.950,  
219.387


 24, 26.950,  
219.387

 74, 26.950,  
219.387

 14, 26.950,  
219.387

 84, 26.950,  
219.387

 4, 26.950, 219.387

 94, 26.950,  
219.387

 0, 26.950, 219.387

 44, 26.950,

 44, 26.950,

219.387

■ 44, 26.899,  
219.436

219.387

■ 45, 26.365,  
217.460

■ 45, 25.473,  
215.748

■ 46, 24.017,  
214.408

■ 47, 21.980,  
213.392

■ 48, 19.383,  
212.652

■ 49, 16.272,  
212.141

■ 51, 12.711,  
211.820

■ 52, 8.767, 211.659



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 26.950, 219.387



28, 60.908, 41.241

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 26.950, 219.387



44, 26.950, 269.387



44, 26.950, 39.387



44, 26.950, 89.387

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 26.899, 219.436



65, 15.686, 211.837



48, 70.784, 137.478



33, 10.636, 211.937



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 26.899, 219.436



56, 32.503, 220.031



24, 53.466, 292.389



27, 2.563, 211.657



43, 26.661, 219.404



0, 0.628, 211.617



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 64.129, 333.953



39, 77.419, 334.101



39, 50.544, 71.933



26, 4.824, 328.660



29, 63.566, 333.945



0, 1.149, 328.168



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 26.950, 219.387 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 26.950, 219.387 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

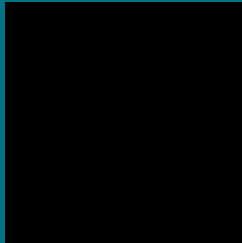
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 44, 26.950, 219.387**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 26.950, 219.387.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 26.950, 219.387.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
44, 26.950, 219.387

**Protanomaly**  
43, 17.827, 238.416

**Deuteranomaly**  
43, 20.989, 249.549

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
44, 26.950, 219.387

**Achromatopsia**  
35, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
37, 15.147, 211.920

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 26.950, 219.387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 115, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 115, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 115, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 26.950, 219.387 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 115, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 115, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 115, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 115, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 26.950, 219.387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 115, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 115,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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