

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 4.321, 43.684)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(44, 4.321, 43.684) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(44, 4.207, 44.906)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F6663
RGB	111, 102, 99
RGB Percent	44%, 40%, 39%
CMY	0.5639, 0.5992, 0.6110
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.11, 0.56
HSL	15°, 6%, 41%
HSV	15°, 11%, 44%
XYZ	13.6127, 13.8382, 13.8066
YIQ	104.3490, 6.3270, 0.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

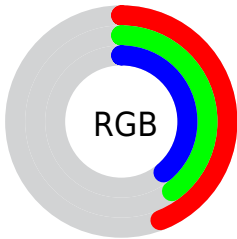
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	111, 103, 99
Decimal	7300707
CIE Lab	44.00, 2.98, 2.97
CIE LCh	44, 4.207, 44.906
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3299, 0.3354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285490787 (0xFF6F6663)
YUV	104.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, 0.2198, 4.0344

# Details

The CIELCh color  $44, 4.207, 44.906$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $45, 3.960, 226.067$ , and the grayscale version is  $44, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $64, 4.244, 42.730$ , and  $24, 4.014, 39.186$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $41, 8.417, 44.638$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $47, 0.297, 44.252$ .

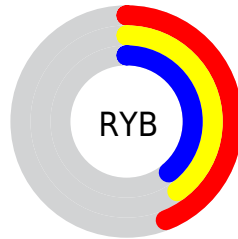
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (40%)

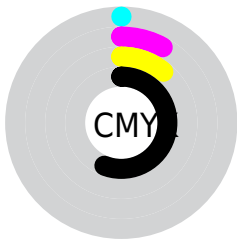
Blue (39%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (39%)

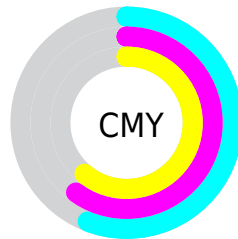


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (60%)


Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 4.207, 44.906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 4.207, 44.906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 44, 4.207, 44.906	 44, 4.207, 44.906
 100, 4.207, 44.906	 34, 4.207, 44.906
 64, 4.207, 44.906	 24, 4.207, 44.906
 74, 4.207, 44.906	 14, 4.207, 44.906
 84, 4.207, 44.906	 4, 4.207, 44.906
 94, 4.207, 44.906	 0, 4.207, 44.906

 44, 4.207, 44.906	 44, 4.207, 44.906
 41, 8.417, 44.638	 47, 0.297, 44.252
 39, 12.954, 44.414	 49, 3.341, 225.960
 36, 17.838, 44.299	 52, 6.736, 226.393

34, 23.076, 44.321

55, 9.917, 226.884

31, 28.646, 44.496

58, 12.907,  
227.397

29, 34.482, 44.818

60, 15.731,  
227.919

27, 40.423, 45.220

26, 46.014, 45.377

63, 18.408,  
228.442

24, 50.310, 45.121

66, 20.955,  
228.961

69, 23.388,  
229.472

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 4.207, 44.906



45, 3.960, 226.067

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 4.207, 44.906



44, 4.207, 94.906



44, 4.207, 224.906



44, 4.207, 274.906

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 4.207, 44.927



59, 1.413, 45.016



43, 7.343, 332.976



31, 1.083, 45.043



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 4.207, 44.927



56, 6.370, 44.851



46, 5.475, 96.006



22, 2.193, 44.977



26, 53.748, 45.396



55, 95.404, 44.738





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 3.960, 226.067



58, 5.905, 226.206



43, 5.519, 278.528



23, 2.087, 225.981



35, 25.929, 244.362



71, 44.948, 247.220



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 4.207, 44.906 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 4.207, 44.906 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

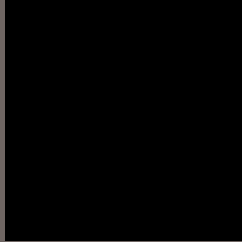
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 44, 4.207, 44.906

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 4.207, 44.906.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 4.207, 44.906.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


44, 4.207, 44.906

### Protanopia

44, 2.687, 81.890

### Deuteranopia

44, 6.404, 25.471



**Tritanopia**  
44, 6.607, 333.792



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
44, 4.207, 44.906

**Protanomaly**  
44, 3.086, 54.982

**Deuteranomaly**  
44, 5.542, 26.193

**Tritanomaly**  
44, 5.173, 352.511

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
44, 4.207, 44.906

**Achromatopsia**  
44, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
44, 1.374, 45.020

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 4.207, 44.906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 102, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 102, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 102, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 102, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 4.207, 44.906 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 102, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 102, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 102, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 102, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 102, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 102,  
99) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 4.207, 44.906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 102, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
102, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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