

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 45.889, 35.816)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(44, 45.889, 35.816) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(44, 46.070, 36.389)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A94C3D
RGB	169, 76, 61
RGB Percent	66%, 30%, 24%
CMY	0.3390, 0.7034, 0.7621
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.64, 0.34
HSL	8°, 47%, 45%
HSV	8°, 64%, 66%
XYZ	19.6614, 13.8382, 6.0022
YIQ	102.0970, 60.2430, 15.0510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

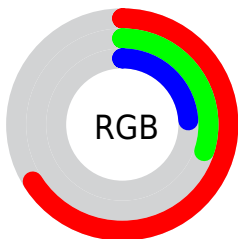
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	169, 78, 61
Decimal	11095101
CIELab	44.00, 37.09, 27.33
CIELCh	44, 46.070, 36.389
Yxy	13.8382, 0.4977, 0.3503
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289285181 (0xFFA94C3D)
YUV	102.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, 29.2442, 16.4734

# Details

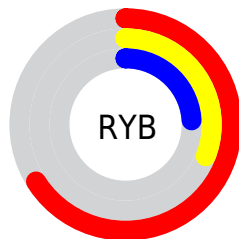
The CIELCh color **44, 46.070, 36.389** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **59, 27.562, 215.363**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 46.338, 35.941**, and **24, 45.963, 36.311** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 54.744, 37.958**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 37.580, 35.128**.

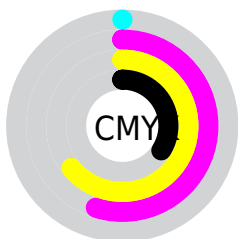
# Distribution



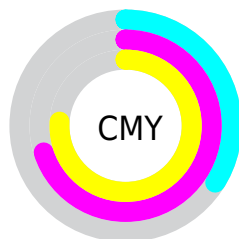
- Red (66%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 46.070, 36.389 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 46.070, 36.389 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44, 46.070, 36.389

■ 44, 46.070, 36.389

■ 100, 46.070,  
36.389

■ 34, 46.070, 36.389

■ 64, 46.070, 36.389

■ 24, 46.070, 36.389

■ 74, 46.070, 36.389

■ 14, 46.070, 36.389

■ 84, 46.070, 36.389

■ 4, 46.070, 36.389

■ 94, 46.070, 36.389

■ 0, 46.070, 36.389

■ 44, 46.070, 36.389

■ 44, 46.070, 36.389

■ 41, 54.744, 37.958

■ 47, 37.580, 35.128

■ 39, 63.182, 39.672

■ 51, 29.489, 34.177

37, 70.449, 41.051

55, 21.895, 33.498

36, 74.277, 42.004

59, 14.836, 33.039

63, 8.308, 32.740

67, 2.284, 32.448

72, 3.278, 212.774

76, 8.424, 212.724

80, 13.199,  
212.800

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 46.070, 36.389



59, 27.562, 215.363

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 46.070, 36.389



44, 46.070, 86.389



44, 46.070, 216.389



44, 46.070, 266.389

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 46.068, 36.392



77, 14.264, 32.884



44, 62.456, 332.127



39, 9.914, 32.971



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 46.068, 36.392



52, 71.188, 38.709



57, 42.755, 79.724



33, 3.287, 32.629



31, 66.913, 41.879



2, 5.884, 30.588





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 27.562, 215.363



73, 36.941, 217.409



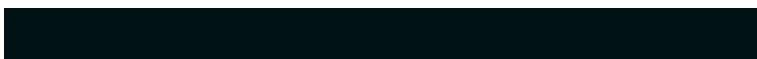
43, 41.728, 281.517



35, 3.100, 212.723



49, 29.141, 221.731



4, 5.615, 217.891



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 46.070, 36.389 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 46.070, 36.389 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

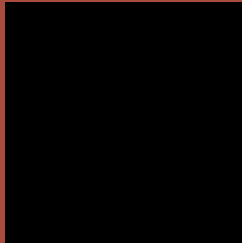
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 44, 46.070, 36.389**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 46.070, 36.389.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 46.070, 36.389.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44, 46.070, 36.389

### Protanopia

44, 19.857, 96.672

### Deuteranopia

44, 29.562, 79.110



**Tritanopia**  
44, 43.723, 22.876



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
44, 46.070, 36.389

**Protanomaly**  
43, 24.643, 59.297

**Deuteranomaly**  
44, 32.909, 57.234

**Tritanomaly**  
44, 43.983, 27.779

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
44, 46.070, 36.389

**Achromatopsia**  
43, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
42, 15.585, 32.333

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 46.070, 36.389 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 76, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 76, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 76, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 76, 61) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 46.070, 36.389 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 76, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 76, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 76, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 76, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 76, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 76,  
61) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 46.070, 36.389 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 76, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 76,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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