

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 48.471, 40.639)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(44, 48.471, 40.639) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(44, 48.493, 41.028)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A94C35
RGB	169, 76, 53
RGB Percent	66%, 30%, 21%
CMY	0.3376, 0.7023, 0.7924
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.69, 0.34
HSL	12°, 52%, 43%
HSV	12°, 69%, 66%
XYZ	19.5610, 13.8382, 4.9992
YIQ	101.1850, 62.8110, 12.5630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

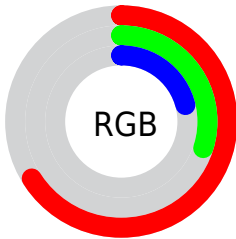
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	169, 82, 53
Decimal	11095093
CIELab	44.00, 36.58, 31.83
CIELCh	44, 48.493, 41.028
Yxy	13.8382, 0.5094, 0.3604
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289285173 (0xFFA94C35)
YUV	101.1850, -23.7552, 59.4738
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, 28.7625, 18.0719

# Details

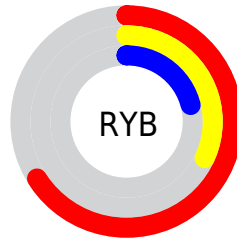
The CIELCh color **44, 48.493, 41.028** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **56, 28.052, 225.667**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 48.744, 41.015**, and **24, 48.478, 40.661** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 57.036, 42.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 40.053, 40.201**.

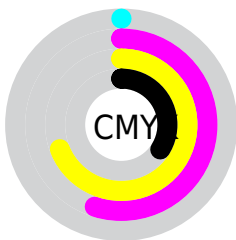
# Distribution



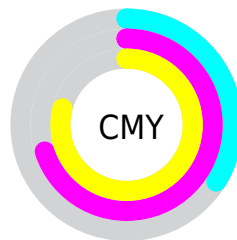
- Red (66%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (79%)







# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 48.493, 41.028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 48.493, 41.028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 44, 48.493, 41.028	 44, 48.493, 41.028
 100, 48.493, 41.028	 34, 48.493, 41.028
 64, 48.493, 41.028	 24, 48.493, 41.028
 74, 48.493, 41.028	 14, 48.493, 41.028
 84, 48.493, 41.028	 4, 48.493, 41.028
 94, 48.493, 41.028	 0, 48.493, 41.028

 44, 48.493, 41.028	 44, 48.493, 41.028
 41, 57.036, 42.016	 47, 40.053, 40.201
 39, 65.091, 42.893	 50, 31.988, 39.598

37, 71.849, 43.428

54, 24.415, 39.218

37, 72.778, 43.613

58, 17.372, 39.027

62, 10.856, 38.984

66, 4.839, 39.025

70, 0.719, 219.979

74, 5.864, 219.651

78, 10.640,  
219.921

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 48.493, 41.028



56, 28.052, 225.667

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 48.493, 41.028



44, 48.493, 91.028



44, 48.493, 221.028



44, 48.493, 271.028

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 48.491, 41.031



77, 15.274, 38.984



43, 63.584, 334.470



39, 10.435, 38.992



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 48.491, 41.031



52, 74.142, 42.479



57, 46.973, 83.267



34, 3.159, 39.023



32, 65.530, 43.671



2, 5.668, 36.127





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 28.052, 225.667



69, 37.245, 229.363



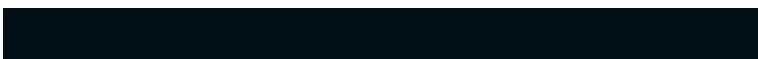
39, 48.548, 286.635



35, 2.985, 219.627



46, 29.202, 234.446

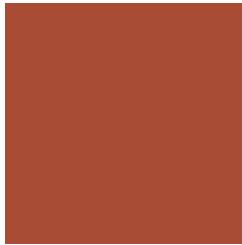


4, 5.433, 226.548



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 48.493, 41.028 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 48.493, 41.028 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 44, 48.493, 41.028**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 48.493, 41.028.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 48.493, 41.028.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44, 48.493, 41.028

### Protanopia

44, 25.038, 96.867

### Deuteranopia

44, 33.849, 80.877



**Tritanopia**  
44, 43.723, 22.876



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 48.493, 41.028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 76, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 76, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 76, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 76, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 48.493, 41.028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 76, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 76, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 76, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 76, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 76, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 76,  
53) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 48.493, 41.028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 76, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 76,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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