

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 5.897, 334.829)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 5.897, 334.829) contains.

CIELCh(44, 5.897, 334.829)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(44, 5.897, 334.829)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F656C
RGB	111, 101, 108
RGB Percent	44%, 40%, 42%
CMY	0.5637, 0.6030, 0.5755
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.03, 0.56
HSL	318°, 5%, 42%
HSV	318°, 9%, 44%
XYZ	13.9840, 13.8382, 16.1902
YIQ	104.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

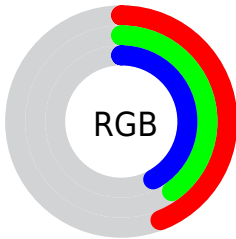
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 101, 108
Decimal	7300460
CIE Lab	44.00, 5.34, -2.51
CIE LCh	44, 5.897, 334.829
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3177, 0.3144
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285490540 (0xFF6F656C)
YUV	104.7880, 1.5835, 5.4479
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, 2.0016, 0.2355

Details

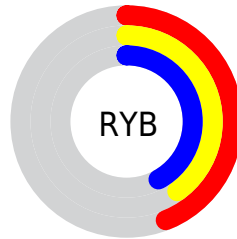
The CIELCh color $44, 5.897, 334.829$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 5.867, 153.732$, and the grayscale version is $44, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64, 5.772, 337.403$, and $24, 6.197, 332.088$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41, 12.530, 335.529$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 0.649, 154.568$.

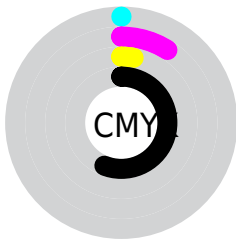
Distribution



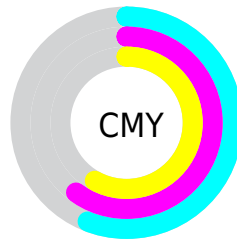
- Red (44%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 5.897, 334.829 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 5.897, 334.829 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 44, 5.897, 334.829

■ 44, 5.897, 334.829

■ 100, 5.897,
334.829

■ 34, 5.897, 334.829

■ 64, 5.897, 334.829

■ 24, 5.897, 334.829

■ 74, 5.897, 334.829

■ 14, 5.897, 334.829

■ 84, 5.897, 334.829

■ 4, 5.897, 334.829

■ 94, 5.897, 334.829

■ 0, 5.897, 334.829

■ 44, 5.897, 334.829

■ 44, 5.897, 334.829

■ 41, 12.530,
335.529

■ 47, 0.649, 154.568

■ 38, 19.171,

■ 51, 7.054, 153.655

336.256

54, 13.290,
153.069

35, 25.694,
337.027

57, 19.347,
152.525

32, 31.921,
337.857

61, 25.220,
152.013

30, 37.617,
338.763

64, 30.914,
151.531

28, 42.506,
339.772

68, 36.438,
151.076

26, 46.300,
340.923

71, 41.801,
150.648

25, 48.772,
342.273

74, 47.012,
150.244

24, 50.348,
343.768

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 5.897, 334.829



46, 5.867, 153.732

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 5.897, 334.829



44, 5.897, 24.829



44, 5.897, 154.829



44, 5.897, 204.829

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 5.896, 334.831



59, 2.440, 334.376



43, 6.153, 302.299



30, 1.864, 334.442



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 5.896, 334.831



56, 8.995, 334.992



44, 4.352, 3.966



22, 3.713, 334.833



26, 53.191, 344.083



55, 89.888, 345.295

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 5.896, 334.831



56, 8.995, 334.992



46, 4.208, 182.574



22, 3.713, 334.833



26, 53.191, 344.083



55, 89.888, 345.295

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 5.897, 334.829 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 5.897, 334.829 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

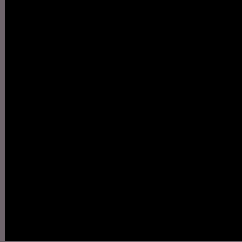
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 5.897, 334.829

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 5.897, 334.829.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 5.897, 334.829.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

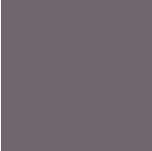
44, 5.897, 334.829

Protanopia

44, 4.227, 296.247

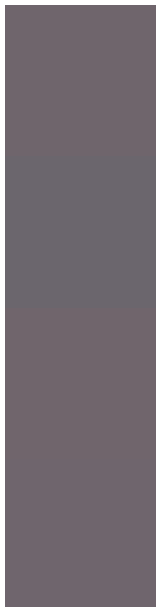
Deuteranopia

44, 6.193, 337.617



Tritanopia
44, 6.333, 331.025

Trichromacy



Original Color
44, 5.897, 334.829

Protanomaly
44, 4.691, 316.412

Deuteranomaly
44, 6.193, 337.617

Tritanomaly
44, 6.333, 331.025

Monochromacy



Original Color
44, 5.897, 334.829

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
44, 1.731, 335.721

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 5.897, 334.829 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 101, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 101, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 101, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 101, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 5.897, 334.829 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 101, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 101, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 101, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 101, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 101, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 101,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 5.897, 334.829 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 101, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
101, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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