

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 52.320, 339.147)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 52.320, 339.147)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(44, 52.224, 339.192)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A64388
RGB	166, 67, 136
RGB Percent	65%, 26%, 53%
CMY	0.3500, 0.7381, 0.4676
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.18, 0.35
HSL	318°, 43%, 46%
HSV	318°, 60%, 65%
XYZ	22.0955, 13.8382, 24.7145
YIQ	104.4670, 36.8550, 42.4470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

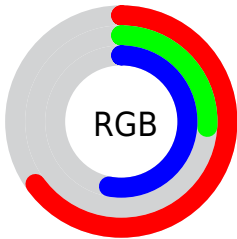
Format	Color
R_{YB}	166, 67, 136
Decimal	10896264
CIE _{Lab}	44.00, 48.82, -18.55
CIE _{LCh}	44, 52.224, 339.192
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3643, 0.2282
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289086344 (0xFFA64388)
YUV	104.4670, 15.5458, 53.9644
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, 40.9237, -13.3508

Details

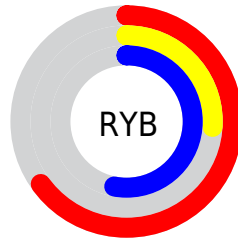
The CIELCh color **44, 52.224, 339.192** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **61, 52.207, 148.447**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 52.079, 339.262**, and **24, 52.312, 339.188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 58.543, 340.292**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 44.613, 338.218**.

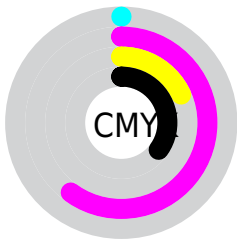
Distribution



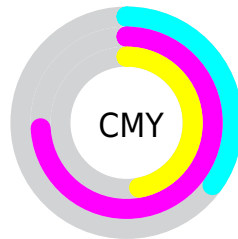
- Red (65%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 52.224, 339.192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 52.224, 339.192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 44, 52.224,
339.192


 44, 52.224,
339.192


 100, 52.224,
339.192


 34, 52.224,
339.192

 64, 52.224,
339.192


 24, 52.224,
339.192

 74, 52.224,
339.192

 14, 52.224,
339.192

 84, 52.224,
339.192

 4, 52.224, 339.192

 94, 52.224,
339.192

 0, 52.224, 339.192

 44, 52.224,

 44, 52.224,

339.192

339.192

41, 58.543,
340.292

47, 44.613,
338.218

39, 63.167,
341.569

51, 36.144,
337.333

38, 65.815,
343.089

55, 27.181,
336.517

37, 66.820,
344.867

59, 18.006,
335.752

37, 66.846,
344.919

64, 8.820, 335.023

68, 0.248, 155.576

73, 9.119, 153.788

77, 17.748,
153.178

82, 26.118,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 52.224, 339.192



61, 52.207, 148.447

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 52.224, 339.192



44, 52.224, 29.192



44, 52.224, 159.192



44, 52.224, 209.192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 52.222, 339.192



77, 20.437, 335.650



36, 61.084, 306.411



39, 14.332, 335.860



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 52.222, 339.192



53, 73.801, 340.732



42, 43.607, 12.368



33, 5.200, 334.993



32, 61.590, 344.712



2, 8.922, 337.617

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 52.222, 339.192



53, 73.801, 340.732



62, 33.760, 177.199



33, 5.200, 334.993



32, 61.590, 344.712



2, 8.922, 337.617

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 52.224, 339.192 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

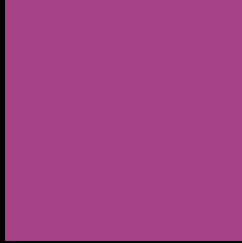
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 52.224, 339.192 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

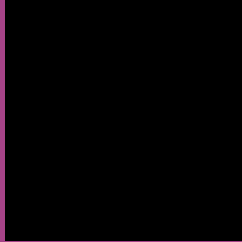
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 52.224, 339.192

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 52.224, 339.192.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 52.224, 339.192.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

44, 52.224, 339.192

Protanopia

44, 36.670, 285.316

Deuteranopia

44, 16.167, 291.128



Tritanopia
44, 36.667, 19.801

Trichromacy



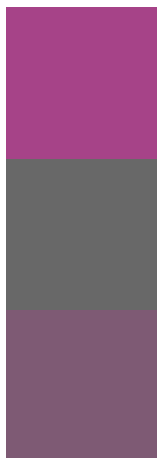
Original Color
44, 52.224, 339.192

Protanomaly
43, 39.323, 306.125

Deuteranomaly
43, 28.494, 321.186

Tritanomaly
44, 39.388, 1.981

Monochromacy



Original Color
44, 52.224, 339.192

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 21.252, 335.315

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 52.224, 339.192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 67, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 67, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 67, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 67, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 52.224, 339.192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 67, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 67, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 67, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 67, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 67, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 67,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 52.224, 339.192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 67, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166, 67,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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