

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 6.399, 121.578)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 6.399, 121.578) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(44, 6.108, 121.298)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66695F
RGB	102, 105, 95
RGB Percent	40%, 41%, 37%
CMY	0.5988, 0.5870, 0.6263
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.10, 0.59
HSL	78°, 5%, 39%
HSV	78°, 10%, 41%
XYZ	12.6746, 13.8382, 12.9000
YIQ	102.9630, 1.4220, -3.7460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

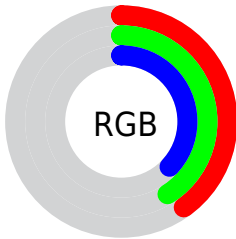
Format	Color
RYB	95, 105, 98
Decimal	6711647
CIELab	44.00, -3.17, 5.22
CIElCh	44, 6.108, 121.298
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3216, 0.3511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284901727 (0xFF66695F)
YUV	102.9630, -3.9258, -0.8446
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, -4.2815, 5.4794

Details

The CIELCh color **44, 6.108, 121.298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **41, 6.220, 302.331**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 6.231, 120.369**, and **24, 6.111, 122.329** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 12.526, 120.752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 0.326, 301.739**.

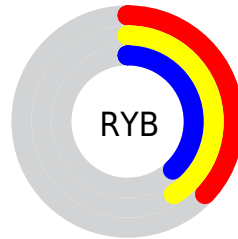
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (41%)

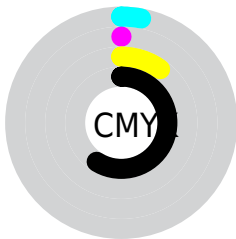
Blue (37%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (38%)

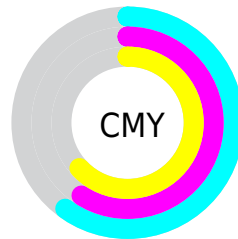


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 6.108, 121.298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 6.108, 121.298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 44, 6.108, 121.298

■ 44, 6.108, 121.298

■ 100, 6.108,
121.298

■ 34, 6.108, 121.298

■ 64, 6.108, 121.298

■ 24, 6.108, 121.298

■ 74, 6.108, 121.298

■ 14, 6.108, 121.298

■ 84, 6.108, 121.298

■ 4, 6.108, 121.298

■ 94, 6.108, 121.298

■ 0, 6.108, 121.298

■ 44, 6.108, 121.298

■ 44, 6.108, 121.298

■ 43, 12.526,
120.752

■ 45, 0.326, 301.739

■ 43, 18.883,

■ 45, 6.752, 302.337

120.197

■ 46, 13.146,
302.820

■ 43, 25.123,
119.656

■ 46, 19.493,
303.272

■ 42, 31.160,
119.159

■ 47, 25.781,
303.692

■ 42, 36.871,
118.746

■ 48, 32.002,
304.082

■ 41, 42.080,
118.478

■ 49, 38.149,
304.441

■ 41, 46.556,
118.435

■ 49, 44.218,
304.773

■ 41, 50.042,
118.711

■ 50, 50.205,
305.078

■ 41, 52.949,
119.128

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 6.108, 121.298



41, 6.220, 302.331

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 6.108, 121.298



44, 6.108, 171.298



44, 6.108, 301.298



44, 6.108, 351.298

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 6.109, 121.304



57, 2.399, 121.659



42, 3.476, 50.886



29, 1.806, 121.620



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 6.109, 121.304



57, 8.814, 121.205



44, 6.888, 138.419



22, 3.663, 121.333



45, 57.390, 119.314



89, 99.265, 120.139

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 6.220, 302.331



52, 9.000, 302.440



41, 6.926, 319.186



20, 3.726, 302.300



14, 72.814, 308.700



34, 126.162, 308.171

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 6.108, 121.298 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 6.108, 121.298 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

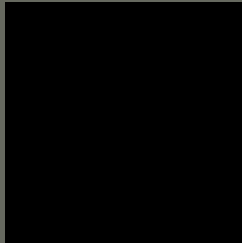
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

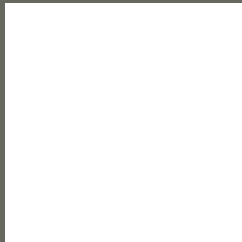
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 6.108, 121.298

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 6.108, 121.298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 6.108, 121.298.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


44, 6.108, 121.298

Protanopia

44, 6.198, 93.243

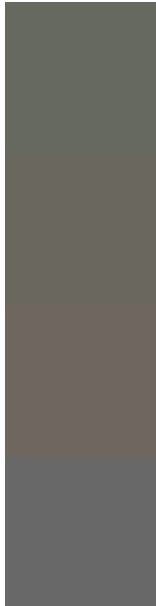
Deuteranopia

44, 7.725, 38.151



Tritanopia
44, 4.878, 300.340

Trichromacy



Original Color

44, 6.108, 121.298

Protanomaly

44, 6.021, 101.145

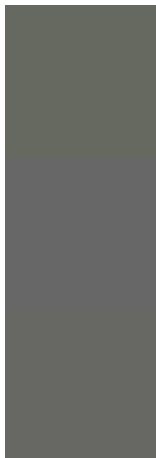
Deuteranomaly

44, 5.585, 59.532

Tritanomaly

44, 0.604, 290.330

Monochromacy



Original Color

44, 6.108, 121.298

Achromatopsia

44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

44, 2.427, 119.696

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 6.108, 121.298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 105, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 105, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 105, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 105, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 6.108, 121.298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 105, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 105, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 105, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 105, 95); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 105, 95); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 105, 95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 6.108, 121.298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 105, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
105, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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