

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 6.809, 132.100)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 6.809, 132.100) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(44, 6.497, 132.125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	646A60
RGB	100, 106, 96
RGB Percent	39%, 42%, 38%
CMY	0.6082, 0.5846, 0.6239
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.09, 0.58
HSL	96°, 5%, 40%
HSV	96°, 9%, 42%
XYZ	12.4990, 13.8382, 13.0584
YIQ	103.0660, -0.3660, -4.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

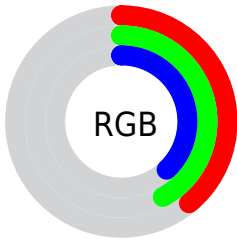
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 106, 102
Decimal	6580832
CIE Lab	44.00, -4.36, 4.82
CIE LCh	44, 6.497, 132.125
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3173, 0.3513
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284770912 (0xFF646A60)
YUV	103.0660, -3.4835, -2.6889
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, -5.1238, 5.2269

Details

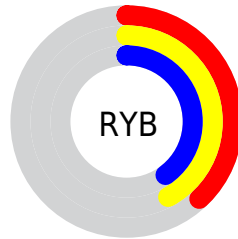
The CIELCh color **44, 6.497, 132.125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **42, 6.566, 312.844**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 6.561, 130.366**, and **24, 6.586, 134.112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 13.411, 131.692**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 0.389, 312.265**.

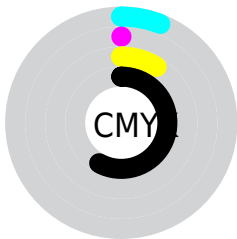
Distribution



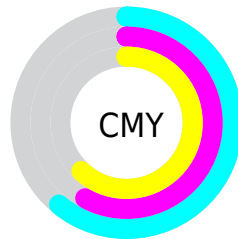
- Red (39%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 6.497, 132.125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 6.497, 132.125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 44, 6.497, 132.125

■ 44, 6.497, 132.125

■ 100, 6.497,
132.125

■ 34, 6.497, 132.125

■ 64, 6.497, 132.125

■ 24, 6.497, 132.125

■ 74, 6.497, 132.125

■ 14, 6.497, 132.125

■ 84, 6.497, 132.125

■ 4, 6.497, 132.125

■ 94, 6.497, 132.125

■ 0, 6.497, 132.125

■ 44, 6.497, 132.125

■ 44, 6.497, 132.125

■ 43, 13.411,
131.692

■ 45, 0.389, 312.265

■ 43, 20.300,

■ 46, 7.214, 312.853

131.233

47, 13.952,
313.181

42, 27.096,
130.763

48, 20.585,
313.469

41, 33.704,
130.307

49, 27.100,
313.723

41, 39.991,
129.907

50, 33.489,
313.947

40, 45.773,
129.629

51, 39.749,
314.144

40, 50.813,
129.567

52, 45.878,
314.316

40, 54.848,
129.828

53, 51.876,
314.466

39, 58.234,
130.168

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 6.497, 132.125



42, 6.566, 312.844

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 6.497, 132.125



44, 6.497, 182.125



44, 6.497, 312.125



44, 6.497, 2.125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 6.498, 132.128



57, 2.551, 132.414



43, 3.963, 84.252



29, 1.920, 132.379



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 6.498, 132.128



56, 9.396, 132.048



44, 6.839, 146.757



22, 3.902, 132.148



43, 62.945, 130.355



86, 109.375, 131.235

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 6.566, 312.844



53, 9.508, 312.923



42, 6.854, 327.758



20, 3.941, 312.825



18, 68.597, 314.845



42, 118.599, 314.220

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 6.497, 132.125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

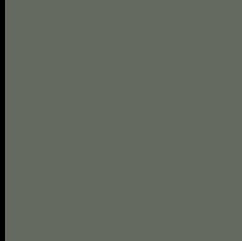
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 6.497, 132.125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

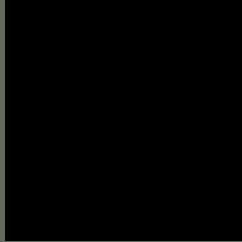
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

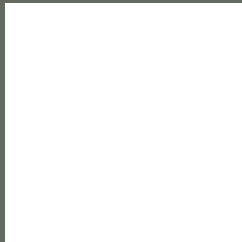
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 6.497, 132.125

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 6.497, 132.125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 6.497, 132.125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


44, 6.497, 132.125

Protanopia

44, 5.625, 91.702

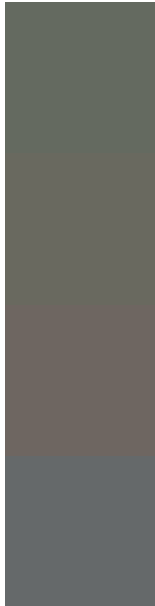
Deuteranopia

44, 7.107, 34.727



Tritanopia
44, 4.845, 281.426

Trichromacy



Original Color

44, 6.497, 132.125

Protanomaly

44, 5.958, 109.312

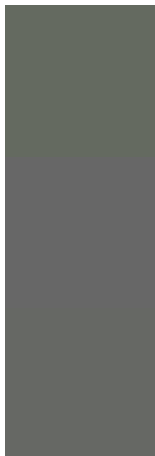
Deuteranomaly

44, 4.525, 60.881

Tritanomaly

44, 1.722, 219.786

Monochromacy



Original Color

44, 6.497, 132.125

Achromatopsia

44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

44, 2.538, 128.941

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 6.497, 132.125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 106, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 106, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 106, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 106, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 6.497, 132.125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 106, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 106, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 106, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 106, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 106, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 106,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 6.497, 132.125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 106, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
106, 96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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