

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 7.896, 135.820)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(44, 7.896, 135.820) contains.

<b>CIELCh(44, 8.122, 136.838)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(44, 8.122, 136.838)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	626B5F
RGB	98, 107, 95
RGB Percent	38%, 42%, 37%
CMY	0.6171, 0.5818, 0.6288
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.11, 0.58
HSL	105°, 6%, 39%
HSV	105°, 11%, 42%
XYZ	12.2695, 13.8382, 12.7678
YIQ	102.9410, -1.5120, -5.6400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

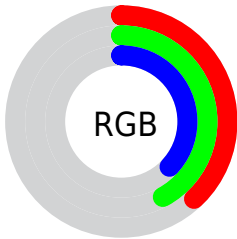
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">95, 107, 104</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6450015</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">44.00, -5.92, 5.56</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">44, 8.122, 136.838</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">13.8382, 0.3156, 0.3560</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284640095 (0xFF626B5F)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">102.9410, -3.9149, -4.3333</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">37.1997, -6.2256, 5.6901</a>

# Details

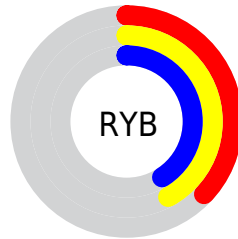
The CIELCh color **44, 8.122, 136.838** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **41, 8.183, 317.734**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 8.055, 135.167**, and **24, 8.176, 135.882** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 15.394, 136.357**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 0.891, 137.386**.

# Distribution



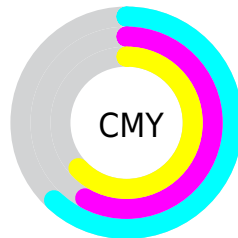
- Red (38%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 8.122, 136.838 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 8.122, 136.838 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44, 8.122, 136.838

■ 44, 8.122, 136.838

■ 100, 8.122,  
136.838

■ 34, 8.122, 136.838

■ 64, 8.122, 136.838

■ 24, 8.122, 136.838

■ 74, 8.122, 136.838

■ 14, 8.122, 136.838

■ 84, 8.122, 136.838

■ 4, 8.122, 136.838

■ 94, 8.122, 136.838

■ 0, 8.122, 136.838

■ 44, 8.122, 136.838

■ 44, 8.122, 136.838

■ 43, 15.394,  
136.357

■ 45, 0.891, 137.386

■ 42, 22.638,

■ 46, 6.257, 317.602

135.831

47, 13.287,  
317.938

42, 29.769,  
135.268

48, 20.177,  
318.224

41, 36.666,  
134.690

49, 26.914,  
318.470

40, 43.171,  
134.139

51, 33.489,  
318.682

40, 49.072,  
133.681

52, 39.899,  
318.864

40, 54.107,  
133.412

53, 46.144,  
319.020

39, 58.002,  
133.441

55, 52.228,  
319.154

39, 60.933,  
133.387

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 8.122, 136.838



41, 8.183, 317.734

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 8.122, 136.838



44, 8.122, 186.838



44, 8.122, 316.838



44, 8.122, 6.838

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 8.123, 136.840



57, 2.657, 137.230



44, 5.512, 95.962



29, 2.001, 137.192



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 8.123, 136.840



56, 11.591, 136.742



44, 7.362, 151.646



22, 4.068, 136.945



43, 65.306, 133.517



85, 113.317, 134.176





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 8.183, 317.734



52, 11.687, 317.823



42, 7.393, 333.002



21, 4.094, 317.638



21, 66.769, 319.321



48, 115.166, 318.847



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 8.122, 136.838 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 8.122, 136.838 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

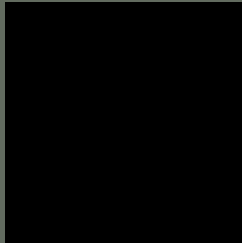
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

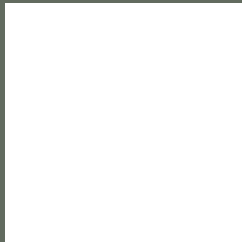
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 44, 8.122, 136.838

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 8.122, 136.838.

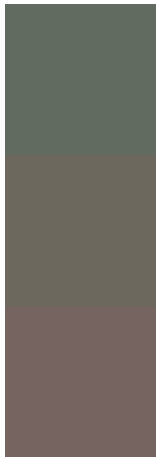


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 8.122, 136.838.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44, 8.122, 136.838

### Protanopia

44, 6.774, 94.507

### Deuteranopia

44, 7.725, 38.151



**Tritanopia**  
44, 5.020, 272.488



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
44, 8.122, 136.838

**Protanomaly**  
44, 6.572, 112.941

**Deuteranomaly**  
44, 4.948, 65.946

**Tritanomaly**  
44, 2.488, 213.213

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
44, 8.122, 136.838

**Achromatopsia**  
44, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
44, 2.708, 137.185

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 8.122, 136.838 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 107, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 107, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 107, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 107, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 8.122, 136.838 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 107, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 107, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 107, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 107, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 107, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 107,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 8.122, 136.838 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 107, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 107,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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