

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 8.901, 341.199)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 8.901, 341.199) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(44, 9.232, 340.245)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74636D
RGB	116, 99, 109
RGB Percent	45%, 39%, 43%
CMY	0.5437, 0.6104, 0.5712
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.06, 0.54
HSL	325°, 8%, 42%
HSV	325°, 15%, 46%
XYZ	14.5235, 13.8382, 16.4725
YIQ	105.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

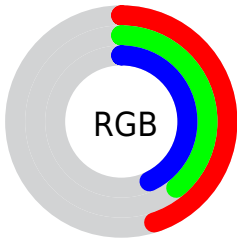
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 99, 109
Decimal	7627629
CIE Lab	44.00, 8.69, -3.12
CIE LCh	44, 9.232, 340.245
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3239, 0.3087
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285817709 (0xFF74636D)
YUV	105.2230, 1.8621, 9.4514
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, 4.5903, -0.2145

Details

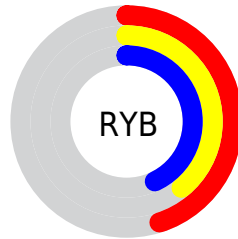
The CIELCh color $44, 9.232, 340.245$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $47, 9.124, 158.112$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64, 8.907, 341.575$, and $24, 9.817, 339.068$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41, 15.643, 341.078$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 2.890, 339.434$.

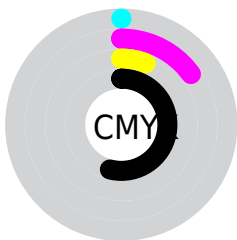
Distribution



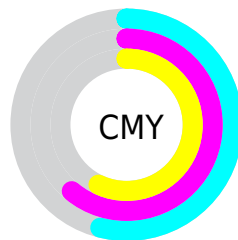
- Red (45%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 9.232, 340.245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 9.232, 340.245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 44, 9.232, 340.245

■ 44, 9.232, 340.245

■ 100, 9.232,
340.245

■ 34, 9.232, 340.245

■ 64, 9.232, 340.245

■ 24, 9.232, 340.245

■ 74, 9.232, 340.245

■ 14, 9.232, 340.245

■ 84, 9.232, 340.245

■ 4, 9.232, 340.245

■ 94, 9.232, 340.245

■ 0, 9.232, 340.245

■ 44, 9.232, 340.245

■ 44, 9.232, 340.245

■ 41, 15.643,
341.078

■ 47, 2.890, 339.434

■ 38, 22.029,

■ 51, 3.317, 158.900

341.983

54, 9.357, 158.203

35, 28.238,
342.987

58, 15.213,
157.588

32, 34.062,
344.125

61, 20.882,
157.018

29, 39.236,
345.443

65, 26.369,
156.487

27, 43.465,
347.008

69, 31.681,
155.989

26, 46.479,
348.912

72, 36.828,
155.522

25, 48.213,
351.232

76, 41.823,
155.083

24, 49.056,
352.507

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 9.232, 340.245



47, 9.124, 158.112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 9.232, 340.245



44, 9.232, 30.245



44, 9.232, 160.245



44, 9.232, 210.245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 9.230, 340.247



61, 3.089, 339.386



43, 10.628, 306.218



31, 2.214, 339.445



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 9.230, 340.247



55, 14.071, 340.559



44, 7.274, 12.314



23, 3.560, 339.803



26, 50.818, 352.688



54, 85.362, 354.605

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 9.230, 340.247



55, 14.071, 340.559



48, 6.767, 190.129



23, 3.560, 339.803



26, 50.818, 352.688



54, 85.362, 354.605

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 9.232, 340.245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 9.232, 340.245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

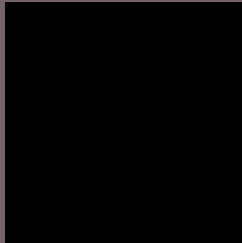
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 9.232, 340.245

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 9.232, 340.245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 9.232, 340.245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


44, 9.232, 340.245

Protanopia

44, 5.421, 295.176

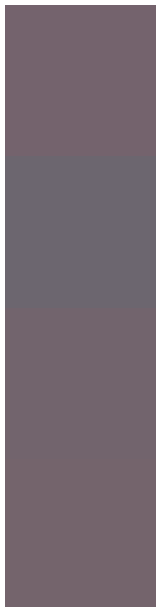
Deuteranopia

44, 6.607, 333.792



Tritanopia
44, 7.860, 348.308

Trichromacy



Original Color
44, 9.232, 340.245

Protanomaly
44, 5.948, 314.968

Deuteranomaly
44, 7.908, 337.511

Tritanomaly
44, 8.180, 344.734

Monochromacy



Original Color
44, 9.232, 340.245

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 3.068, 343.988

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 9.232, 340.245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 99, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 99, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 99, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 99, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 9.232, 340.245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 99, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 99, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 99, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 99, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 99, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 99,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 9.232, 340.245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 99, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 99,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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