

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 84.830, 332.940)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 84.830, 332.940)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(44, 84.961, 332.936)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE02AA
RGB	190, 2, 170
RGB Percent	75%, 1%, 67%
CMY	0.2562, 0.9923, 0.3345
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.11, 0.26
HSL	306°, 98%, 38%
HSV	306°, 99%, 74%
XYZ	28.4023, 13.8382, 39.0564
YIQ	77.3640, 58.1200, 92.1040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

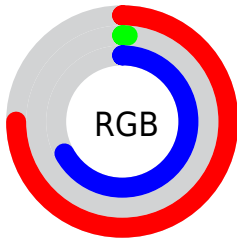
Format	Color
R_{YB}	190, 2, 170
Decimal	12452522
CIE _{Lab}	44.00, 75.66, -38.66
CIE _{LCh}	44, 84.961, 332.936
Yxy	13.8382, 0.3494, 0.1702
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290642602 (0xFFBE02AA)
YUV	77.3640, 45.6695, 98.7818
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, 71.1865, -36.2093

Details

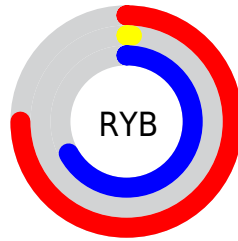
The CIELCh color **44, 84.961, 332.936** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. A complement of this color would be **67, 93.370, 137.044**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 84.931, 332.869**, and **30, 64.999, 333.186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 85.092, 332.988**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 83.336, 332.429**.

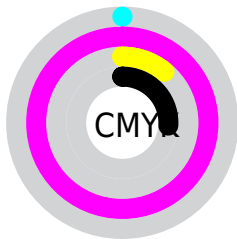
Distribution



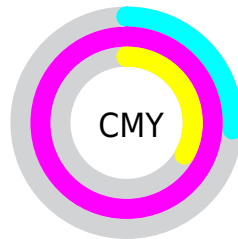
- Red (75%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 84.961, 332.936 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 84.961, 332.936 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 44, 84.961,
332.936


 44, 84.961,
332.936


 100, 84.961,
332.936

 34, 84.961,
332.936

 64, 84.961,
332.936

 24, 84.961,
332.936

 74, 84.961,
332.936


 14, 84.961,
332.936

 84, 84.961,
332.936

 4, 84.961, 332.936

 94, 84.961,
332.936

 0, 84.961, 332.936

 44, 84.961,

 44, 84.961,

332.936

332.936

■ 44, 85.092,
332.988

■ 45, 83.336,
332.429

■ 46, 79.628,
331.925

■ 48, 73.613,
331.409

■ 51, 65.571,
330.872

■ 55, 55.949,
330.313

■ 59, 45.233,
329.735

■ 63, 33.859,
329.147

■ 68, 22.175,
328.553

■ 72, 10.436,
327.956

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 84.961, 332.936



67, 93.370, 137.044

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 84.961, 332.936



44, 84.961, 22.936



44, 84.961, 152.936



44, 84.961, 202.936

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 84.958, 332.936



80, 43.483, 329.237



23, 106.029, 306.536



40, 29.833, 329.489



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 84.958, 332.936



57, 103.733, 333.076



40, 67.650, 11.286



37, 6.571, 327.979



36, 74.449, 332.916



3, 19.348, 329.556

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 84.958, 332.936



57, 103.733, 333.076



68, 63.541, 154.951



37, 6.571, 327.979



36, 74.449, 332.916



3, 19.348, 329.556

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 84.961, 332.936 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

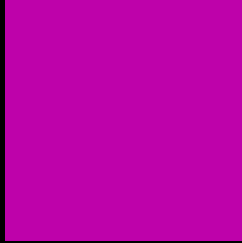
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 84.961, 332.936 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

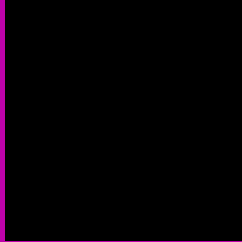
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 84.961, 332.936

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 84.961, 332.936.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 84.961, 332.936.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

44, 85.065, 332.935

Protanopia

45, 68.590, 287.367

Deuteranopia

45, 32.127, 280.733



Tritanopia
44, 51.193, 25.636

Trichromacy



Original Color
44, 85.065, 332.935



Protanomaly
37, 81.145, 301.479



Deuteranomaly
39, 59.135, 313.692



Tritanomaly
43, 59.752, 357.640

Monochromacy



Original Color
44, 85.065, 332.935



Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
32, 44.079, 330.549

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 84.961, 332.936 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 2, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 2, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 2, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 2, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 84.961, 332.936 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 2, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 2, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 2, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 2, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 2, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 2,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 84.961, 332.936 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 2, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 2,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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