

Converting Colors

CIELCh(44, 94.578, 295.950)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(44, 94.578, 295.950)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(44, 94.832, 296.143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0158F9
RGB	1, 88, 249
RGB Percent	0%, 35%, 98%
CMY	0.9976, 0.6547, 0.0232
CMYK	1.00, 0.65, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	219°, 100%, 49%
HSV	219°, 100%, 98%
XYZ	20.6134, 13.8382, 91.2742
YIQ	80.3410, -103.5330, 31.6270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

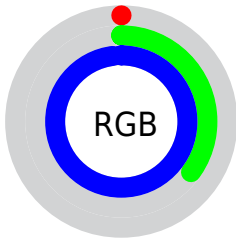
Format	Color
R _Y B	1, 65, 249
Decimal	88313
CIE Lab	44.00, 41.78, -85.13
CIE LCh	44, 94.832, 296.143
Yxy	13.8382, 0.1640, 0.1101
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278278393 (0xFF0158F9)
YUV	80.3410, 83.1489, -69.5821
Hunter-Lab	37.1997, 33.8122, -119.4356

Details

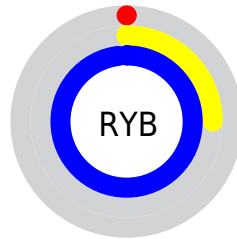
The CIELCh color **44, 94.832, 296.143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **73, 80.978, 73.333**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 66.317, 291.911**, and **28, 91.150, 301.441** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 95.081, 296.227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 84.552, 292.462**.

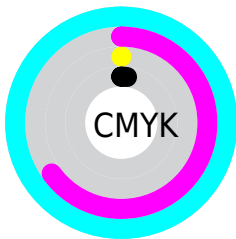
Distribution



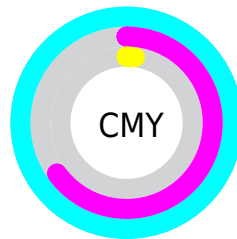
- Red (0%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 44, 94.832, 296.143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 44, 94.832, 296.143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 44, 94.832,
296.143

 44, 94.832,
296.143


 100, 94.832,
296.143

 34, 94.832,
296.143

 64, 94.832,
296.143


 24, 94.832,
296.143

 74, 94.832,
296.143

 14, 94.832,
296.143

 84, 94.832,
296.143

 4, 94.832, 296.143

 94, 94.832,
296.143

 0, 94.832, 296.143

 44, 94.832,

 44, 94.832,

296.143

296.143

■ 44, 95.081,
296.227

■ 48, 84.552,
292.462

■ 53, 74.312,
288.685

■ 58, 64.301,
285.085

■ 64, 54.560,
281.810

■ 69, 45.052,
278.923

■ 75, 35.731,
276.427

■ 81, 26.559,
274.293

■ 86, 17.518,
272.477

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 94.832, 296.143



73, 80.978, 73.333

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 94.832, 296.143



44, 94.832, 346.143



44, 94.832, 116.143



44, 94.832, 166.143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 94.833, 296.145



82, 27.296, 274.348



87, 75.857, 156.551



41, 18.676, 275.212



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 94.833, 296.145



45, 96.915, 296.274



32, 130.468, 306.691



49, 5.021, 270.904



33, 75.804, 295.583



8, 29.693, 289.985

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 84.608, 17.293



54, 86.238, 17.500



93, 96.364, 111.059



49, 5.728, 353.300



40, 68.482, 16.377



9, 30.464, 8.304

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 44, 94.832, 296.143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

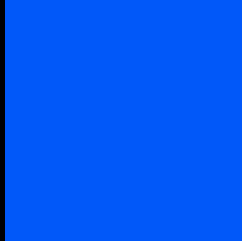
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 44, 94.832, 296.143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

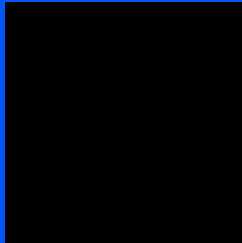
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 44, 94.832, 296.143

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 94.832, 296.143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 44, 94.832, 296.143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

44, 94.827, 296.158

Protanopia

44, 65.979, 286.724

Deuteranopia

44, 46.325, 273.752



Tritanopia
44, 27.084, 204.294

Trichromacy



Original Color
44, 94.827, 296.158

Protanomaly
44, 76.213, 290.858

Deuteranomaly
43, 63.840, 286.037

Tritanomaly
43, 40.800, 268.351

Monochromacy



Original Color
44, 94.827, 296.158

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 36.529, 282.026

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 44, 94.832, 296.143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 88, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 88, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 88, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 88, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 44, 94.832, 296.143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 88, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 88, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 88, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 88, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 88, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 88, 249)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 44, 94.832, 296.143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 88, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 88,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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