

Converting Colors

CIELCh(45, 1.381, 181.553)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(45, 1.381, 181.553) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(45, 1.367, 173.670)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	686B6A
RGB	104, 107, 106
RGB Percent	41%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.5916, 0.5798, 0.5837
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.01, 0.58
HSL	160°, 1%, 41%
HSV	160°, 3%, 42%
XYZ	13.6083, 14.5417, 15.7655
YIQ	105.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

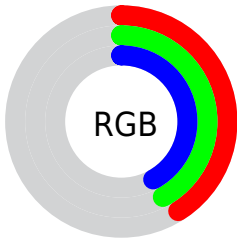
Format	Color
RYB	104, 106, 107
Decimal	6843242
CIELab	45.00, -1.36, 0.15
CIElCh	45, 1.367, 173.670
Yxy	14.5417, 0.3099, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285033322 (0xFF686B6A)
YUV	105.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444
Hunter-Lab	38.1336, -3.0345, 2.1814

Details

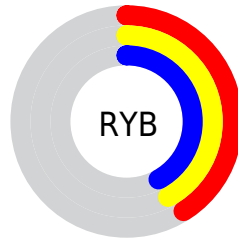
The CIELCh color $45, 1.367, 173.670$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44, 1.383, 353.690$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $65, 1.273, 173.832$, and $25, 1.509, 173.434$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 6.234, 172.594$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 3.533, 354.166$.

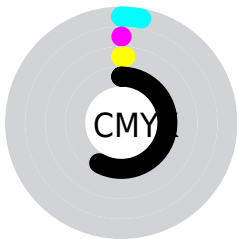
Distribution



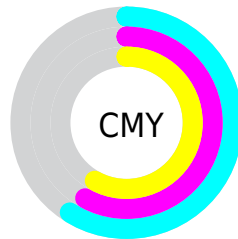
- Red (41%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 45, 1.367, 173.670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 45, 1.367, 173.670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45, 1.367, 173.670

■ 45, 1.367, 173.670

■ 100, 1.367,
173.670

■ 35, 1.367, 173.670

■ 65, 1.367, 173.670

■ 25, 1.367, 173.670

■ 75, 1.367, 173.670

■ 15, 1.367, 173.670

■ 85, 1.367, 173.670

■ 5, 1.367, 173.670

■ 95, 1.367, 173.670

■ 0, 1.367, 173.670

■ 45, 1.367, 173.670

■ 45, 1.367, 173.670

■ 44, 6.234, 172.594

■ 46, 3.533, 354.166

■ 43, 11.011,
171.628

■ 47, 8.425, 354.991

■ 42, 15.637,
170.595

■ 48, 13.275,
355.739

■ 42, 20.041,
169.471

■ 50, 18.057,
356.444

■ 41, 24.151,
168.235

■ 51, 22.754,
357.116

■ 41, 27.896,
166.867

■ 52, 27.355,
357.757

■ 40, 31.218,
165.345

■ 54, 31.850,
358.372

■ 40, 34.082,
163.649

■ 55, 36.239,
358.962

■ 40, 36.494,
161.781

■ 57, 40.519,
359.530

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 1.367, 173.670



44, 1.383, 353.690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 1.367, 173.670



45, 1.367, 223.670



45, 1.367, 353.670



45, 1.367, 43.670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 1.368, 173.642



58, 0.607, 174.167



45, 1.963, 134.076



30, 0.347, 174.226



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 1.368, 173.642



58, 1.827, 173.598



45, 1.069, 214.178



22, 1.097, 173.528



43, 40.847, 160.248



86, 71.950, 158.851

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 1.383, 353.690



57, 1.848, 353.734



44, 1.085, 33.532



22, 1.110, 353.805



24, 48.252, 15.549



52, 84.179, 19.097

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 45, 1.367, 173.670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

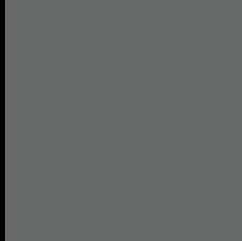
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 45, 1.367, 173.670 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

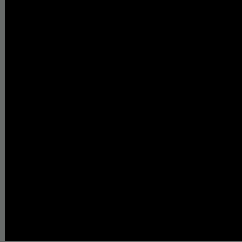
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

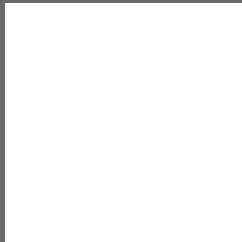
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 45, 1.367, 173.670

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 1.367, 173.670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 1.367, 173.670.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45, 1.367, 173.670

Protanopia

45, 1.010, 55.183

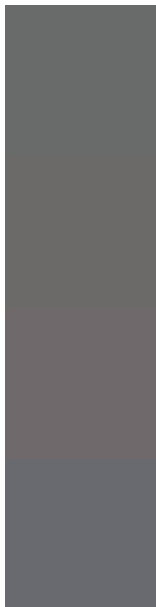
Deuteranopia

45, 5.911, 356.396



Tritanopia
45, 4.787, 286.098

Trichromacy



Original Color
45, 1.367, 173.670

Protanomaly
45, 0.716, 74.883

Deuteranomaly
45, 3.137, 357.409

Tritanomaly
45, 3.009, 282.939

Monochromacy



Original Color
45, 1.367, 173.670

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 0.408, 200.207

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 45, 1.367, 173.670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 107, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 107, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 107, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 107, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 45, 1.367, 173.670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 107, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 107, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 107, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 107, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 107, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 107,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 45, 1.367, 173.670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 107, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
107, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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