

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(45, 1.815, 19.437)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(45, 1.815, 19.437) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(45, 2.072, 19.493)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E6969
RGB	110, 105, 105
RGB Percent	43%, 41%, 41%
CMY	0.5672, 0.5868, 0.5868
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.05, 0.57
HSL	0°, 2%, 42%
HSV	0°, 5%, 43%
XYZ	14.1318, 14.5417, 15.5232
YIQ	106.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

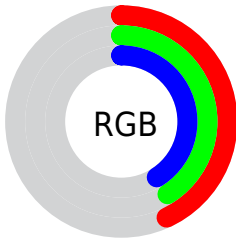
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	110, 105, 105
Decimal	7235945
CIE Lab	45.00, 1.95, 0.69
CIE LCh	45, 2.072, 19.493
Yxy	14.5417, 0.3197, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285426025 (0xFF6E6969)
YUV	106.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739
Hunter-Lab	38.1336, -0.5842, 2.5580

# Details

The CIELCh color  $45, 2.072, 19.493$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $46, 2.016, 199.380$ , and the grayscale version is  $45, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $65, 2.312, 19.420$ , and  $25, 1.837, 19.617$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $42, 6.891, 20.310$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $48, 2.404, 199.322$ .

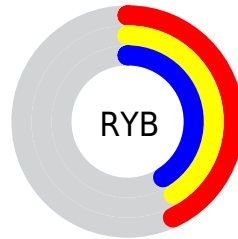
# Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (41%)

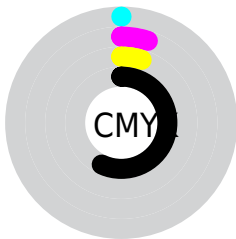
Blue (41%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (41%)

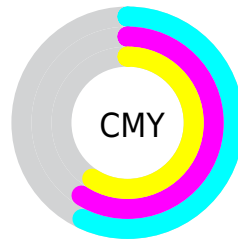


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (59%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

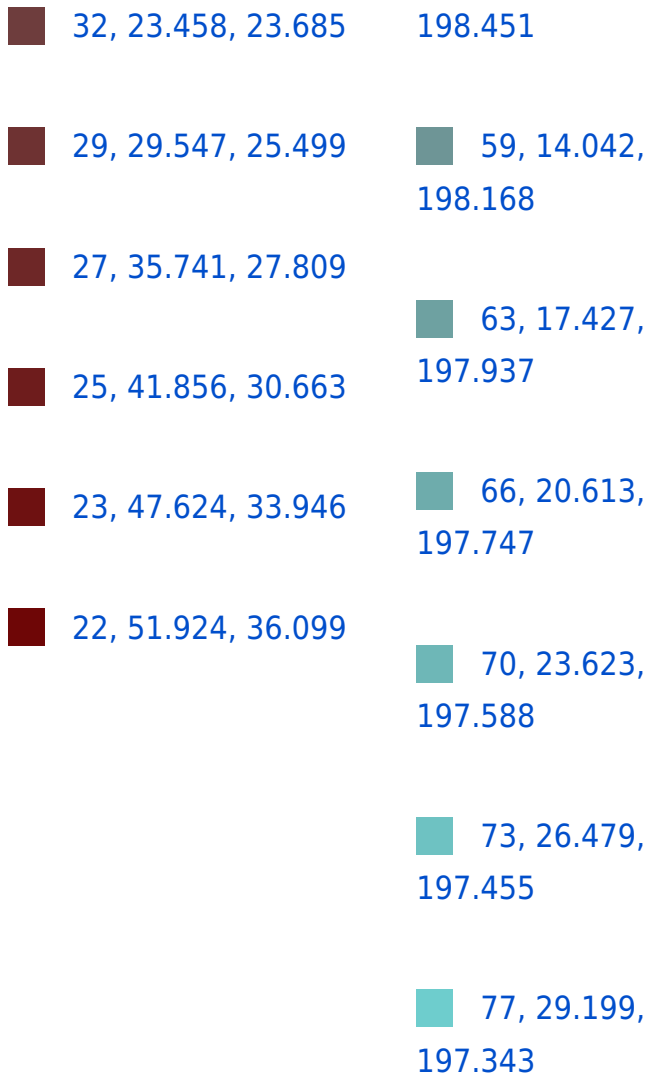
These gradients show how the CIELCh color 45, 2.072, 19.493 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 45, 2.072, 19.493 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 45, 2.072, 19.493	 45, 2.072, 19.493
 100, 2.072, 19.493	 35, 2.072, 19.493
 65, 2.072, 19.493	 25, 2.072, 19.493
 75, 2.072, 19.493	 15, 2.072, 19.493
 85, 2.072, 19.493	 5, 2.072, 19.493
 95, 2.072, 19.493	 0, 2.072, 19.493

 45, 2.072, 19.493	 45, 2.072, 19.493
 42, 6.891, 20.310	 48, 2.404, 199.322
 38, 12.071, 21.179	 52, 6.561, 198.809
 35, 17.605, 22.276	 56, 10.430,



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 2.072, 19.493



46, 2.016, 199.380

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 2.072, 19.493



45, 2.072, 69.493



45, 2.072, 199.493



45, 2.072, 249.493

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 2.071, 19.526



59, 0.558, 18.729



45, 3.636, 324.630



30, 0.315, 18.655



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 2.071, 19.526



57, 2.828, 19.582



46, 1.798, 74.770



22, 1.568, 19.606



24, 57.995, 37.799



52, 102.185, 40.003





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 2.016, 199.380



59, 2.743, 199.329



45, 1.788, 256.084



23, 1.518, 199.307



45, 28.658, 196.447



89, 48.942, 196.451



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 45, 2.072, 19.493 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 45, 2.072, 19.493 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

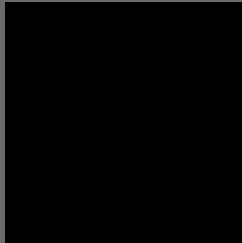
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

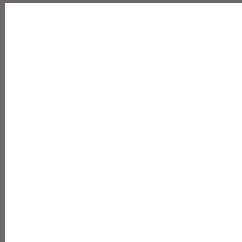
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 45, 2.072, 19.493**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 2.072, 19.493.

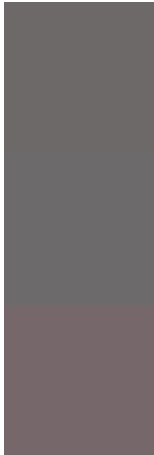


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 2.072, 19.493.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


45, 2.072, 19.493

### Protanopia

45, 0.824, 19.084

### Deuteranopia

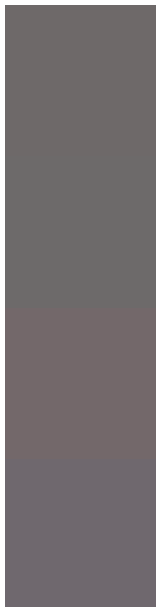
45, 6.113, 3.202



**Tritanopia**  
45, 5.588, 321.297



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45, 2.072, 19.493

## Protanomaly

45, 1.237, 19.275

## Deuteranomaly

45, 4.736, 5.414

## Tritanomaly

45, 4.608, 328.923

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45, 2.072, 19.493

## Achromatopsia

45, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

45, 0.824, 19.084

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 45, 2.072, 19.493 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 105, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 105, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 105, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 105, 105) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 45, 2.072, 19.493 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

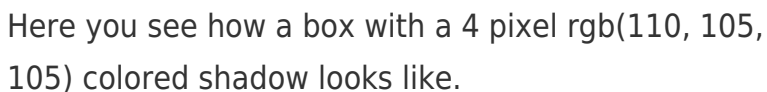
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 105, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 105, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 105, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 105, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 105, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 105,  
105) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 45, 2.072, 19.493 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 105, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
105, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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