

Converting Colors

CIELCh(45, 4.228, 201.912)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(45, 4.228, 201.912) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(45, 4.389, 198.967)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	626D6D
RGB	98, 109, 109
RGB Percent	38%, 43%, 43%
CMY	0.6170, 0.5738, 0.5739
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	180°, 5%, 40%
HSV	180°, 10%, 43%
XYZ	13.1772, 14.5417, 16.4865
YIQ	105.7110, -6.5560, -2.3320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

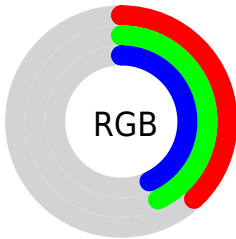
Format	Color
R _Y B	98, 104, 109
Decimal	6450541
CIE Lab	45.00, -4.15, -1.43
CIE LCh	45, 4.389, 198.967
Yxy	14.5417, 0.2981, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284640621 (0xFF626D6D)
YUV	105.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625
Hunter-Lab	38.1336, -5.0526, 1.0603

Details

The CIELCh color **45, 4.389, 198.967** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **42, 4.662, 19.928**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65, 4.123, 199.149**, and **25, 4.755, 198.633** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 8.496, 198.434**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 0.053, 206.104**.

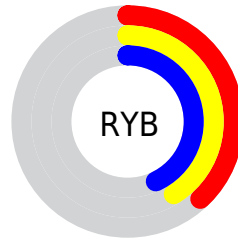
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (43%)

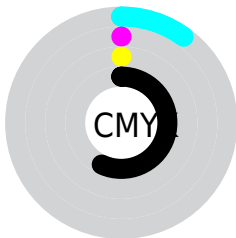
Blue (43%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (43%)

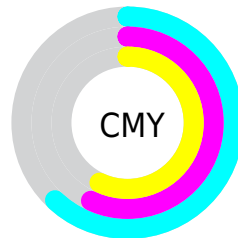


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 45, 4.389, 198.967 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 45, 4.389, 198.967 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45, 4.389, 198.967

■ 45, 4.389, 198.967

■ 100, 4.389,
198.967

■ 35, 4.389, 198.967

■ 65, 4.389, 198.967

■ 25, 4.389, 198.967

■ 75, 4.389, 198.967

■ 15, 4.389, 198.967

■ 85, 4.389, 198.967

■ 5, 4.389, 198.967

■ 95, 4.389, 198.967

■ 0, 4.389, 198.967

■ 45, 4.389, 198.967

■ 45, 4.389, 198.967

■ 44, 8.496, 198.434

■ 46, 0.053, 206.104

■ 44, 12.309,
197.982

■ 47, 4.459, 19.850

43, 15.765,
197.584

48, 9.093, 20.454

42, 18.803,
197.240

49, 13.807, 21.046

50, 18.567, 21.640

42, 21.371,
196.954

52, 23.345, 22.236

42, 23.431,
196.727

53, 28.117, 22.831

54, 32.868, 23.421

41, 24.968,
196.559

56, 37.585, 24.004

41, 25.995,
196.447

41, 26.745,
196.365

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 4.389, 198.967



42, 4.662, 19.928

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 4.389, 198.967



45, 4.389, 248.967



45, 4.389, 18.967



45, 4.389, 68.967

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 4.390, 198.953



58, 1.629, 199.493



45, 7.982, 143.469



30, 1.243, 199.409



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 4.390, 198.953



57, 6.382, 198.831



43, 3.877, 254.878



22, 2.415, 199.022



44, 28.239, 196.365



88, 48.594, 196.364

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 4.662, 19.928



53, 6.871, 20.093



44, 3.974, 72.390



21, 2.547, 19.840



23, 56.949, 37.572



51, 101.385, 39.996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 45, 4.389, 198.967 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 45, 4.389, 198.967 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

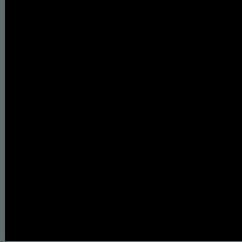
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

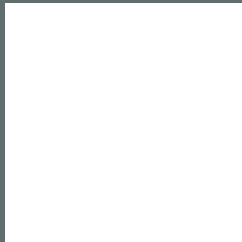
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 45, 4.389, 198.967

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 4.389, 198.967.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 4.389, 198.967.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

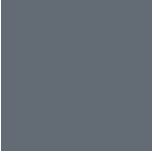
45, 4.389, 198.967

Protanopia

45, 1.024, 343.540

Deuteranopia

45, 6.481, 340.145



Tritanopia
45, 5.849, 254.043

Trichromacy



Original Color

45, 4.389, 198.967

Protanomaly

45, 1.348, 225.831

Deuteranomaly

45, 3.421, 318.961

Tritanomaly

45, 4.580, 239.892

Monochromacy



Original Color

45, 4.389, 198.967

Achromatopsia

44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

44, 1.626, 199.422

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 45, 4.389, 198.967 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 109, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 109, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 109, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 109, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 45, 4.389, 198.967 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 109, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 109, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 109, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 109, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 109, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 109,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 45, 4.389, 198.967 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 109, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 109,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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