

Converting Colors

CIELCh(45, 4.348, 170.467)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(45, 4.348, 170.467) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(45, 4.739, 168.702)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	636D69
RGB	99, 109, 105
RGB Percent	39%, 43%, 41%
CMY	0.6127, 0.5735, 0.5892
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.04, 0.57
HSL	156°, 5%, 41%
HSV	156°, 9%, 43%
XYZ	13.1015, 14.5417, 15.4178
YIQ	105.5540, -4.6760, -3.3640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

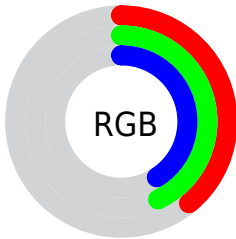
Format	Color
R _Y B	99, 105, 109
Decimal	6516073
CIE Lab	45.00, -4.65, 0.93
CIE LCh	45, 4.739, 168.702
Yxy	14.5417, 0.3043, 0.3377
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284706153 (0xFF636D69)
YUV	105.5540, -0.2731, -5.7479
Hunter-Lab	38.1336, -5.4069, 2.7219

Details

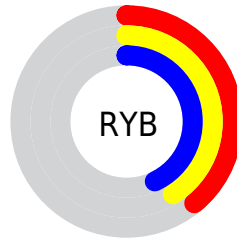
The CIELCh color **45, 4.739, 168.702** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **43, 4.825, 350.136**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65, 4.422, 168.959**, and **25, 5.209, 168.174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 9.858, 167.757**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 0.421, 348.799**.

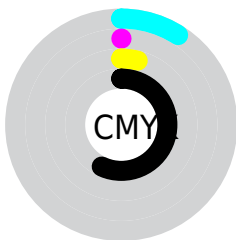
Distribution



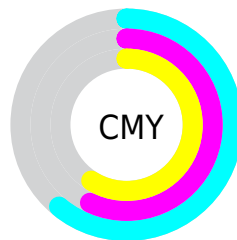
- Red (39%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 45, 4.739, 168.702 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 45, 4.739, 168.702 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45, 4.739, 168.702

■ 45, 4.739, 168.702

■ 100, 4.739,
168.702

■ 35, 4.739, 168.702

■ 65, 4.739, 168.702

■ 25, 4.739, 168.702

■ 75, 4.739, 168.702

■ 15, 4.739, 168.702

■ 85, 4.739, 168.702

■ 5, 4.739, 168.702

■ 95, 4.739, 168.702

■ 0, 4.739, 168.702

■ 45, 4.739, 168.702

■ 45, 4.739, 168.702

■ 44, 9.858, 167.757

■ 46, 0.421, 348.799

■ 43, 14.872,
166.756

■ 47, 5.574, 350.200

■ 42, 19.712,
165.660

■ 48, 10.682,
350.952

■ 42, 24.302,
164.448

■ 50, 15.714,
351.645

■ 41, 28.564,
163.098

■ 51, 20.650,
352.296

■ 41, 32.430,
161.588

■ 52, 25.475,
352.912

■ 41, 35.848,
159.900

■ 54, 30.182,
353.498

■ 40, 38.795,
158.023

■ 55, 34.767,
354.057

■ 40, 41.454,
156.121

■ 57, 39.229,
354.591

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 4.739, 168.702



43, 4.825, 350.136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 4.739, 168.702



45, 4.739, 218.702



45, 4.739, 348.702



45, 4.739, 38.702

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 4.740, 168.695



58, 1.904, 169.334



45, 6.438, 131.574



30, 1.455, 169.243



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 4.740, 168.695



57, 6.984, 168.500



45, 3.689, 206.836



22, 2.861, 168.718



43, 44.137, 155.769



86, 77.987, 154.330

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 4.825, 350.136



54, 7.134, 350.337



43, 3.902, 27.145



21, 2.911, 350.112



24, 47.632, 9.387



52, 82.393, 12.685

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 45, 4.739, 168.702 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

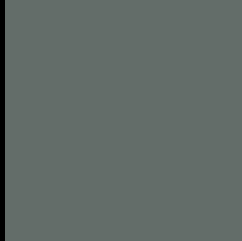
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 45, 4.739, 168.702 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

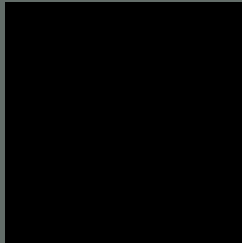
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

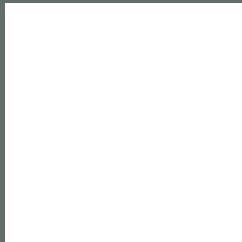
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 45, 4.739, 168.702

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 4.739, 168.702.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 4.739, 168.702.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


45, 4.739, 168.702

Protanopia

45, 2.166, 74.682

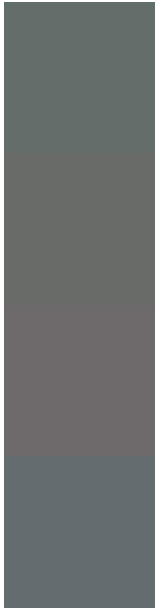
Deuteranopia

45, 6.113, 3.202



Tritanopia
45, 5.812, 267.131

Trichromacy



Original Color

45, 4.739, 168.702

Protanomaly

45, 1.971, 134.616

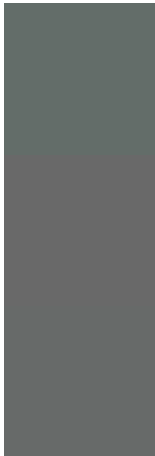
Deuteranomaly

45, 2.156, 3.486

Tritanomaly

45, 3.926, 236.686

Monochromacy



Original Color

45, 4.739, 168.702

Achromatopsia

44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

45, 1.370, 173.666

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 45, 4.739, 168.702 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 109, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 109, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 109, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 109, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 45, 4.739, 168.702 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 109, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 109, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 109, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 109, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 109, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 109,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 45, 4.739, 168.702 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 109, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 109,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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