

Converting Colors

CIELCh(45, 49.521, 16.892)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(45, 49.521, 16.892) contains.

CIELCh(45, 49.672, 16.657)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(45, 49.672, 16.657)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B54355
RGB	181, 67, 85
RGB Percent	71%, 26%, 33%
CMY	0.2894, 0.7365, 0.6660
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.53, 0.29
HSL	351°, 46%, 49%
HSV	351°, 63%, 71%
XYZ	22.7663, 14.5417, 10.2342
YIQ	103.1380, 62.1660, 29.7660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

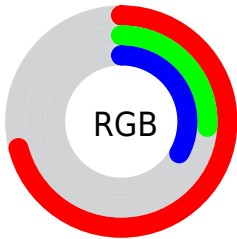
Format	Color
R_{YB}	181, 67, 85
Decimal	11879253
CIE _{Lab}	45.00, 47.59, 14.24
CIE _{LCh}	45, 49.672, 16.657
Yxy	14.5417, 0.4789, 0.3059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290069333 (0xFFB54355)
YUV	103.1380, -8.9420, 68.2850
Hunter-Lab	38.1336, 39.8330, 10.7814

Details

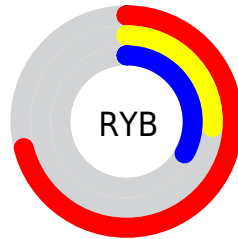
The CIELCh color **45, 49.672, 16.657** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **67, 36.315, 180.530**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65, 49.850, 16.755**, and **25, 49.781, 16.960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 57.255, 20.027**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 41.571, 13.989**.

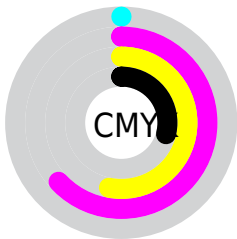
Distribution



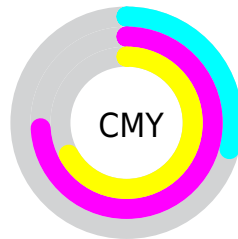
- Red (71%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 45, 49.672, 16.657 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 45, 49.672, 16.657 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 45, 49.672, 16.657

 45, 49.672, 16.657

 100, 49.672,
16.657

 35, 49.672, 16.657

 65, 49.672, 16.657

 25, 49.672, 16.657

 75, 49.672, 16.657

 15, 49.672, 16.657

 85, 49.672, 16.657

 5, 49.672, 16.657

 95, 49.672, 16.657

 0, 49.672, 16.657

 45, 49.672, 16.657

 45, 49.672, 16.657

 42, 57.255, 20.027

 49, 41.571, 13.989

 40, 64.082, 24.174

 53, 33.259, 11.878

■ 38, 70.035, 28.996

■ 57, 24.998, 10.191

■ 38, 73.894, 32.372

■ 62, 16.978, 8.820

■ 67, 9.310, 7.674

■ 72, 2.046, 6.548

■ 77, 4.803, 186.083

■ 83, 11.251,
185.331

■ 88, 17.325,
184.708

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 49.672, 16.657



67, 36.315, 180.530

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 49.672, 16.657



45, 49.672, 66.657



45, 49.672, 196.657



45, 49.672, 246.657

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 49.669, 16.659



81, 17.193, 8.386



46, 70.231, 322.294



41, 11.914, 8.723



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 49.669, 16.659



53, 73.197, 21.732



52, 43.437, 51.814



36, 4.084, 7.299



32, 65.589, 31.707



2, 10.810, 9.911

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 49.669, 16.659



53, 73.197, 21.732



56, 29.336, 246.411



36, 4.084, 7.299



32, 65.589, 31.707



2, 10.810, 9.911

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 45, 49.672, 16.657 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 45, 49.672, 16.657 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

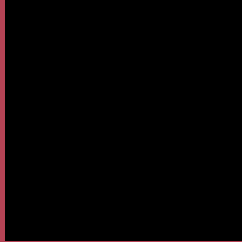
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 45, 49.672, 16.657

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 49.672, 16.657.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 49.672, 16.657.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45, 49.672, 16.657

Protanopia

45, 1.708, 63.293

Deuteranopia

45, 17.378, 71.058



Tritanopia
45, 50.436, 24.733

Trichromacy



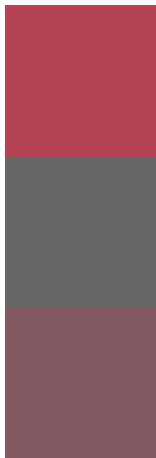
Original Color
45, 49.672, 16.657

Protanomaly
44, 18.839, 13.062

Deuteranomaly
44, 26.310, 32.977

Tritanomaly
45, 50.125, 21.717

Monochromacy



Original Color
45, 49.672, 16.657

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 18.163, 8.829

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 45, 49.672, 16.657 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 67, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 67, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 67, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 67, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 45, 49.672, 16.657 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 67, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 67, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 67, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 67, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 67, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 67,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 45, 49.672, 16.657 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 67, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 67,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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