

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(45, 68.334, 47.123)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(45, 68.334, 47.123) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(45, 68.341, 47.211)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BB4314
RGB	187, 67, 20
RGB Percent	73%, 26%, 8%
CMY	0.2682, 0.7385, 0.9229
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.89, 0.27
HSL	17°, 81%, 40%
HSV	17°, 89%, 73%
XYZ	22.5113, 14.5417, 2.2669
YIQ	97.5220, 86.6070, 10.8230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

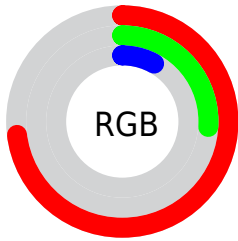
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	187, 85, 20
Decimal	12272404
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.00, 46.42, 50.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 68.341, 47.211
Yxy	14.5417, 0.5725, 0.3698
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290462484 (0xFFBB4314)
YUV	97.5220, -38.2183, 78.4722
Hunter-Lab	38.1336, 38.6395, 23.1690

# Details

The CIELCh color **45, 68.341, 47.211** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **54, 35.720, 247.725**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65, 68.163, 47.076**, and **25, 60.053, 38.890** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 75.147, 46.553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 60.080, 47.405**.

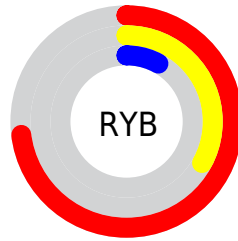
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (26%)

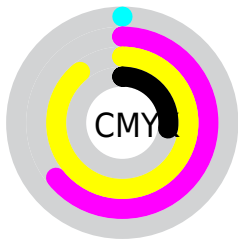
Blue (8%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (8%)

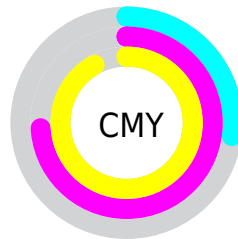


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 45, 68.341, 47.211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 45, 68.341, 47.211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45, 68.341, 47.211

■ 45, 68.341, 47.211

■ 100, 68.341,  
47.211

■ 35, 68.341, 47.211

■ 65, 68.341, 47.211

■ 25, 68.341, 47.211

■ 75, 68.341, 47.211

■ 15, 68.341, 47.211

■ 85, 68.341, 47.211

■ 5, 68.341, 47.211

■ 95, 68.341, 47.211

■ 0, 68.341, 47.211

■ 45, 68.341, 47.211

■ 45, 68.341, 47.211

■ 43, 75.147, 46.553

■ 48, 60.080, 47.405

■ 43, 75.524, 46.551

■ 50, 51.196, 47.323

■ 54, 42.389, 47.254

■ 57, 33.970, 47.301

■ 60, 26.063, 47.485

■ 64, 18.703, 47.795

■ 68, 11.879, 48.203

■ 72, 5.556, 48.662

■ 76, 0.310, 230.892

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 68.341, 47.211



54, 35.720, 247.725

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 68.341, 47.211



45, 68.341, 97.211



45, 68.341, 227.211



45, 68.341, 277.211

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 68.339, 47.213



83, 21.021, 47.870



43, 73.643, 340.896



43, 14.475, 47.744



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 68.339, 47.213



55, 92.413, 46.040



63, 64.217, 86.707



38, 3.358, 48.667



36, 66.495, 46.958



4, 10.412, 38.895





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 35.720, 247.725



67, 46.134, 253.534



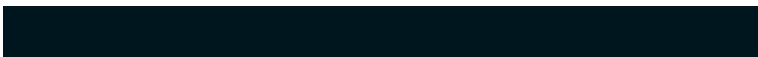
31, 79.570, 298.277



38, 3.189, 229.994



45, 33.166, 251.957



6, 9.586, 242.471



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 45, 68.341, 47.211 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 45, 68.341, 47.211 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

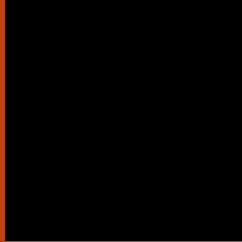
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 45, 68.341, 47.211**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 68.341, 47.211.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 68.341, 47.211.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45, 68.341, 47.211

### Protanopia

45, 43.194, 96.234

### Tritanopia

45, 57.034, 27.227

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
45, 68.341, 47.211

**Protanomaly**  
44, 46.761, 71.050

**Tritanomaly**  
45, 60.435, 36.401

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
45, 68.341, 47.211

**Achromatopsia**  
41, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
41, 23.655, 47.070



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 45, 68.341, 47.211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 67, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 67, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 67, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 67, 20) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 45, 68.341, 47.211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 67, 20) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 67, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 67, 20)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 67, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 67, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 67,  
20) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 45, 68.341, 47.211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 67, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187, 67,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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