

Converting Colors

CIELCh(45, 7.283, 165.656)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(45, 7.283, 165.656) contains.

CIELCh(45, 7.430, 164.400)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(45, 7.430, 164.400)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F6E67
RGB	95, 110, 103
RGB Percent	37%, 43%, 40%
CMY	0.6277, 0.5689, 0.5964
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.06, 0.57
HSL	152°, 7%, 40%
HSV	152°, 14%, 43%
XYZ	12.7233, 14.5417, 14.9481
YIQ	104.7170, -6.6930, -5.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

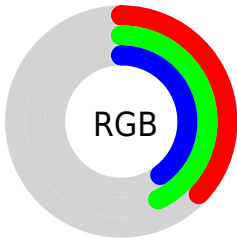
Format	Color
R _Y B	95, 105, 110
Decimal	6254183
CIE Lab	45.00, -7.16, 2.00
CIE LCh	45, 7.430, 164.400
Yxy	14.5417, 0.3014, 0.3445
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284444263 (0xFF5F6E67)
YUV	104.7170, -0.8465, -8.5218
Hunter-Lab	38.1336, -7.1769, 3.4523

Details

The CIELCh color $45, 7.430, 164.400$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $42, 7.575, 346.580$, and the grayscale version is $44, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $65, 7.570, 162.886$, and $25, 7.065, 164.167$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 12.834, 163.463$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 1.982, 165.332$.

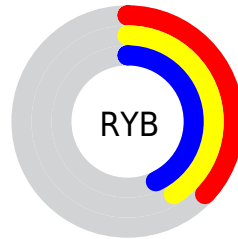
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (43%)

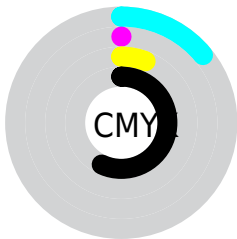
Blue (40%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (43%)

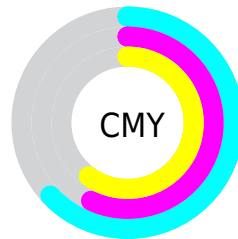


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (63%)













Magenta (57%)



Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 45, 7.430, 164.400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 45, 7.430, 164.400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 45, 7.430, 164.400	 45, 7.430, 164.400
 100, 7.430, 164.400	 35, 7.430, 164.400
 65, 7.430, 164.400	 25, 7.430, 164.400
 75, 7.430, 164.400	 15, 7.430, 164.400
 85, 7.430, 164.400	 5, 7.430, 164.400
 95, 7.430, 164.400	 0, 7.430, 164.400

 45, 7.430, 164.400	 45, 7.430, 164.400
 44, 12.834, 163.463	 46, 1.982, 165.332
 43, 18.124,	 47, 3.457, 345.884

162.441

48, 8.843, 346.639

43, 23.224,
161.305

50, 14.143,
347.308

42, 28.052,
160.034

51, 19.334,
347.927

41, 32.527,
158.606

52, 24.401,
348.508

41, 36.579,
157.001

54, 29.334,
349.054

41, 40.161,
155.207

55, 34.130,
349.572

40, 43.279,
153.241

57, 38.789,
350.063

40, 45.184,
152.066

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 7.430, 164.400



42, 7.575, 346.580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 7.430, 164.400



45, 7.430, 214.400



45, 7.430, 344.400



45, 7.430, 34.400

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 7.431, 164.397



59, 2.697, 165.280



45, 9.493, 129.087



30, 1.904, 165.215



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 7.431, 164.397



57, 10.793, 164.144



45, 5.822, 200.257



23, 3.115, 164.811



44, 48.280, 151.828



86, 84.782, 150.425

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 7.575, 346.580



53, 11.043, 346.837



42, 6.325, 21.547



22, 3.157, 346.161



25, 48.400, 3.303



53, 82.500, 6.129

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 45, 7.430, 164.400 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 45, 7.430, 164.400 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

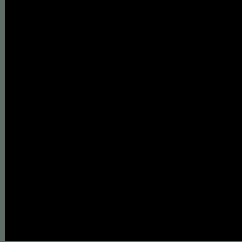
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

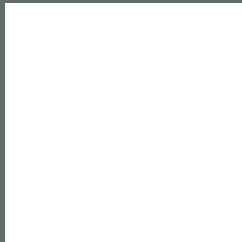
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 45, 7.430, 164.400

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 7.430, 164.400.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 7.430, 164.400.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45, 7.430, 164.400

Protanopia

45, 3.218, 86.727

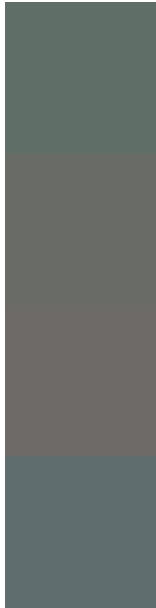
Deuteranopia

45, 5.911, 14.341



Tritanopia
45, 6.315, 248.394

Trichromacy



Original Color
45, 7.430, 164.400

Protanomaly
45, 3.235, 132.332

Deuteranomaly
45, 1.711, 63.291

Tritanomaly
45, 5.233, 212.111

Monochromacy



Original Color
45, 7.430, 164.400

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 3.056, 163.302

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 45, 7.430, 164.400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 110, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 110, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 110, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 110, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 45, 7.430, 164.400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

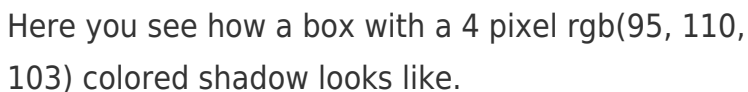
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 110, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 110, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 110, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 110, 103); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 110, 103); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 110, 103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 45, 7.430, 164.400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 110, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 110,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor