

Converting Colors

CIELCh(45, 9.538, 330.169)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(45, 9.538, 330.169) contains.

CIELCh(45, 9.433, 331.268)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(45, 9.433, 331.268)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	756672
RGB	117, 102, 114
RGB Percent	46%, 40%, 45%
CMY	0.5406, 0.5994, 0.5524
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.03, 0.54
HSL	312°, 7%, 43%
HSV	312°, 13%, 46%
XYZ	15.1674, 14.5417, 17.9710
YIQ	107.8530, 5.0880, 6.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

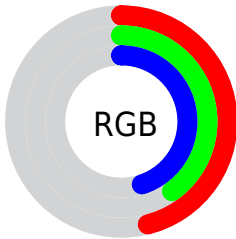
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 102, 114
Decimal	7693938
CIE Lab	45.00, 8.27, -4.53
CIE LCh	45, 9.433, 331.268
Yxy	14.5417, 0.3181, 0.3050
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285884018 (0xFF756672)
YUV	107.8530, 3.0305, 8.0219
Hunter-Lab	38.1336, 4.2633, -1.2478

Details

The CIELCh color $45, 9.433, 331.268$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $48, 9.400, 149.743$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $65, 9.478, 330.640$, and $25, 9.576, 332.167$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 16.860, 331.897$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 2.055, 330.593$.

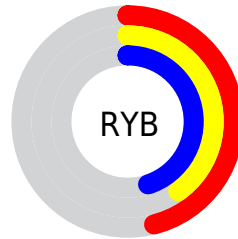
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (40%)

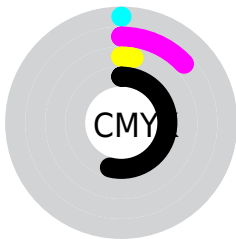
Blue (45%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (45%)

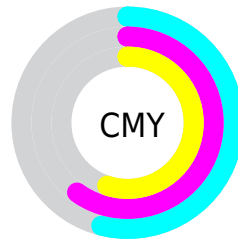


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 45, 9.433, 331.268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 45, 9.433, 331.268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45, 9.433, 331.268

■ 45, 9.433, 331.268

■ 100, 9.433,
331.268

■ 35, 9.433, 331.268

■ 65, 9.433, 331.268

■ 25, 9.433, 331.268

■ 75, 9.433, 331.268

■ 15, 9.433, 331.268

■ 85, 9.433, 331.268

■ 5, 9.433, 331.268

■ 95, 9.433, 331.268

■ 0, 9.433, 331.268

■ 45, 9.433, 331.268

■ 45, 9.433, 331.268

■ 42, 16.860,
331.897

■ 48, 2.055, 330.593

■ 39, 24.229,

■ 52, 5.197, 150.163

332.540

55, 12.279,
149.592

36, 31.372,
333.202

59, 19.169,
149.065

33, 38.070,
333.885

62, 25.858,
148.566

31, 44.047,
334.594

66, 32.346,
148.095

29, 48.999,
335.341

69, 38.639,
147.650

27, 52.645,
336.145

73, 44.747,
147.230

26, 54.820,
337.033

76, 50.678,
146.834

26, 56.031,
337.687

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 9.433, 331.268



48, 9.400, 149.743

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 9.433, 331.268



45, 9.433, 21.268



45, 9.433, 151.268



45, 9.433, 201.268

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 9.431, 331.269



62, 3.647, 330.702



44, 9.101, 298.880



31, 2.577, 330.748



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 9.431, 331.269



57, 13.767, 331.430



45, 6.804, 357.094



23, 4.140, 331.032



27, 57.780, 337.740



57, 97.184, 338.389

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 9.431, 331.269



57, 13.767, 331.430



48, 6.571, 174.876



23, 4.140, 331.032



27, 57.780, 337.740



57, 97.184, 338.389

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 45, 9.433, 331.268 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 45, 9.433, 331.268 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

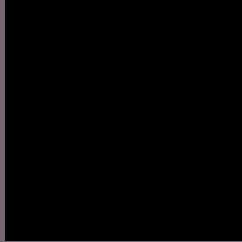
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 45, 9.433, 331.268

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 9.433, 331.268.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 45, 9.433, 331.268.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


45, 9.433, 331.268

Protanopia

45, 5.970, 291.020

Deuteranopia

45, 7.970, 324.922



Tritanopia
45, 7.486, 340.853

Trichromacy



Original Color
45, 9.433, 331.268

Protanomaly
45, 6.325, 309.423

Deuteranomaly
45, 8.204, 327.316

Tritanomaly
45, 7.870, 337.490

Monochromacy



Original Color
45, 9.433, 331.268

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 3.158, 330.728

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 45, 9.433, 331.268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 102, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 102, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 102, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 102, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 45, 9.433, 331.268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

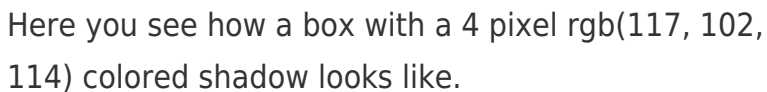
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 102, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 102, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 102, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 102, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 102, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 102,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 45, 9.433, 331.268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 102, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
102, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor