

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 1.771, 199.452)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 1.771, 199.452) contains.

CIELCh(46, 2.017, 199.345)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(46, 2.017, 199.345)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	696E6E
RGB	105, 110, 110
RGB Percent	41%, 43%, 43%
CMY	0.5884, 0.5688, 0.5688
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	180°, 2%, 42%
HSV	180°, 5%, 43%
XYZ	14.2046, 15.2687, 16.9387
YIQ	108.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

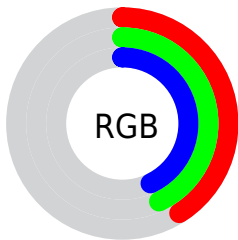
Format	Color
R _Y B	105, 108, 110
Decimal	6909550
CIE Lab	46.00, -1.90, -0.67
CIE LCh	46, 2.017, 199.345
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3061, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285099630 (0xFF696E6E)
YUV	108.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -3.4933, 1.6510

Details

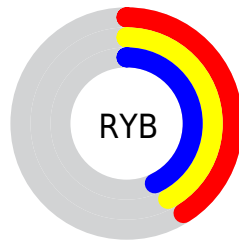
The CIELCh color **46, 2.017, 199.345** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **45, 2.073, 19.464**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 2.259, 199.413**, and **26, 2.205, 199.136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 6.301, 198.692**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 2.466, 19.524**.

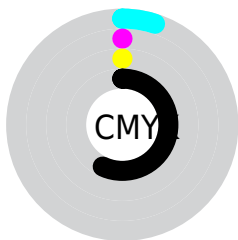
Distribution



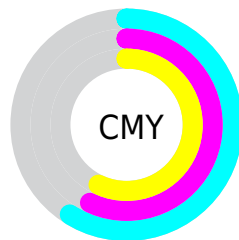
- Red (41%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 2.017, 199.345 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 2.017, 199.345 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 2.017, 199.345 ■ 46, 2.017, 199.345

■ 100, 2.017,
199.345 ■ 36, 2.017, 199.345

■ 66, 2.017, 199.345 ■ 26, 2.017, 199.345

■ 76, 2.017, 199.345 ■ 16, 2.017, 199.345

■ 86, 2.017, 199.345 ■ 6, 2.017, 199.345

■ 96, 2.017, 199.345 ■ 0, 2.017, 199.345

■ 46, 2.017, 199.345 ■ 46, 2.017, 199.345

■ 45, 6.301, 198.692 ■ 47, 2.466, 19.524

■ 44, 10.324,
198.206 ■ 48, 7.097, 20.174

44, 14.022,
197.776

49, 11.826, 20.768

43, 17.330,
197.400

50, 16.616, 21.362

52, 21.435, 21.959

43, 20.190,
197.081

53, 26.258, 22.556

42, 22.556,
196.820

54, 31.067, 23.149

56, 35.845, 23.737

42, 24.398,
196.617

57, 40.585, 24.315

42, 25.714,
196.473

42, 26.561,
196.379

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 2.017, 199.345



45, 2.073, 19.464

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 2.017, 199.345



46, 2.017, 249.345



46, 2.017, 19.345



46, 2.017, 69.345

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 2.018, 199.313



59, 0.553, 200.099



46, 3.607, 143.808



30, 0.312, 200.173



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 2.018, 199.313



59, 2.744, 199.263



45, 1.767, 254.256



23, 1.519, 199.241



45, 28.682, 196.332



89, 48.985, 196.329

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 2.073, 19.464



57, 2.829, 19.518



46, 1.779, 72.944



22, 1.568, 19.543



24, 57.991, 37.776



52, 102.175, 39.990

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 2.017, 199.345 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 2.017, 199.345 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

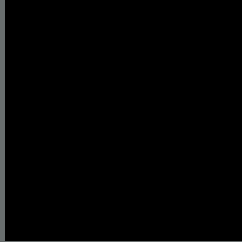
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

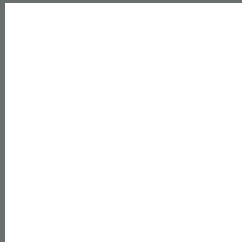
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 2.017, 199.345

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 2.017, 199.345.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 2.017, 199.345.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 2.017, 199.345

Protanopia

46, 1.373, 353.704

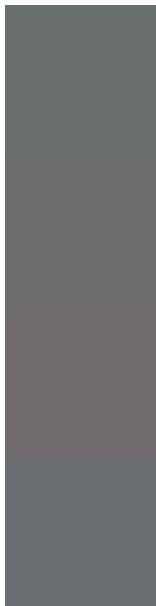
Deuteranopia

46, 6.442, 346.646



Tritanopia
46, 4.878, 276.822

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 2.017, 199.345

Protanomaly

46, 0.006, 296.813

Deuteranomaly

46, 3.434, 335.949

Tritanomaly

46, 3.185, 268.569

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 2.017, 199.345

Achromatopsia

46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

46, 0.812, 199.745

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 2.017, 199.345 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 110, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 110, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 110, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 110, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 2.017, 199.345 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 110, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 110, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 110, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 110, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 110, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 110,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 2.017, 199.345 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 110, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
110, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor