

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 10.362, 290.025)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 10.362, 290.025)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 10.110, 289.398)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B6C7D
RGB	107, 108, 125
RGB Percent	42%, 42%, 49%
CMY	0.5812, 0.5773, 0.5106
CMYK	0.14, 0.14, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	237°, 8%, 45%
HSV	237°, 14%, 49%
XYZ	15.0663, 15.2687, 21.4830
YIQ	109.6390, -6.0530, 5.0750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

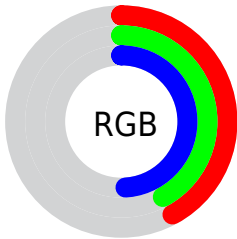
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 108, 125
Decimal	7040125
CIE Lab	46.00, 3.36, -9.54
CIE LCh	46, 10.110, 289.398
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2908, 0.2947
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285230205 (0xFF6B6C7D)
YUV	109.6390, 7.5730, -2.3144
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 0.4434, -5.2442

Details

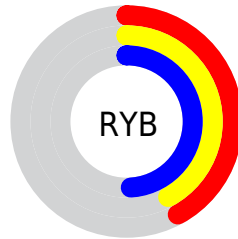
The CIELCh color **46, 10.110, 289.398** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **52, 9.830, 106.457**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 10.540, 289.311**, and **26, 9.842, 287.403** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 17.438, 290.677**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 3.048, 288.309**.

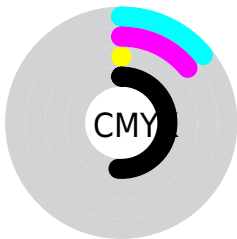
Distribution



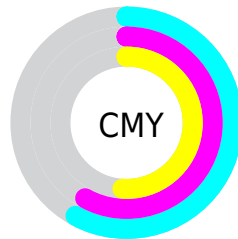
- Red (42%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 10.110, 289.398 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 10.110, 289.398 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 10.110,
289.398


 46, 10.110,
289.398


 100, 10.110,
289.398


 36, 10.110,
289.398

 66, 10.110,
289.398


 26, 10.110,
289.398

 76, 10.110,
289.398

 16, 10.110,
289.398

 86, 10.110,
289.398

 6, 10.110, 289.398

 96, 10.110,
289.398

 0, 10.110, 289.398

 46, 10.110,

 46, 10.110,

289.398

289.398

■ 42, 17.438,
290.677

■ 50, 3.048, 288.309

■ 37, 25.057,
292.175

■ 55, 3.764, 107.331

■ 33, 32.983,
293.911

■ 59, 10.346,
106.531

■ 28, 41.209,
295.892

■ 63, 16.712,
105.834

■ 24, 49.673,
298.087

■ 68, 22.877,
105.228

■ 20, 58.163,
300.398

■ 72, 28.852,
104.700

■ 17, 66.186,
302.633

■ 76, 34.649,
104.238

■ 15, 72.880,
304.499

■ 80, 40.278,
103.831

■ 13, 75.848,
305.224

■ 84, 45.749,
103.472

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 10.110, 289.398



52, 9.830, 106.457

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 10.110, 289.398



46, 10.110, 339.398



46, 10.110, 109.398



46, 10.110, 159.398

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 10.109, 289.395



65, 3.433, 288.278



51, 7.008, 192.956



33, 2.430, 288.341



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 10.109, 289.395



58, 14.923, 289.757



46, 11.165, 307.384



23, 3.850, 288.787



13, 75.924, 305.225



33, 130.560, 305.819

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 7.567, 15.833



59, 11.223, 16.113



51, 10.926, 126.054



24, 2.856, 15.355



25, 58.498, 35.947



53, 101.629, 38.444

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 10.110, 289.398 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 10.110, 289.398 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

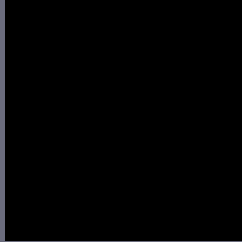
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

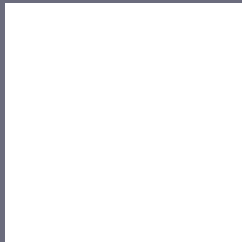
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 10.110, 289.398

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 10.110, 289.398.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 10.110, 289.398.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 10.110, 289.398

Protanopia

46, 10.124, 287.243

Deuteranopia

46, 11.590, 303.262



Tritanopia
46, 5.455, 278.458

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 10.110, 289.398

Protanomaly
46, 10.124, 287.243

Deuteranomaly
46, 10.797, 297.788

Tritanomaly
46, 6.617, 280.911

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 10.110, 289.398

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 3.583, 284.296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 10.110, 289.398 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 108, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 108, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 108, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 108, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 10.110, 289.398 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 108, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 108, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 108, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 108, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 108, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 108,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 10.110, 289.398 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 108, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
108, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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