

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 10.936, 94.845)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 10.936, 94.845) contains.

CIELCh(46, 10.947, 94.846)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(46, 10.947, 94.846)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	736D5B
RGB	115, 109, 91
RGB Percent	45%, 43%, 36%
CMY	0.5499, 0.5734, 0.6440
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.21, 0.55
HSL	45°, 12%, 40%
HSV	45°, 21%, 45%
XYZ	14.3623, 15.2687, 12.0373
YIQ	108.7420, 9.3540, -4.3260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

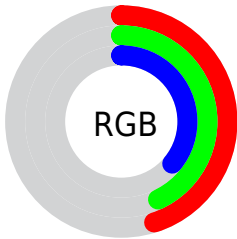
Format	Color
R _Y B	99, 115, 91
Decimal	7564635
CIE Lab	46.00, -0.92, 10.91
CIE LCh	46, 10.947, 94.846
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3447, 0.3664
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285754715 (0xFF736D5B)
YUV	108.7420, -8.7468, 5.4883
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -2.7729, 9.0880

Details

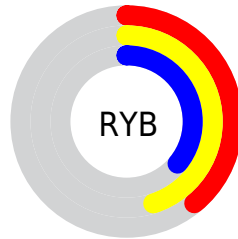
The CIELCh color **46, 10.947, 94.846** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **41, 11.095, 279.926**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 10.841, 94.056**, and **26, 11.303, 95.256** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 16.262, 93.666**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 5.676, 96.001**.

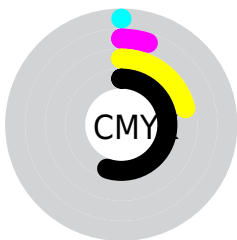
Distribution



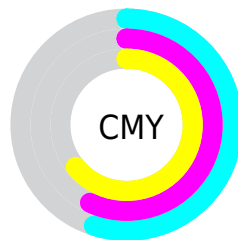
- Red (45%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (55%)





















- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 10.947, 94.846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 10.947, 94.846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 10.947, 94.846	 46, 10.947, 94.846
 100, 10.947, 94.846	 36, 10.947, 94.846
 66, 10.947, 94.846	 26, 10.947, 94.846
 76, 10.947, 94.846	 16, 10.947, 94.846
 86, 10.947, 94.846	 6, 10.947, 94.846
 96, 10.947, 94.846	 0, 10.947, 94.846
 46, 10.947, 94.846	 46, 10.947, 94.846
 45, 16.262, 93.666	 47, 5.676, 96.001
 44, 21.585, 92.448	 48, 0.461, 96.874

■ 43, 26.858, 91.202

■ 49, 4.689, 278.249

■ 42, 31.978, 89.928

■ 51, 9.771, 279.272

■ 41, 36.768, 88.614

■ 52, 14.788,
280.258

■ 40, 40.950, 87.234

■ 53, 19.741,
281.200

■ 39, 44.137, 85.730

■ 38, 46.665, 84.365

■ 54, 24.632,
282.097

■ 56, 29.466,
282.948

■ 57, 34.244,
283.754

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 10.947, 94.846



41, 11.095, 279.926

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 10.947, 94.846



46, 10.947, 144.846



46, 10.947, 274.846



46, 10.947, 324.846

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 10.948, 94.853



61, 3.885, 96.520



41, 10.860, 1.537



32, 2.598, 96.469



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 10.948, 94.853



59, 16.386, 94.292



47, 14.294, 118.667



24, 2.979, 96.206



41, 48.838, 84.217



80, 82.446, 83.002

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 11.095, 279.926



51, 16.660, 280.657



40, 14.886, 301.298



23, 3.001, 278.327



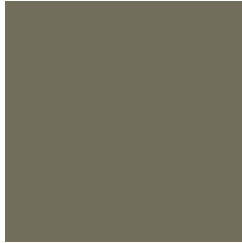
17, 61.893, 299.495



39, 110.585, 301.169

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 10.947, 94.846 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 10.947, 94.846 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

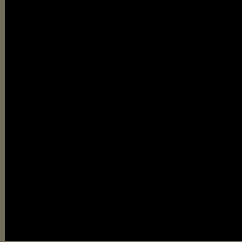
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

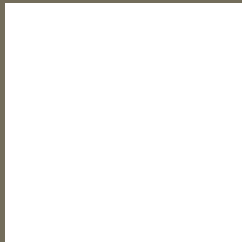
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 10.947, 94.846

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 10.947, 94.846.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 10.947, 94.846.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 10.947, 94.846

Protanopia

46, 10.947, 94.846

Deuteranopia

46, 12.123, 59.279



Tritanopia
46, 6.841, 336.315

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 10.947, 94.846

Protanomaly
46, 10.947, 94.846

Deuteranomaly
46, 10.915, 68.932

Tritanomaly
46, 4.213, 27.876

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 10.947, 94.846

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 4.219, 98.129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 10.947, 94.846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 109, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 109, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 109, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 109, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 10.947, 94.846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 109, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 109, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 109, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 109, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 109, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 109,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 10.947, 94.846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 109, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
109, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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