

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 10.959, 258.848)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 10.959, 258.848)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 11.022, 259.028)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F6F7F
RGB	95, 111, 127
RGB Percent	37%, 44%, 50%
CMY	0.6283, 0.5656, 0.5028
CMYK	0.25, 0.13, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	210°, 14%, 43%
HSV	210°, 25%, 50%
XYZ	14.1733, 15.2687, 22.2018
YIQ	108.0400, -14.6720, 1.5840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

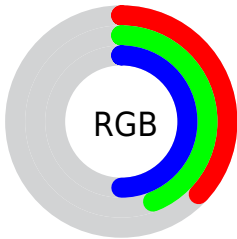
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 106, 127
Decimal	6254463
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, -2.10, -10.82
CIE _{LCh}	46, 11.022, 259.028
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2744, 0.2957
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284444543 (0xFF5F6F7F)
YUV	108.0400, 9.3473, -11.4361
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -3.6360, -6.3349

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 11.022, 259.028$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $48, 11.765, 72.403$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 11.024, 258.083$, and $26, 11.171, 261.123$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 15.287, 260.911$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 6.691, 257.436$.

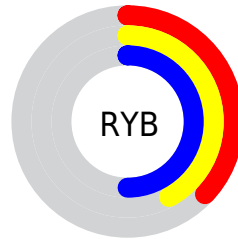
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (44%)

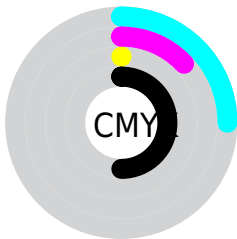
Blue (50%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (50%)

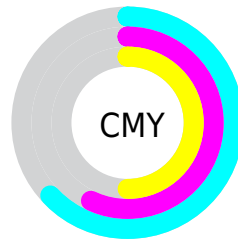


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (63%)


Magenta (57%)

Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 11.022, 259.028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 11.022, 259.028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 11.022,
259.028


 46, 11.022,
259.028


 100, 11.022,
259.028


 36, 11.022,
259.028

 66, 11.022,
259.028


 26, 11.022,
259.028

 76, 11.022,
259.028

 16, 11.022,
259.028


 86, 11.022,
259.028

 6, 11.022, 259.028

 96, 11.022,
259.028

 0, 11.022, 259.028

 46, 11.022,

 46, 11.022,

259.028

259.028

■ 43, 15.287,
260.911

■ 49, 6.691, 257.436

■ 41, 19.475,
263.148

■ 52, 2.312, 256.151

■ 38, 23.581,
265.785

■ 54, 2.101, 74.751

■ 35, 27.616,
268.865

■ 57, 6.531, 73.840

■ 33, 31.607,
272.404

■ 60, 10.966, 72.996

■ 30, 35.603,
276.368

■ 63, 15.393, 72.255

■ 28, 39.673,
280.606

■ 66, 19.804, 71.602

■ 27, 41.684,
282.482

■ 69, 24.191, 71.026

■ 72, 28.547, 70.512

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 11.022, 259.028



48, 11.765, 72.403

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 11.022, 259.028



46, 11.022, 309.028



46, 11.022, 79.028



46, 11.022, 129.028

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 11.021, 259.024



65, 4.391, 256.489



50, 15.981, 160.619



34, 3.143, 256.656



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 11.021, 259.024



58, 16.256, 260.019



42, 19.074, 292.376



25, 2.495, 256.603



27, 41.878, 282.510



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 16.261, 345.817



55, 24.135, 346.380



52, 18.051, 107.134



25, 3.594, 344.324



26, 50.838, 0.540



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 11.022, 259.028 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 11.022, 259.028 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

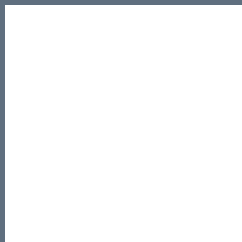
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 11.022, 259.028

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 11.022, 259.028.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 11.022, 259.028.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

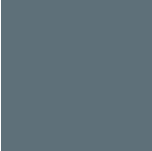
46, 11.022, 259.028

Protanopia

46, 10.124, 287.243

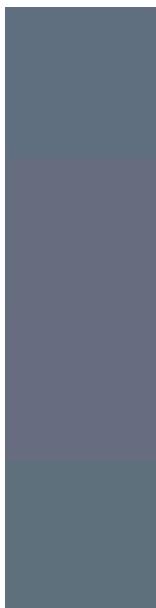
Deuteranopia

46, 13.224, 298.577



Tritanopia
46, 8.513, 237.913

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 11.022, 259.028

Protanomaly
46, 10.377, 276.826

Deuteranomaly
46, 11.955, 284.590

Tritanomaly
46, 9.233, 244.136

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 11.022, 259.028

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 4.242, 256.770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 11.022, 259.028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 111, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 111, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 111, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 111, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 11.022, 259.028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 111, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 111, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 111, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 111, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 111, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 111,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 11.022, 259.028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 111, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 111,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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