

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 12.120, 111.995)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 12.120, 111.995)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 12.402, 112.452)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D6F5A
RGB	109, 111, 90
RGB Percent	43%, 44%, 35%
CMY	0.5737, 0.5659, 0.6482
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.19, 0.57
HSL	66°, 10%, 39%
HSV	66°, 19%, 43%
XYZ	13.7544, 15.2687, 11.8301
YIQ	108.0080, 5.5490, -6.9550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

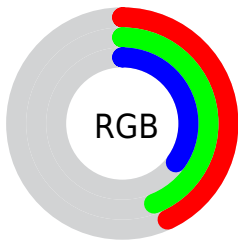
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 111, 92
Decimal	7171930
CIE Lab	46.00, -4.74, 11.46
CIE LCh	46, 12.402, 112.452
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3367, 0.3737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285362010 (0xFF6D6F5A)
YUV	108.0080, -8.8779, 0.8700
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -5.5498, 9.4024

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 12.402, 112.452$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $39, 12.918, 295.595$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 12.680, 112.446$, and $26, 12.321, 112.188$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 18.856, 111.675$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 5.875, 113.236$.

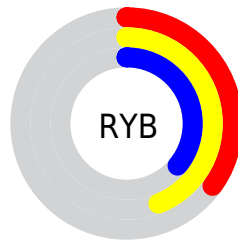
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (44%)

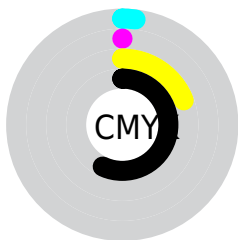
Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (36%)

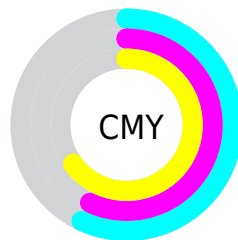


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)


Magenta (57%)

Yellow (65%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 12.402, 112.452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 12.402, 112.452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 12.402,
112.452


 46, 12.402,
112.452


 100, 12.402,
112.452

 36, 12.402,
112.452

 66, 12.402,
112.452


 26, 12.402,
112.452

 76, 12.402,
112.452

 16, 12.402,
112.452


 86, 12.402,
112.452

 6, 12.402, 112.452

 96, 12.402,
112.452

 0, 12.402, 112.452

 46, 12.402,

 46, 12.402,

112.452

■ 46, 18.856,
111.675

■ 45, 25.174,
110.908

■ 45, 31.269,
110.181

■ 45, 37.006,
109.523

■ 45, 42.197,
108.979

■ 45, 46.589,
108.599

■ 44, 49.903,
108.441

■ 44, 52.437,
108.434

112.452

■ 46, 5.875, 113.236

■ 47, 0.687, 294.033

■ 47, 7.257, 294.755

■ 48, 13.815,
295.472

■ 48, 20.347,
296.157

■ 49, 26.840,
296.807

■ 49, 33.288,
297.423

■ 50, 39.683,
298.002

■ 51, 46.020,

■ 44, 52.711,
108.430

298.546

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 12.402, 112.452



39, 12.918, 295.595

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 12.402, 112.452



46, 12.402, 162.452



46, 12.402, 292.452



46, 12.402, 342.452

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 12.403, 112.457



59, 4.846, 113.452



41, 8.483, 27.613



30, 3.192, 113.419



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 12.403, 112.457



58, 18.502, 112.094



45, 13.504, 131.146



23, 3.727, 113.232



48, 55.787, 108.477



93, 95.340, 108.791

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 12.918, 295.595



48, 19.478, 296.077



40, 13.775, 312.697



21, 3.803, 294.664



12, 75.985, 306.761



32, 130.247, 306.530

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 12.402, 112.452 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 12.402, 112.452 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

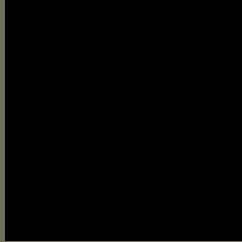
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

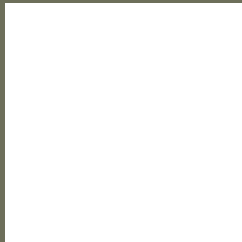
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 12.402, 112.452

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 12.402, 112.452.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 12.402, 112.452.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 12.402, 112.452

Protanopia

46, 12.097, 95.942

Deuteranopia

46, 12.537, 61.198



Tritanopia
46, 5.745, 311.283

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 12.402, 112.452

Protanomaly
46, 12.445, 102.386

Deuteranomaly
46, 11.088, 77.833

Tritanomaly
46, 1.705, 63.295

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 12.402, 112.452

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 4.759, 114.549

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 12.402, 112.452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 111, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 111, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 111, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 111, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 12.402, 112.452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 111, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 111, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 111, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 111, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 111, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 111,  
90) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 12.402, 112.452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 111, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
111, 90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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