

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 12.794, 346.255)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 12.794, 346.255)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 12.832, 347.539)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806672
RGB	128, 102, 114
RGB Percent	50%, 40%, 45%
CMY	0.4986, 0.6005, 0.5534
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.11, 0.50
HSL	332°, 11%, 45%
HSV	332°, 20%, 50%
XYZ	16.6509, 15.2687, 17.9506
YIQ	111.1420, 11.6440, 9.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

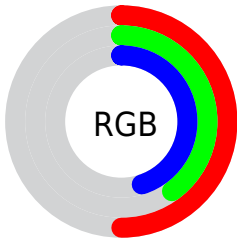
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 102, 114
Decimal	8414834
CIE Lab	46.00, 12.53, -2.77
CIE LCh	46, 12.832, 347.539
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3339, 0.3062
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286604914 (0xFF806672)
YUV	111.1420, 1.4090, 14.7845
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 7.6817, 0.1156

Details

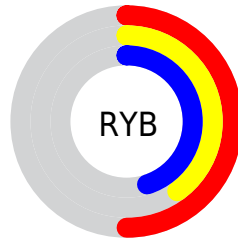
The CIELCh color $46, 12.832, 347.539$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 12.460, 164.039$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 12.932, 346.955$, and $26, 12.580, 347.323$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 19.289, 348.593$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 6.444, 346.592$.

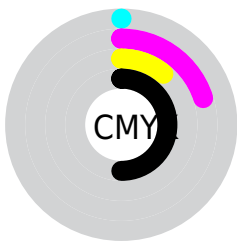
Distribution



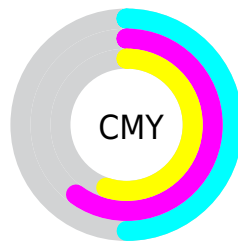
- Red (50%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 12.832, 347.539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 12.832, 347.539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 12.832,
347.539


 46, 12.832,
347.539


 100, 12.832,
347.539


 36, 12.832,
347.539

 66, 12.832,
347.539


 26, 12.832,
347.539

 76, 12.832,
347.539

 16, 12.832,
347.539

 86, 12.832,
347.539

 6, 12.832, 347.539

 96, 12.832,
347.539

 0, 12.832, 347.539

 46, 12.832,

 46, 12.832,

347.539

347.539

42, 19.289,
348.593

50, 6.444, 346.592

39, 25.696,
349.790

53, 0.205, 344.334

57, 5.845, 165.101

36, 31.868,
351.187

61, 11.688,
164.383

33, 37.558,
352.852

65, 17.321,
163.737

31, 42.467,
354.887

69, 22.749,
163.143

29, 46.304,
357.420

73, 27.983,
162.594

27, 48.874, 0.605

77, 33.036,
162.084

26, 50.662, 4.113

80, 37.921,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 12.832, 347.539



51, 12.460, 164.039

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 12.832, 347.539



46, 12.832, 37.539



46, 12.832, 167.539



46, 12.832, 217.539

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 12.830, 347.542



65, 4.605, 346.200



45, 16.485, 311.103



34, 3.080, 346.250



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 12.830, 347.542



57, 18.801, 347.971



46, 10.780, 23.424



25, 3.503, 346.478



26, 50.558, 4.098



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 12.830, 347.542



57, 18.801, 347.971



51, 9.465, 201.530



25, 3.503, 346.478



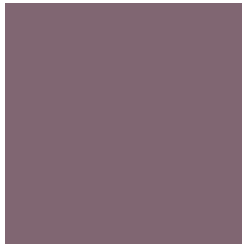
26, 50.558, 4.098



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 12.832, 347.539 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 12.832, 347.539 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

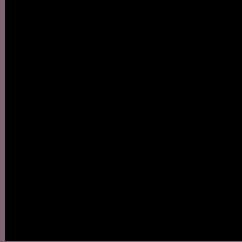
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 12.832, 347.539

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 12.832, 347.539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 12.832, 347.539.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 12.832, 347.539

Protanopia

46, 5.969, 294.797

Deuteranopia

46, 6.450, 340.126



Tritanopia
46, 11.425, 356.468

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 12.832, 347.539

Protanomaly
46, 7.219, 324.866

Deuteranomaly
46, 8.452, 346.399

Tritanomaly
46, 11.654, 353.781

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 12.832, 347.539

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 4.398, 347.328

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 12.832, 347.539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 102, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 102, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 102, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 102, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 12.832, 347.539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 102, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 102, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 102, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 102, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 102, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 102,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 12.832, 347.539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 102, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
102, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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