

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 13.745, 20.555)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 13.745, 20.555) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 13.803, 21.148)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	856565
RGB	133, 101, 101
RGB Percent	52%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.4779, 0.6034, 0.6035
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.24, 0.48
HSL	0°, 14%, 46%
HSV	0°, 24%, 52%
XYZ	16.7123, 15.2687, 14.4081
YIQ	110.5680, 19.0720, 6.7840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

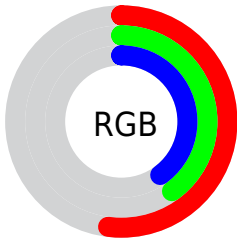
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 101, 101
Decimal	8742245
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, 12.87, 4.98
CIE _{LCh}	46, 13.803, 21.148
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3603, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286932325 (0xFF856565)
YUV	110.5680, -4.7170, 19.6729
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 7.9624, 5.4907

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 13.803, 21.148** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **53, 11.828, 198.250**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 13.928, 20.697**, and **26, 14.043, 22.143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 20.262, 22.277**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 7.763, 20.269**.

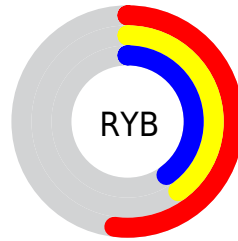
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (40%)

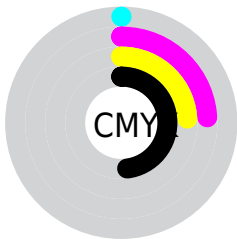
Blue (40%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)

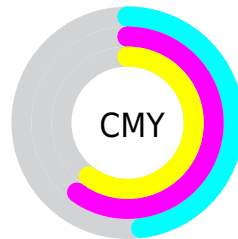


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 13.803, 21.148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 13.803, 21.148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 13.803, 21.148

■ 46, 13.803, 21.148

■ 100, 13.803,
21.148

■ 36, 13.803, 21.148

■ 66, 13.803, 21.148

■ 26, 13.803, 21.148

■ 76, 13.803, 21.148

■ 16, 13.803, 21.148

■ 86, 13.803, 21.148

■ 6, 13.803, 21.148

■ 96, 13.803, 21.148

■ 0, 13.803, 21.148

■ 46, 13.803, 21.148

■ 46, 13.803, 21.148

■ 42, 20.262, 22.277

■ 50, 7.763, 20.269

■ 39, 27.098, 23.726

■ 54, 2.152, 19.459

35, 34.211, 25.599

58, 3.050, 199.254

33, 41.437, 27.993

62, 7.875, 198.750

30, 48.548, 30.954

66, 12.361,
198.392

28, 55.218, 34.352

70, 16.545,
198.109

27, 60.637, 37.399

75, 20.463,
197.879

27, 63.335, 38.690

79, 24.147,
197.690

83, 27.627,
197.532

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 13.803, 21.148



53, 11.828, 198.250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 13.803, 21.148



46, 13.803, 71.148



46, 13.803, 201.148



46, 13.803, 251.148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 13.802, 21.154



67, 4.678, 19.736



47, 22.650, 325.700



35, 3.032, 19.771



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 13.802, 21.154



57, 21.088, 21.749



50, 11.640, 72.541



26, 3.050, 19.888



26, 62.117, 38.510



0, 0.707, 19.414

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 11.828, 198.250



67, 17.361, 197.998



49, 10.938, 258.849



28, 2.886, 199.022



49, 30.405, 196.402



1, 0.707, 199.431

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 13.803, 21.148 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 13.803, 21.148 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 13.803, 21.148

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 13.803, 21.148.

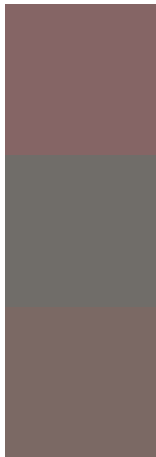


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 13.803, 21.148.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 13.803, 21.148

Protanopia

46, 2.664, 81.918

Deuteranopia

46, 8.287, 41.051



Tritanopia
46, 15.041, 3.200

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 13.803, 21.148

Protanomaly
46, 6.024, 31.337

Deuteranomaly
46, 10.210, 33.851

Tritanomaly
46, 14.735, 9.864

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 13.803, 21.148

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 5.007, 19.944

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 13.803, 21.148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 101, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 101, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 101, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 101, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 13.803, 21.148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

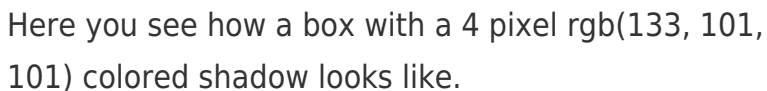
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 101, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 101, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 101, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101, 101); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101, 101); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101, 101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 13.803, 21.148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 101, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
101, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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