

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 13.758, 13.837)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 13.758, 13.837) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 13.758, 13.837)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	856568
RGB	133, 101, 104
RGB Percent	52%, 40%, 41%
CMY	0.4788, 0.6042, 0.5925
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.22, 0.48
HSL	354°, 14%, 46%
HSV	354°, 24%, 52%
XYZ	16.7993, 15.2687, 15.1366
YIQ	110.9100, 18.1090, 7.7170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

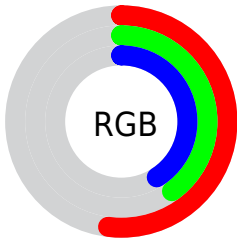
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 101, 104
Decimal	8742248
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, 13.36, 3.29
CIE _{LCh}	46, 13.758, 13.837
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3559, 0.3235
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286932328 (0xFF856568)
YUV	110.9100, -3.4066, 19.3729
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 8.3599, 4.3854

Details

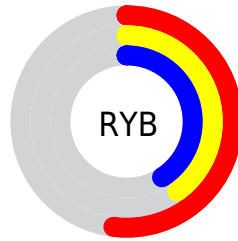
The CIELCh color **46, 13.758, 13.837** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **53, 12.121, 189.924**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 13.917, 13.934**, and **26, 13.908, 14.239** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 20.045, 15.135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 7.794, 12.779**.

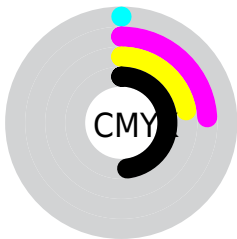
Distribution



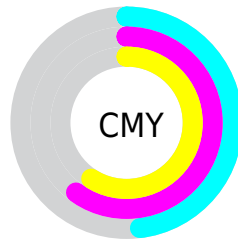
- Red (52%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 13.758, 13.837 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 13.758, 13.837 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 13.758, 13.837

■ 46, 13.758, 13.837

■ 100, 13.758,
13.837

■ 36, 13.758, 13.837

■ 66, 13.758, 13.837

■ 26, 13.758, 13.837

■ 76, 13.758, 13.837

■ 16, 13.758, 13.837

■ 86, 13.758, 13.837

■ 6, 13.758, 13.837

■ 96, 13.758, 13.837

■ 0, 13.758, 13.837

■ 46, 13.758, 13.837

■ 46, 13.758, 13.837

■ 42, 20.045, 15.135

■ 50, 7.794, 12.779

■ 39, 26.591, 16.744

■ 54, 2.184, 11.791

■ 35, 33.272, 18.773

■ 58, 3.075, 191.385

■ 33, 39.910, 21.337

■ 62, 8.000, 190.698

■ 30, 46.293, 24.544

■ 66, 12.619,
190.157

■ 28, 52.218, 28.412

■ 70, 16.959,
189.694

■ 27, 57.490, 32.709

■ 74, 21.051,
189.289

■ 27, 60.389, 34.787

■ 78, 24.921,
188.931

■ 82, 28.596,
188.612

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 13.758, 13.837



53, 12.121, 189.924

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 13.758, 13.837



46, 13.758, 63.837



46, 13.758, 193.837



46, 13.758, 243.837

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 13.757, 13.842



67, 4.713, 12.119



47, 22.025, 322.833



35, 3.054, 12.162



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 13.757, 13.842



57, 20.940, 14.531



49, 11.224, 61.531



26, 3.069, 12.306



26, 59.344, 34.637



0, 0.715, 11.660

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 13.757, 13.842



57, 20.940, 14.531



49, 10.138, 246.898



26, 3.069, 12.306



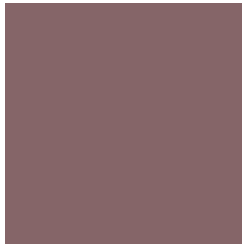
26, 59.344, 34.637



0, 0.715, 11.660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 13.758, 13.837 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 13.758, 13.837 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

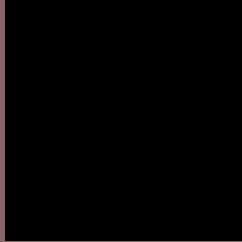
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 13.758, 13.837

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 13.758, 13.837.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 13.758, 13.837.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 13.758, 13.837

Protanopia

46, 1.005, 55.180

Deuteranopia

46, 7.313, 29.497



Tritanopia
46, 14.634, 2.602

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 13.758, 13.837

Protanomaly
46, 5.457, 13.807

Deuteranomaly
46, 9.398, 24.111

Tritanomaly
46, 14.502, 4.848

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 13.758, 13.837

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 5.028, 13.216

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 13.758, 13.837 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 101, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 101, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 101, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 101, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 13.758, 13.837 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 101, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 101, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 101, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 101, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 13.758, 13.837 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 101, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
101, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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