

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 14.769, 232.524)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 14.769, 232.524)
contains.

CIELCh(46, 14.779, 232.807)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(46, 14.779, 232.807)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E7280
RGB	78, 114, 128
RGB Percent	31%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.6934, 0.5522, 0.4973
CMYK	0.39, 0.11, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	197°, 24%, 40%
HSV	197°, 39%, 50%
XYZ	13.1051, 15.2687, 22.7451
YIQ	104.8320, -25.9500, -3.2780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

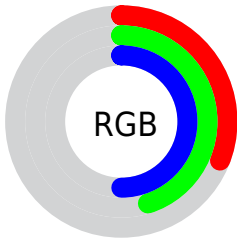
Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 99, 128
Decimal	5141120
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, -8.93, -11.77
CIE _{LCh}	46, 14.779, 232.807
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2564, 0.2987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283331200 (0xFF4E7280)
YUV	104.8320, 11.4218, -23.5317
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -8.5160, -7.1593

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 14.779, 232.807$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 18.846, 47.366$, and the grayscale version is $44, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 14.870, 232.737$, and $26, 14.734, 233.482$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 17.891, 234.446$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 11.344, 231.511$.

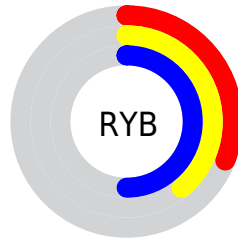
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (45%)

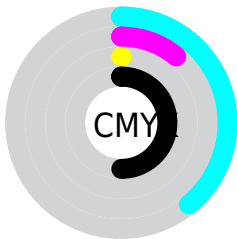
Blue (50%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (50%)

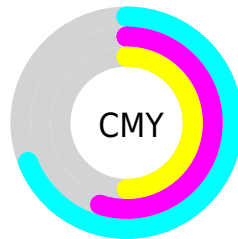


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (69%)


Magenta (55%)


Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 14.779, 232.807 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 14.779, 232.807 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 14.779,
232.807


 46, 14.779,
232.807


 100, 14.779,
232.807


 36, 14.779,
232.807

 66, 14.779,
232.807


 26, 14.779,
232.807

 76, 14.779,
232.807

 16, 14.779,
232.807

 86, 14.779,
232.807

 6, 14.779, 232.807

 96, 14.779,
232.807

 0, 14.779, 232.807

 46, 14.779,

 46, 14.779,

232.807

232.807

■ 44, 17.891,
234.446

■ 48, 11.344,
231.511

■ 43, 20.639,
236.512

■ 50, 7.636, 230.504

■ 41, 22.999,
239.084

■ 52, 3.702, 229.755

■ 54, 0.414, 48.132

■ 39, 24.974,
242.242

■ 56, 4.669, 48.465

■ 38, 26.602,
246.037

■ 58, 9.031, 48.128

■ 60, 13.470, 47.854

■ 37, 28.058,
250.229

■ 62, 17.963, 47.640

■ 36, 28.210,
250.630

■ 65, 22.489, 47.478

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 14.779, 232.807



43, 18.846, 47.366

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 14.779, 232.807



46, 14.779, 282.807



46, 14.779, 52.807



46, 14.779, 102.807

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 14.779, 232.804



65, 6.043, 229.969



49, 29.282, 149.823



34, 4.030, 230.044



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 14.779, 232.804



57, 21.248, 234.276



39, 23.687, 284.110



26, 2.306, 229.760



36, 28.094, 250.601



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 29.256, 336.202



48, 43.023, 336.935



49, 22.867, 93.775



25, 4.194, 334.040



28, 56.263, 342.830



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 14.779, 232.807 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 14.779, 232.807 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

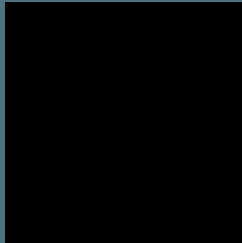
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

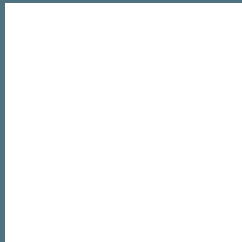
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 14.779, 232.807

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 14.779, 232.807.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 14.779, 232.807.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 14.779, 232.807

Protanopia

46, 9.533, 286.876

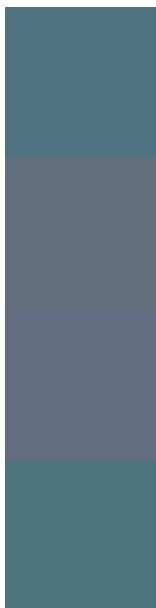
Deuteranopia

46, 14.366, 296.642



Tritanopia
46, 14.287, 220.222

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 14.779, 232.807

Protanomaly
46, 10.696, 262.360

Deuteranomaly
46, 12.450, 272.782

Tritanomaly
46, 14.618, 224.883

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 14.779, 232.807

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 5.818, 229.936

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 14.779, 232.807 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 114, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 114, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 114, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 114, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 14.779, 232.807 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 114, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 114, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 114, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 114, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 114, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 114,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 14.779, 232.807 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 114, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 114,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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