

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 15.409, 321.068)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 15.409, 321.068)
contains.

CIELCh(46, 15.124, 321.458)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(46, 15.124, 321.458)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A677D
RGB	122, 103, 125
RGB Percent	48%, 40%, 49%
CMY	0.5222, 0.5967, 0.5105
CMYK	0.02, 0.18, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	292°, 10%, 45%
HSV	292°, 18%, 49%
XYZ	16.5261, 15.2687, 21.4208
YIQ	111.1890, 4.2620, 10.8700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

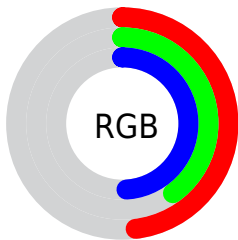
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 103, 125
Decimal	8021885
CIE Lab	46.00, 11.83, -9.42
CIE LCh	46, 15.124, 321.458
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3106, 0.2869
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286211965 (0xFF7A677D)
YUV	111.1890, 6.8088, 9.4812
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 7.1118, -5.1498

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 15.124, 321.458$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 15.038, 139.806$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 15.482, 321.622$, and $26, 14.989, 321.373$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 23.792, 321.909$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 6.495, 320.993$.

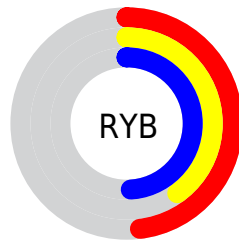
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (40%)

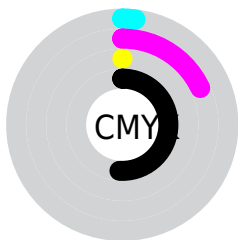
Blue (49%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (49%)

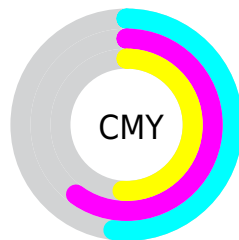


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (52%)


Magenta (60%)


Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 15.124, 321.458 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 15.124, 321.458 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 15.124,
321.458


 46, 15.124,
321.458


 100, 15.124,
321.458


 36, 15.124,
321.458

 66, 15.124,
321.458


 26, 15.124,
321.458

 76, 15.124,
321.458

 16, 15.124,
321.458


 86, 15.124,
321.458

 6, 15.124, 321.458

 96, 15.124,
321.458

 0, 15.124, 321.458

 46, 15.124,

 46, 15.124,

321.458

43, 23.792,
321.909

39, 32.371,
322.339

36, 40.671,
322.730

33, 48.434,
323.059

31, 55.343,
323.295

29, 61.054,
323.409

27, 65.262,
323.372

26, 68.106,
323.200

321.458

50, 6.495, 320.993

53, 2.002, 140.654

57, 10.318,
140.162

61, 18.421,
139.747

64, 26.298,
139.361

68, 33.946,
139.000

72, 41.367,
138.666

76, 48.569,
138.357

■ 26, 68.771,
323.161

■ 79, 55.561,
138.073

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 15.124, 321.458



50, 15.038, 139.806

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 15.124, 321.458



46, 15.124, 11.458



46, 15.124, 141.458



46, 15.124, 191.458

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 15.122, 321.458



65, 5.298, 320.869



45, 11.195, 285.318



33, 3.598, 320.899



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 15.122, 321.458



58, 22.485, 321.635



46, 12.331, 337.603



24, 4.730, 321.061



26, 68.819, 323.160



54, 115.941, 322.899

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 9.431, 9.774



57, 14.150, 10.205



50, 12.212, 155.101



24, 2.894, 8.900



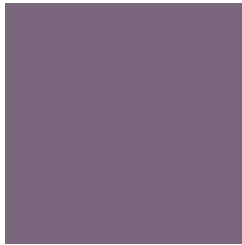
25, 56.083, 31.977



53, 97.224, 34.779

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 15.124, 321.458 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 15.124, 321.458 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

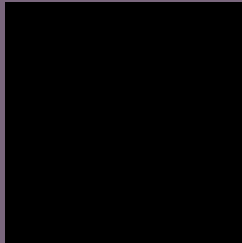
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 15.124, 321.458

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 15.124, 321.458.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 15.124, 321.458.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 15.124, 321.458

Protanopia

46, 11.922, 286.372

Deuteranopia

46, 11.100, 305.825



Tritanopia
46, 7.784, 342.840

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 15.124, 321.458

Protanomaly
46, 12.689, 300.558

Deuteranomaly
46, 12.158, 312.401

Tritanomaly
46, 10.372, 332.639

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 15.124, 321.458

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 5.552, 321.286

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 15.124, 321.458 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 103, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 103, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 103, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 103, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 15.124, 321.458 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 103, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 103, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 103, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 103, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 103, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 103,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 15.124, 321.458 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 103, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
103, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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