

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 16.035, 331.197)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 16.035, 331.197)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 16.253, 331.482)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F657A
RGB	127, 101, 122
RGB Percent	50%, 40%, 48%
CMY	0.5014, 0.6033, 0.5210
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.04, 0.50
HSL	312°, 11%, 45%
HSV	312°, 20%, 50%
XYZ	16.9655, 15.2687, 20.5146
YIQ	111.1680, 8.7550, 12.0430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

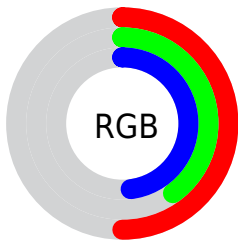
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 101, 122
Decimal	8349050
CIE Lab	46.00, 14.28, -7.76
CIE LCh	46, 16.253, 331.482
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3216, 0.2895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286539130 (0xFF7F657A)
YUV	111.1680, 5.3402, 13.8847
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 9.1190, -3.7749

Details

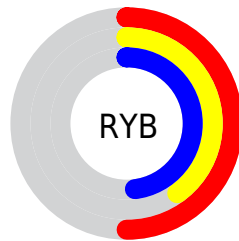
The CIELCh color $46, 16.253, 331.482$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 16.191, 148.902$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 16.143, 331.993$, and $26, 16.166, 332.614$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 24.199, 332.121$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 8.267, 330.856$.

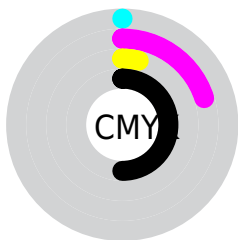
Distribution



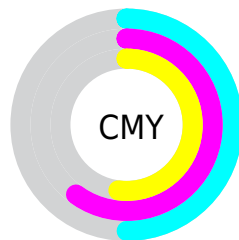
- Red (50%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (52%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 16.253, 331.482 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 16.253, 331.482 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 16.253,
331.482


 46, 16.253,
331.482


 100, 16.253,
331.482


 36, 16.253,
331.482

 66, 16.253,
331.482


 26, 16.253,
331.482

 76, 16.253,
331.482

 16, 16.253,
331.482


 86, 16.253,
331.482

 6, 16.253, 331.482

 96, 16.253,
331.482

 0, 16.253, 331.482

 46, 16.253,

 46, 16.253,

331.482

43, 24.199,
332.121

39, 31.945,
332.775

37, 39.260,
333.448

34, 45.854,
334.142

32, 51.400,
334.866

30, 55.582,
335.638

29, 58.181,
336.482

28, 59.685,
337.339

331.482

49, 8.267, 330.856

53, 0.359, 329.679

57, 7.399, 149.752

60, 14.968,
149.194

64, 22.324,
148.672

68, 29.462,
148.179

72, 36.384,
147.713

76, 43.096,
147.272

79, 49.609,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 16.253, 331.482



51, 16.191, 148.902

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 16.253, 331.482



46, 16.253, 21.482



46, 16.253, 151.482



46, 16.253, 201.482

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 16.251, 331.483



65, 5.879, 330.579



44, 15.746, 298.910



34, 3.931, 330.614



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 16.251, 331.483



57, 24.692, 331.809



46, 11.878, 356.784



25, 4.464, 330.771



28, 59.799, 337.342



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 16.251, 331.483



57, 24.692, 331.809



51, 11.260, 172.972



25, 4.464, 330.771



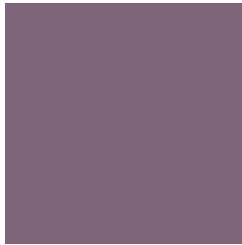
28, 59.799, 337.342



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 16.253, 331.482 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 16.253, 331.482 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

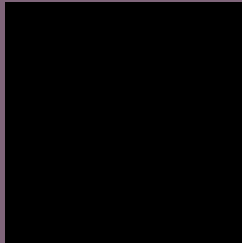
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 16.253, 331.482

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 16.253, 331.482.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 16.253, 331.482.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 16.253, 331.482

Protanopia

46, 11.308, 287.885

Deuteranopia

46, 9.512, 310.735



Tritanopia
46, 10.647, 354.430

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 16.253, 331.482

Protanomaly
46, 11.774, 306.994

Deuteranomaly
46, 11.793, 321.841

Tritanomaly
46, 12.488, 342.978

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 16.253, 331.482

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 6.272, 330.999

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 16.253, 331.482 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 101, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 101, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 101, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 101, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 16.253, 331.482 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 101, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 101, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 101, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 101, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 101, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 101,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 16.253, 331.482 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 101, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
101, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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