

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 16.805, 156.440)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 16.805, 156.440)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 16.943, 155.919)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	557461
RGB	85, 116, 97
RGB Percent	33%, 45%, 38%
CMY	0.6669, 0.5453, 0.6198
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.16, 0.55
HSL	143°, 15%, 39%
HSV	143°, 27%, 45%
XYZ	12.1354, 15.2687, 13.6036
YIQ	104.5650, -12.3770, -12.4810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

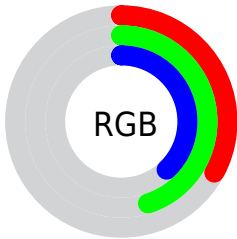
Format	Color
RYB	85, 107, 116
Decimal	5600353
CIELab	46.00, -15.47, 6.91
CIElCh	46, 16.943, 155.919
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2959, 0.3723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283790433 (0xFF557461)
YUV	104.5650, -3.7295, -17.1585
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -12.9453, 6.7114

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 16.943, 155.919$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $40, 17.236, 340.045$, and the grayscale version is $44, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 16.791, 156.803$, and $26, 16.886, 155.797$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 23.164, 154.922$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 10.615, 156.803$.

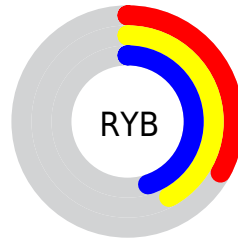
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (45%)

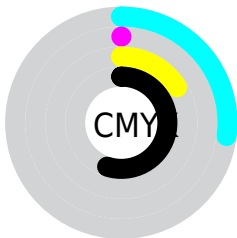
Blue (38%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (45%)

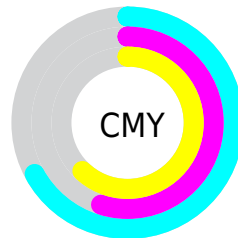


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (67%)


Magenta (55%)


Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 16.943, 155.919 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 16.943, 155.919 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 16.943,
155.919


 46, 16.943,
155.919


 100, 16.943,
155.919


 36, 16.943,
155.919

 66, 16.943,
155.919


 26, 16.943,
155.919

 76, 16.943,
155.919

 16, 16.943,
155.919


 86, 16.943,
155.919

 6, 16.943, 155.919

 96, 16.943,
155.919

 0, 16.943, 155.919

 46, 16.943,

 46, 16.943,

155.919

■ 45, 23.164,
154.922

■ 44, 29.182,
153.792

■ 44, 34.895,
152.509

■ 43, 40.203,
151.053

■ 43, 45.016,
149.414

■ 43, 49.270,
147.595

■ 42, 53.007,
145.691

■ 42, 54.183,
145.129

155.919

■ 47, 10.615,
156.803

■ 48, 4.259, 157.616

■ 49, 2.059, 338.134

■ 50, 8.290, 338.850

■ 52, 14.396,
339.431

■ 53, 20.352,
339.953

■ 55, 26.143,
340.432

■ 56, 31.761,
340.872

■ 58, 37.204,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 16.943, 155.919



40, 17.236, 340.045

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 16.943, 155.919



46, 16.943, 205.919



46, 16.943, 335.919



46, 16.943, 25.919

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 16.944, 155.918



61, 6.266, 157.497



47, 18.838, 123.585



32, 4.490, 157.395



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 16.944, 155.918



58, 25.041, 155.328



46, 12.072, 187.771



24, 3.597, 157.429



45, 56.494, 144.992



87, 98.528, 143.712

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 17.236, 340.045



49, 25.549, 340.573



39, 13.776, 12.333



23, 3.623, 338.633



26, 51.400, 350.668



55, 86.282, 352.412

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 16.943, 155.919 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 16.943, 155.919 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

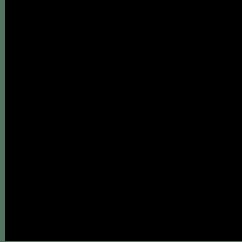
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 16.943, 155.919

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 16.943, 155.919.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 16.943, 155.919.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 16.943, 155.919

Protanopia

46, 9.248, 92.593

Deuteranopia

46, 8.545, 44.647



Tritanopia
46, 9.932, 231.357

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 16.943, 155.919

Protanomaly
46, 10.627, 127.375

Deuteranomaly
46, 6.510, 109.257

Tritanomaly
46, 10.005, 194.875

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 16.943, 155.919

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 6.181, 156.307

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 16.943, 155.919 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 116, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 116, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 116, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 116, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 16.943, 155.919 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 116, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 116, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 116, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 116, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 116, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 116,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 16.943, 155.919 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 116, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 116,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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