

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 17.882, 134.816)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 17.882, 134.816)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 17.882, 134.816)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F7257
RGB	95, 114, 87
RGB Percent	37%, 45%, 34%
CMY	0.6260, 0.5514, 0.6574
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.24, 0.55
HSL	102°, 13%, 40%
HSV	102°, 24%, 45%
XYZ	12.5544, 15.2687, 11.3810
YIQ	105.2410, -2.6570, -12.4250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

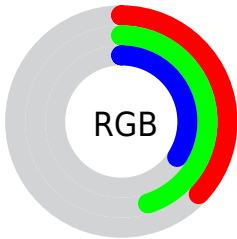
Format	Color
RYB	87, 114, 106
Decimal	6255191
CIELab	46.00, -12.60, 12.69
CIElCh	46, 17.882, 134.816
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3202, 0.3895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284445271 (0xFF5F7257)
YUV	105.2410, -8.9928, -8.9814
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -11.0315, 10.0838

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 17.882, 134.816$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $40, 18.182, 316.801$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 17.853, 134.647$, and $26, 17.689, 135.680$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 25.425, 134.306$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 10.291, 135.293$.

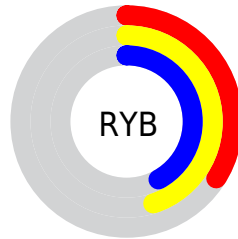
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (45%)

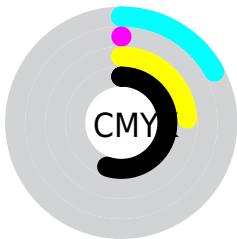
Blue (34%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (42%)

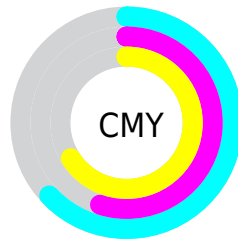


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (63%)


Magenta (55%)


Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 17.882, 134.816 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 17.882, 134.816 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 17.882,
134.816


 46, 17.882,
134.816


 100, 17.882,
134.816


 36, 17.882,
134.816

 66, 17.882,
134.816


 26, 17.882,
134.816

 76, 17.882,
134.816

 16, 17.882,
134.816


 86, 17.882,
134.816

 6, 17.882, 134.816

 96, 17.882,
134.816

 0, 17.882, 134.816

 46, 17.882,

 46, 17.882,

134.816

134.816

■ 45, 25.425,
134.306

■ 47, 10.291,
135.293

■ 44, 32.822,
133.772

■ 48, 2.720, 135.751

■ 44, 39.940,
133.245

■ 49, 4.780, 316.061

■ 43, 46.602,
132.777

■ 50, 12.172,
316.410

■ 43, 52.569,
132.445

■ 51, 19.432,
316.706

■ 42, 57.553,
132.354

■ 52, 26.543,
316.962

■ 42, 61.314,
132.590

■ 54, 33.496,
317.183

■ 42, 63.474,
132.659

■ 55, 40.285,
317.374

■ 56, 46.909,
317.538

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 17.882, 134.816



40, 18.182, 316.801

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 17.882, 134.816



46, 17.882, 184.816



46, 17.882, 314.816



46, 17.882, 4.816

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 17.883, 134.817



60, 6.509, 135.583



45, 11.777, 90.893



31, 4.203, 135.567



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 17.883, 134.817



58, 26.163, 134.561



46, 17.056, 148.928



23, 4.174, 135.502



44, 65.679, 132.726



86, 113.157, 133.442

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 18.182, 316.801



49, 26.694, 317.013



41, 17.127, 331.943



22, 4.206, 316.187



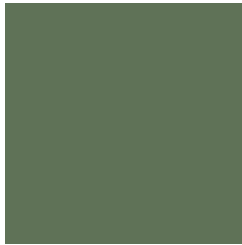
21, 68.334, 317.828



47, 117.053, 317.309

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 17.882, 134.816 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 17.882, 134.816 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

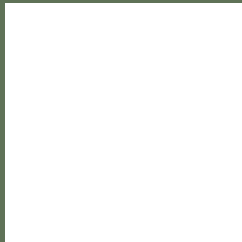
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 17.882, 134.816

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 17.882, 134.816.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 17.882, 134.816.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 17.882, 134.816

Protanopia

46, 14.494, 95.789

Deuteranopia

46, 13.329, 61.655



Tritanopia
46, 6.516, 254.588

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 17.882, 134.816

Protanomaly
46, 14.768, 113.212

Deuteranomaly
46, 12.222, 93.894

Tritanomaly
46, 6.410, 171.082

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 17.882, 134.816

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 6.643, 135.381

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 17.882, 134.816 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 114, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 114, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 114, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 114, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 17.882, 134.816 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 114, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 114, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 114, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 114, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 114, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 114,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 17.882, 134.816 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 114, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 114,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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