

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 18.834, 270.564)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 18.834, 270.564)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 18.847, 271.136)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A6E8C
RGB	90, 110, 140
RGB Percent	35%, 43%, 55%
CMY	0.6464, 0.5680, 0.4503
CMYK	0.36, 0.21, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	216°, 22%, 45%
HSV	216°, 36%, 55%
XYZ	14.5734, 15.2687, 27.0576
YIQ	107.4400, -21.5500, 5.0900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

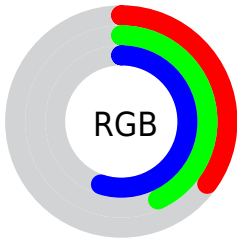
Format	Color
R _Y B	90, 104, 140
Decimal	5926540
CIE Lab	46.00, 0.37, -18.84
CIE LCh	46, 18.847, 271.136
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2561, 0.2683
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284116620 (0xFF5A6E8C)
YUV	107.4400, 16.0521, -15.2949
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -1.8086, -13.7028

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 18.847, 271.136$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336699 . A complement of this color would be $52, 19.603, 80.873$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 19.178, 272.546$, and $26, 18.781, 270.358$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 24.196, 273.383$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 13.526, 269.213$.

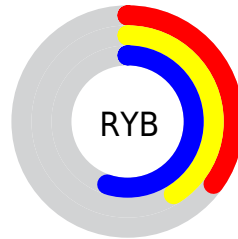
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (43%)

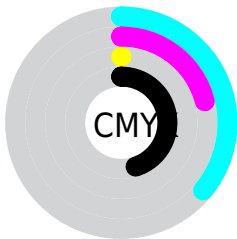
Blue (55%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (55%)

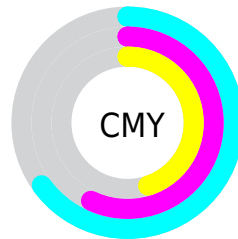


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 18.847, 271.136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 18.847, 271.136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 18.847,
271.136

■ 46, 18.847,
271.136

■ 100, 18.847,
271.136

■ 36, 18.847,
271.136

■ 66, 18.847,
271.136

■ 26, 18.847,
271.136

■ 76, 18.847,
271.136

■ 16, 18.847,
271.136

■ 86, 18.847,
271.136

■ 6, 18.847, 271.136

■ 96, 18.847,
271.136

■ 0, 18.847, 271.136

■ 46, 18.847,

■ 46, 18.847,

271.136

■ 43, 24.196,
273.383

■ 39, 29.587,
275.998

■ 36, 35.041,
279.005

■ 33, 40.591,
282.393

■ 30, 46.274,
286.097

■ 27, 52.103,
289.945

■ 26, 54.680,
291.477

271.136

■ 49, 13.526,
269.213

■ 53, 8.234, 267.576

■ 56, 2.974, 266.211

■ 60, 2.248, 84.819

■ 63, 7.426, 83.834

■ 67, 12.553, 82.926

■ 70, 17.623, 82.124

■ 74, 22.633, 81.414

■ 77, 27.579, 80.781

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 18.847, 271.136



52, 19.603, 80.873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 18.847, 271.136



46, 18.847, 321.136



46, 18.847, 91.136



46, 18.847, 141.136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 18.846, 271.135



69, 7.113, 266.932



54, 22.175, 165.959



36, 4.818, 267.097



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 18.846, 271.135



55, 28.057, 272.959



41, 30.517, 297.748



27, 2.917, 266.648



24, 52.230, 291.254



1, 1.351, 265.430

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 23.741, 353.124



53, 35.304, 354.293



57, 28.041, 111.294



27, 3.594, 350.164



27, 52.064, 10.103



0, 1.645, 349.416

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 18.847, 271.136 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 18.847, 271.136 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

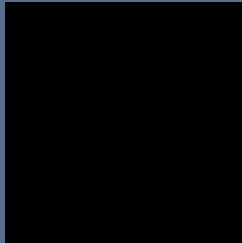
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

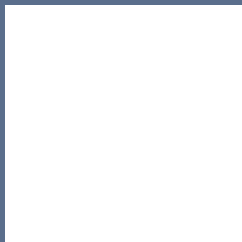
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 18.847, 271.136

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 18.847, 271.136.

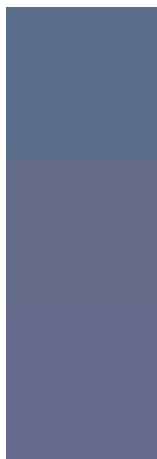


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 18.847, 271.136.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 18.847, 271.136

Protanopia

46, 17.935, 284.566

Deuteranopia

46, 20.251, 287.901



Tritanopia
46, 11.105, 227.442

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 18.847, 271.136

Protanomaly
46, 18.178, 279.116

Deuteranomaly
46, 19.816, 282.645

Tritanomaly
46, 13.021, 250.035

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 18.847, 271.136

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 7.018, 268.433

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 18.847, 271.136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 110, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 110, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 110, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 110, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 18.847, 271.136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 110, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 110, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 110, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 110, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 110, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 110,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 18.847, 271.136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 110, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 110,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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