

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 2.679, 244.735)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 2.679, 244.735) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 2.652, 241.638)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	696E71
RGB	105, 110, 113
RGB Percent	41%, 43%, 44%
CMY	0.5893, 0.5697, 0.5579
CMYK	0.07, 0.03, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	202°, 4%, 43%
HSV	202°, 7%, 44%
XYZ	14.3081, 15.2687, 17.7377
YIQ	108.8470, -3.9430, -0.1270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

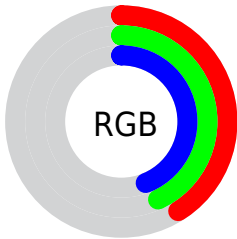
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 108, 113
Decimal	6909553
CIE Lab	46.00, -1.26, -2.33
CIE LCh	46, 2.652, 241.638
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3024, 0.3227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285099633 (0xFF696E71)
YUV	108.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -3.0202, 0.4385

Details

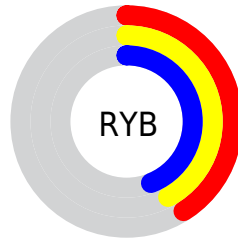
The CIELCh color $46, 2.652, 241.638$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 2.726, 60.079$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 2.770, 236.302$, and $26, 2.518, 230.530$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 6.292, 242.671$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 1.094, 60.286$.

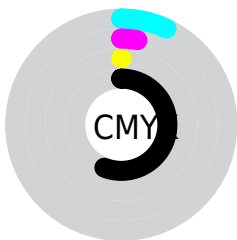
Distribution



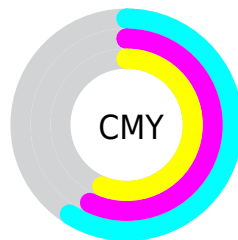
- Red (41%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 2.652, 241.638 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 2.652, 241.638 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 2.652, 241.638	 46, 2.652, 241.638
 100, 2.652, 241.638	 36, 2.652, 241.638
 66, 2.652, 241.638	 26, 2.652, 241.638
 76, 2.652, 241.638	 16, 2.652, 241.638
 86, 2.652, 241.638	 6, 2.652, 241.638
 96, 2.652, 241.638	 0, 2.652, 241.638

 46, 2.652, 241.638	 46, 2.652, 241.638
 44, 6.292, 242.671	 48, 1.094, 60.286
 42, 9.797, 244.021	 50, 4.922, 59.727

■ 40, 13.138,
245.677

■ 53, 8.808, 59.106

■ 38, 16.287,
247.697

■ 55, 12.735, 58.571

■ 36, 19.221,
250.148

■ 57, 16.687, 58.115

■ 34, 21.933,
253.098

■ 62, 24.617, 57.387

■ 32, 24.435,
256.598

■ 64, 28.578, 57.095

■ 31, 26.768,
260.660

■ 66, 32.525, 56.839

■ 29, 29.049,
265.038

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 2.652, 241.638



46, 2.726, 60.079

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 2.652, 241.638



46, 2.652, 291.638



46, 2.652, 61.638



46, 2.652, 111.638

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 2.652, 241.610



60, 0.930, 241.395



47, 4.450, 156.673



31, 0.533, 241.414



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 2.652, 241.610



58, 4.130, 241.806



45, 4.156, 284.897



22, 2.088, 241.784



30, 31.212, 266.594



62, 55.492, 269.722

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 4.451, 337.912



57, 6.968, 338.077



47, 4.104, 103.396



22, 3.521, 338.059



25, 50.963, 349.622



54, 86.132, 351.328

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 2.652, 241.638 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 2.652, 241.638 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

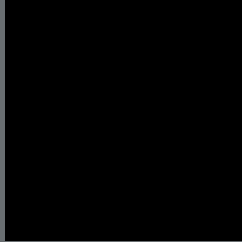
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

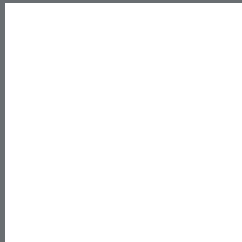
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 2.652, 241.638

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 2.652, 241.638.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 2.652, 241.638.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 2.652, 241.638

Protanopia

46, 2.527, 309.185

Deuteranopia

46, 6.554, 333.766



Tritanopia
46, 5.455, 278.458

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 2.652, 241.638

Protanomaly

46, 1.825, 277.698

Deuteranomaly

46, 4.845, 320.731

Tritanomaly

46, 4.306, 274.772

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 2.652, 241.638

Achromatopsia

46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

46, 1.000, 236.222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 2.652, 241.638 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 110, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 110, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 110, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 110, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 2.652, 241.638 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

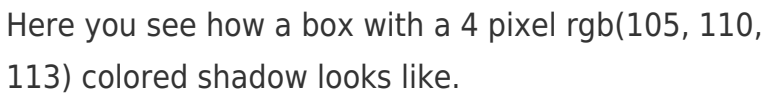
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 110, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 110, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 110, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 110, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 110, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 110,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 2.652, 241.638 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 110, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
110, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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