

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 21.539, 351.179)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 21.539, 351.179)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 21.543, 351.221)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D6073
RGB	141, 96, 115
RGB Percent	55%, 38%, 45%
CMY	0.4470, 0.6235, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.18, 0.45
HSL	335°, 19%, 46%
HSV	335°, 32%, 55%
XYZ	18.2646, 15.2687, 18.2067
YIQ	111.6210, 20.7210, 15.4490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

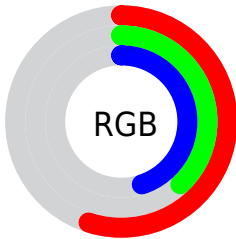
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 96, 115
Decimal	9265267
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, 21.29, -3.29
CIE _{LCh}	46, 21.543, 351.221
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3530, 0.2951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287455347 (0xFF8D6073)
YUV	111.6210, 1.6658, 25.7654
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 15.0534, -0.2731

Details

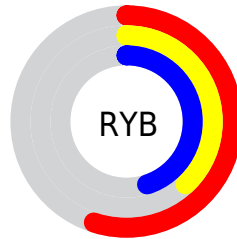
The CIELCh color $[46, 21.543, 351.221]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $[55, 20.381, 165.061]$, and the grayscale version is $[47, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[66, 21.470, 350.791]$, and $[26, 21.473, 351.660]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[42, 28.357, 352.540]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[50, 14.667, 350.084]$.

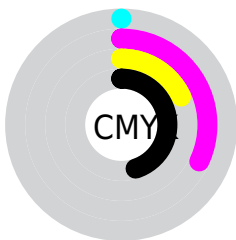
Distribution



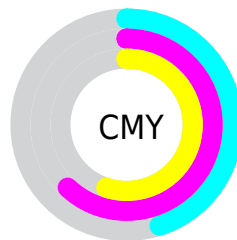
- Red (55%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (45%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 21.543, 351.221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 21.543, 351.221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 21.543,
351.221


 46, 21.543,
351.221


 100, 21.543,
351.221


 36, 21.543,
351.221

 66, 21.543,
351.221


 26, 21.543,
351.221

 76, 21.543,
351.221

 16, 21.543,
351.221

 86, 21.543,
351.221

 6, 21.543, 351.221

 96, 21.543,
351.221

 0, 21.543, 351.221

 46, 21.543,

 46, 21.543,

351.221

351.221

42, 28.357,
352.540

50, 14.667,
350.084

39, 34.906,
354.099

54, 7.874, 349.071

36, 40.911,
355.988

58, 1.248, 347.960

62, 5.165, 167.498

34, 46.048,
358.327

66, 11.346,
166.739

32, 50.022, 1.266

70, 17.291,
166.067

30, 52.680, 4.968

75, 23.009,

29, 54.349, 8.309

165.454

79, 28.511,
164.889

83, 33.813,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 21.543, 351.221



55, 20.381, 165.061

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 21.543, 351.221



46, 21.543, 41.221



46, 21.543, 171.221



46, 21.543, 221.221

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 21.541, 351.223



70, 8.180, 348.906



45, 28.570, 312.767



36, 5.570, 349.026



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 21.541, 351.223



56, 31.892, 352.110



46, 18.623, 27.124



28, 3.756, 348.807



28, 52.693, 8.094



1, 2.504, 348.065

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 21.541, 351.223



56, 31.892, 352.110



55, 14.955, 204.675



28, 3.756, 348.807



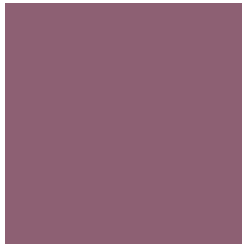
28, 52.693, 8.094



1, 2.504, 348.065

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 21.543, 351.221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

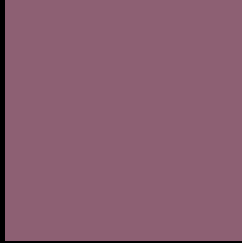
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 21.543, 351.221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

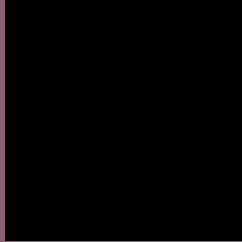
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 21.543, 351.221

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 21.543, 351.221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 21.543, 351.221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 21.543, 351.221

Protanopia

46, 8.923, 288.931

Deuteranopia

46, 6.450, 340.126



Tritanopia
46, 18.325, 8.985

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 21.543, 351.221

Protanomaly
46, 11.292, 323.387

Deuteranomaly
46, 12.154, 345.224

Tritanomaly
46, 19.325, 0.734

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 21.543, 351.221

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 8.137, 349.877

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 21.543, 351.221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 96, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 96, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 96, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 96, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 21.543, 351.221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 96, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 96, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 96, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 96, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 96, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 96,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 21.543, 351.221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 96, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 96,  
115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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