

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 24.262, 117.067)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 24.262, 117.067)
contains.

CIELCh(46, 24.198, 116.469)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(46, 24.198, 116.469)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	687148
RGB	104, 113, 72
RGB Percent	41%, 44%, 28%
CMY	0.5915, 0.5562, 0.7170
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.36, 0.56
HSL	73°, 22%, 36%
HSV	73°, 36%, 44%
XYZ	12.8253, 15.2687, 8.4280
YIQ	105.6350, 7.7970, -14.6590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

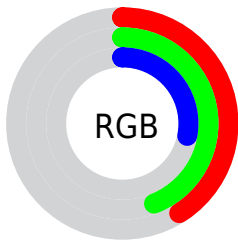
Format	Color
RYB	72, 113, 81
Decimal	6844744
CIELab	46.00, -10.79, 21.66
CIELCh	46, 24.198, 116.469
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3512, 0.4181
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285034824 (0xFF687148)
YUV	105.6350, -16.5821, -1.4339
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -9.7940, 14.5645

Details

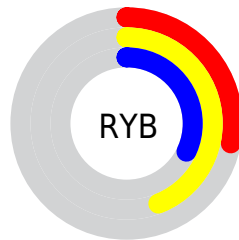
The CIELCh color $46, 24.198, 116.469$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $33, 26.142, 301.574$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 24.334, 116.389$, and $26, 24.217, 116.225$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 30.575, 115.880$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 17.630, 117.097$.

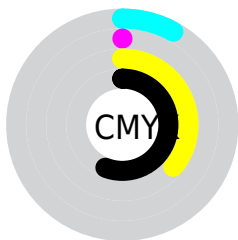
Distribution



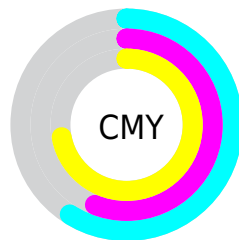
- Red (41%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 24.198, 116.469 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 24.198, 116.469 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 24.198,
116.469

 46, 24.198,
116.469


 100, 24.198,
116.469

 36, 24.198,
116.469

 66, 24.198,
116.469


 26, 24.198,
116.469

 76, 24.198,
116.469

 16, 24.198,
116.469

 86, 24.198,
116.469

 6, 24.198, 116.469

 96, 24.198,
116.469

 0, 24.198, 116.469

 46, 24.198,

 46, 24.198,

116.469

116.469

■ 46, 30.575,
115.880

■ 46, 17.630,
117.097

■ 45, 36.637,
115.359

■ 47, 10.948,
117.733

■ 45, 42.211,
114.958

■ 47, 4.210, 118.364

■ 45, 47.060,
114.747

■ 48, 2.547, 298.966

■ 48, 9.295, 299.555

■ 44, 50.904,
114.807

■ 49, 16.014,
300.111

■ 44, 53.706,
115.147

■ 50, 22.691,
300.636

■ 44, 54.753,
115.259

■ 50, 29.312,
301.127

■ 51, 35.871,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 24.198, 116.469



33, 26.142, 301.574

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 24.198, 116.469



46, 24.198, 166.469



46, 24.198, 296.469



46, 24.198, 346.469

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 24.199, 116.471



61, 9.242, 118.046



38, 16.067, 40.937



31, 6.169, 117.984



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 24.199, 116.471



59, 35.494, 116.000



45, 27.248, 134.559



23, 3.768, 118.191



47, 57.062, 115.330



91, 97.750, 115.979

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 26.142, 301.574



40, 39.147, 302.369



35, 27.905, 317.731



21, 3.839, 299.324



13, 74.918, 307.717



33, 128.709, 307.304

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 24.198, 116.469 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 24.198, 116.469 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

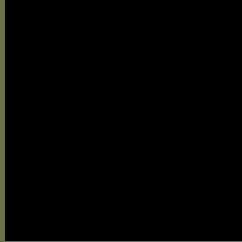
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

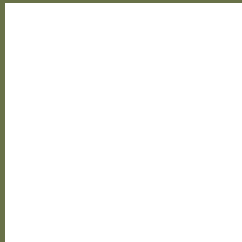
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 24.198, 116.469

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 24.198, 116.469.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 24.198, 116.469.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 24.198, 116.469

Protanopia

46, 23.218, 96.625

Deuteranopia

46, 21.680, 73.815



Tritanopia
46, 4.838, 300.322

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 24.198, 116.469

Protanomaly
46, 23.340, 104.648

Deuteranomaly
46, 21.088, 89.494

Tritanomaly
46, 5.979, 117.416

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 24.198, 116.469

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 9.056, 119.760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 24.198, 116.469 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 113, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 113, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 113, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 113, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 24.198, 116.469 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 113, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 113, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 113, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 113, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 113, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 113,  
72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 24.198, 116.469 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 113, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
113, 72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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