

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 24.694, 21.575)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(46, 24.694, 21.575) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(46, 24.720, 21.430)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	965E5F
RGB	150, 94, 95
RGB Percent	59%, 37%, 37%
CMY	0.4124, 0.6320, 0.6281
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.37, 0.41
HSL	359°, 23%, 48%
HSV	359°, 37%, 59%
XYZ	18.5933, 15.2687, 12.7570
YIQ	110.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

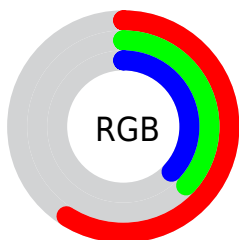
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">150, 94, 95</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9854559</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">46.00, 23.01, 9.03</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">46, 24.720, 21.430</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">15.2687, 0.3988, 0.3275</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288044639</a> (0xFF965E5F)
YUV	<a href="#">110.8580, -7.8180, 34.3275</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">39.0751, 16.5548, 7.9960</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **46, 24.720, 21.430** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **58, 19.321, 195.942**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 24.865, 21.855**, and **26, 24.576, 21.837** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 32.302, 23.089**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 17.493, 20.148**.

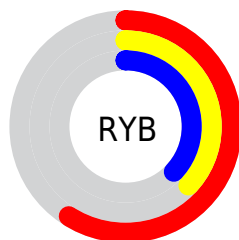
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (37%)

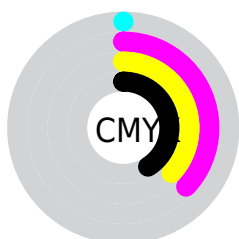
Blue (37%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (37%)

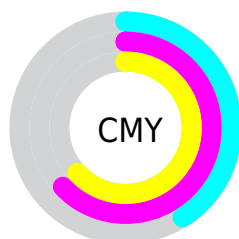


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 24.720, 21.430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 24.720, 21.430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 46, 24.720, 21.430

 46, 24.720, 21.430

 100, 24.720,  
21.430

 36, 24.720, 21.430

 66, 24.720, 21.430

 26, 24.720, 21.430

 76, 24.720, 21.430

 16, 24.720, 21.430

 86, 24.720, 21.430

 6, 24.720, 21.430

 96, 24.720, 21.430

 0, 24.720, 21.430

 46, 24.720, 21.430

 46, 24.720, 21.430

 42, 32.302, 23.089

 50, 17.493, 20.148

 39, 40.101, 25.219

 54, 10.703, 19.137

 36, 47.906, 27.920

 59, 4.372, 18.294


 33, 55.442, 31.209

 63, 1.507, 198.068


 32, 62.313, 34.868


 68, 6.964, 197.337


 31, 67.798, 38.063

 72, 12.037,  
196.902

 31, 69.099, 38.714

 77, 16.767,  
196.555

 81, 21.193,  
196.269

 86, 25.352,  
196.030

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 24.720, 21.430



58, 19.321, 195.942

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 24.720, 21.430



46, 24.720, 71.430



46, 24.720, 201.430



46, 24.720, 251.430

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 24.718, 21.434



72, 8.174, 18.610



48, 38.220, 325.425



37, 5.501, 18.710



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 24.718, 21.434



55, 37.697, 22.818



53, 20.315, 67.412



29, 3.342, 18.445



28, 64.540, 38.223



1, 2.830, 17.918





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 24.718, 21.434



55, 37.697, 22.818



51, 17.926, 257.655



29, 3.342, 18.445



28, 64.540, 38.223

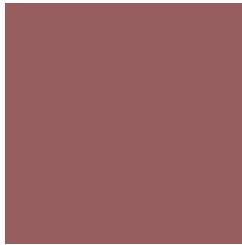


1, 2.830, 17.918



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 24.720, 21.430 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

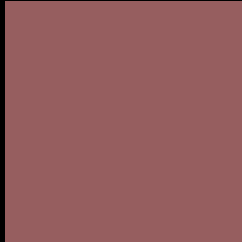
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 24.720, 21.430 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

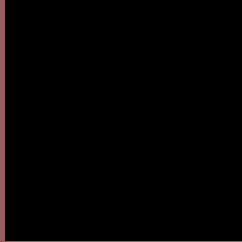
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 46, 24.720, 21.430**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 24.720, 21.430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 24.720, 21.430.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46, 24.720, 21.430

### Protanopia

46, 3.914, 84.312

### Deuteranopia

46, 11.725, 57.220



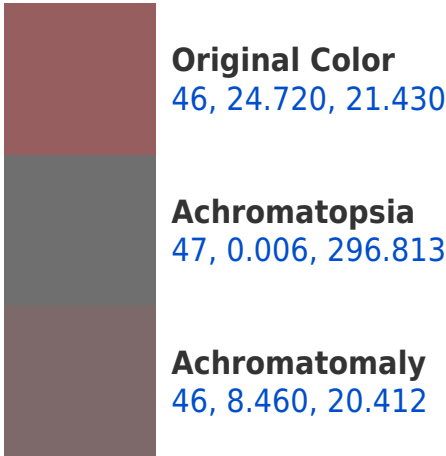
**Tritanopia**  
46, 24.948, 13.567



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 24.720, 21.430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 94, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 94, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 94, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 94, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 24.720, 21.430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 94, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 94, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 94, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 94, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 94, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 94,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 24.720, 21.430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 94, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 94,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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