

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 24.838, 143.232)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 24.838, 143.232)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 24.838, 143.232)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	527553
RGB	82, 117, 83
RGB Percent	32%, 46%, 33%
CMY	0.6768, 0.5394, 0.6729
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.29, 0.54
HSL	122°, 18%, 39%
HSV	122°, 30%, 46%
XYZ	11.5063, 15.2687, 10.6083
YIQ	102.6590, -9.9460, -17.9940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

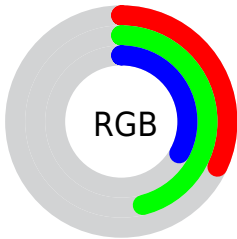
Format	Color
RYB	82, 116, 117
Decimal	5403987
CIELab	46.00, -19.90, 14.87
CIElCh	46, 24.838, 143.232
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3078, 0.4084
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283594067 (0xFF527553)
YUV	102.6590, -9.6919, -18.1179
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -15.8194, 11.2563

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 24.838, 143.232$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336633 . A complement of this color would be $40, 24.843, 326.768$, and the grayscale version is $44, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 24.594, 143.761$, and $26, 24.409, 143.556$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 33.005, 142.349$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 16.505, 144.002$.

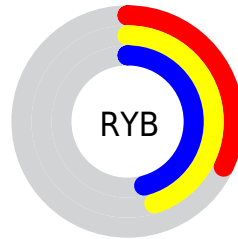
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (46%)

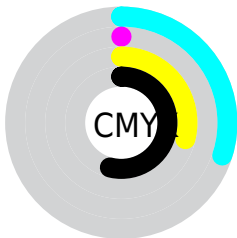
Blue (33%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (46%)

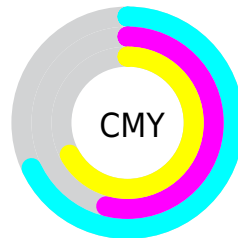


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 24.838, 143.232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 24.838, 143.232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 24.838,
143.232


 46, 24.838,
143.232


 100, 24.838,
143.232


 36, 24.838,
143.232

 66, 24.838,
143.232


 26, 24.838,
143.232

 76, 24.838,
143.232

 16, 24.838,
143.232

 86, 24.838,
143.232

 6, 24.838, 143.232

 96, 24.838,
143.232

 0, 24.838, 143.232

 46, 24.838,

 46, 24.838,

143.232

143.232

■ 45, 33.005,
142.349

■ 47, 16.505,
144.002

■ 44, 40.829,
141.353

■ 48, 8.139, 144.672

■ 44, 48.102,
140.262

■ 49, 0.156, 324.064

■ 51, 8.307, 325.674

■ 43, 54.572,
139.123

■ 52, 16.264,
326.096

■ 43, 59.962,
138.021

■ 54, 23.997,
326.451

■ 43, 63.995,
137.072

■ 56, 31.489,
326.755

■ 43, 66.851,
136.420

■ 57, 38.733,
327.017

■ 43, 66.903,
136.408

■ 59, 45.733,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 24.838, 143.232



40, 24.843, 326.768

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 24.838, 143.232



46, 24.838, 193.232



46, 24.838, 323.232



46, 24.838, 13.232

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 24.839, 143.232



62, 9.263, 144.709



49, 20.305, 108.165



32, 6.403, 144.635



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 24.839, 143.232



58, 37.134, 142.617



46, 17.236, 161.921



24, 4.659, 144.722



44, 68.945, 136.390



86, 117.506, 136.174

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 24.843, 326.768



49, 37.100, 327.132



39, 17.906, 347.223



23, 4.667, 325.657



28, 65.707, 329.349



59, 111.267, 329.413

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 24.838, 143.232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 24.838, 143.232 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

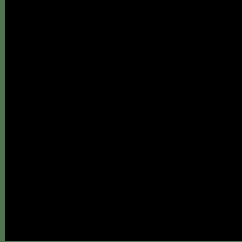
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 24.838, 143.232

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 24.838, 143.232.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 24.838, 143.232.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 24.838, 143.232

Protanopia

46, 17.586, 94.365

Deuteranopia

46, 14.982, 65.068



Tritanopia
46, 10.224, 230.286

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 24.838, 143.232

Protanomaly
46, 17.899, 117.620

Deuteranomaly
46, 14.182, 104.602

Tritanomaly
46, 11.773, 177.342

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 24.838, 143.232

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
44, 8.773, 143.838

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 24.838, 143.232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 117, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 117, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 117, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 117, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 24.838, 143.232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 117, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 117, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 117, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 117, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 117, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 117,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 24.838, 143.232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 117, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 117,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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