

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 25.497, 308.775)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 25.497, 308.775)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 25.487, 309.201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78658E
RGB	120, 101, 142
RGB Percent	47%, 40%, 56%
CMY	0.5292, 0.6037, 0.4429
CMYK	0.15, 0.29, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	268°, 17%, 48%
HSV	268°, 29%, 56%
XYZ	17.2981, 15.2687, 27.6476
YIQ	111.3550, -1.8370, 16.7790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

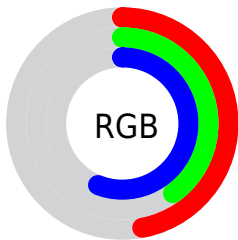
Format	Color
R _Y B	120, 101, 142
Decimal	7890318
CIE Lab	46.00, 16.11, -19.75
CIE LCh	46, 25.487, 309.201
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2873, 0.2536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286080398 (0xFF78658E)
YUV	111.3550, 15.1080, 7.5817
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 10.6385, -14.5980

Details

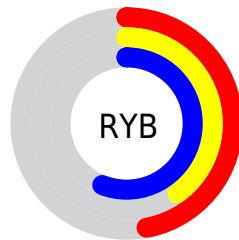
The CIELCh color $46, 25.487, 309.201$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $57, 24.432, 126.450$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 25.636, 309.354$, and $26, 25.780, 309.276$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 34.711, 309.765$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 16.434, 308.666$.

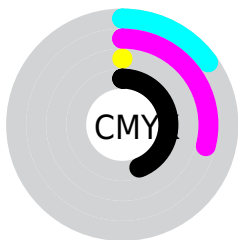
Distribution



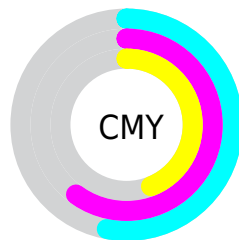
- Red (47%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (44%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 25.487, 309.201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 25.487, 309.201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 25.487,
309.201


 46, 25.487,
309.201


 100, 25.487,
309.201


 36, 25.487,
309.201

 66, 25.487,
309.201


 26, 25.487,
309.201

 76, 25.487,
309.201

 16, 25.487,
309.201

 86, 25.487,
309.201

 6, 25.487, 309.201

 96, 25.487,
309.201

 0, 25.487, 309.201

 46, 25.487,

 46, 25.487,

309.201

42, 34.711,
309.765

37, 44.004,
310.337

33, 53.172,
310.881

29, 61.896,
311.336

26, 69.698,
311.616

23, 75.958,
311.611

21, 80.620,
311.349

20, 81.166,
311.334

309.201

50, 16.434,
308.666

55, 7.613, 308.168

60, 0.954, 127.819

64, 9.260, 127.342

69, 17.307,
126.984

73, 25.105,
126.672

78, 32.664,
126.399

82, 39.996,
126.162

86, 47.115,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 25.487, 309.201



57, 24.432, 126.450

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 25.487, 309.201



46, 25.487, 359.201



46, 25.487, 129.201



46, 25.487, 179.201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 25.486, 309.201



70, 9.536, 308.183



51, 13.195, 253.946



36, 6.615, 308.246



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 25.486, 309.201



55, 38.414, 309.586



48, 28.266, 324.526



28, 4.873, 308.183



19, 78.240, 311.386



0, 3.250, 307.778

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 20.926, 344.195



58, 31.304, 344.908



55, 28.189, 141.313



28, 4.050, 342.402



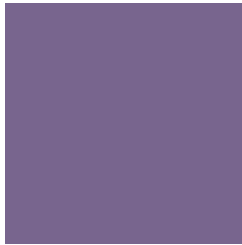
28, 53.474, 357.493



1, 2.708, 341.728

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 25.487, 309.201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 25.487, 309.201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

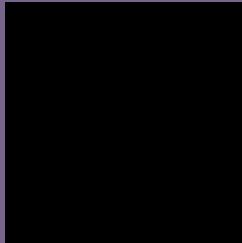
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 25.487, 309.201

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 25.487, 309.201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 25.487, 309.201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 25.487, 309.201

Protanopia

46, 23.299, 284.854

Deuteranopia

46, 20.231, 288.887



Tritanopia
46, 6.741, 327.716

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 25.487, 309.201

Protanomaly
46, 23.830, 294.227

Deuteranomaly
46, 21.520, 296.899

Tritanomaly
46, 13.560, 313.791

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 25.487, 309.201

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 9.372, 308.439

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 25.487, 309.201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 101, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 101, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 101, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 101, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 25.487, 309.201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 101, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 101, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 101, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 101, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 101, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 101,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 25.487, 309.201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 101, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
101, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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